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(12) **United States Patent
Ochiai**(10) **Patent No.: US 9,453,212 B2**(45) **Date of Patent: Sep. 27, 2016**(54) **PHOSPHATIDIC ACID PHOSPHATASE GENE
AND USE THEREOF**

FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

(75) Inventor: **Misa Ochiai**, Osaka (JP)WO 2009/008466 A1 1/2009
WO WO 2009/008466 A1 * 1/2009
WO 2009/143398 11/2009(73) Assignee: **SUNTORY HOLDINGS LIMITED**,
Osaka (JP)

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(*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this
patent is extended or adjusted under 35
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2005.(65) **Prior Publication Data**

US 2012/0309950 A1 Dec. 6, 2012

Han et al., "The *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* Lipin Homolog Is a
Mg²⁺-dependent Phosphatidate Phosphatase Enzyme" *J. Biol.
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Dec. 28, 2009 (JP) 2009-298551

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Phosphatidate Phosphatase" *J. Biol. Chem.* 281(45):34537-48,
2006.(51) **Int. Cl.****C07H 21/04** (2006.01)**C12P 21/02** (2006.01)**C12P 7/64** (2006.01)**C12N 9/16** (2006.01)**C12N 15/63** (2006.01)**C12N 5/10** (2006.01)**C12N 1/15** (2006.01)**C12N 1/19** (2006.01)**C12N 1/21** (2006.01)**C12N 15/82** (2006.01)Han et al., "The Cellular Functions of the Yeast Lipin Homolog
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(2013.01); **C12P 7/6463** (2013.01); **C12Y**
301/03004 (2013.01); **Y02P 20/52** (2015.11)Carman et al., "Phosphatidic Acid Phosphatase, a Key Enzyme in
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2009.(58) **Field of Classification Search**

None

See application file for complete search history.

International Search Report for PCT/JP2010/073565, dated Feb. 1,
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Primary Examiner — Xiaozhen Xie(74) *Attorney, Agent, or Firm* — Greenblum & Bernstein,
P.L.C.(57) **ABSTRACT**The present invention provides phosphatidic acid phos-
phatase cDNAs and recombinant vectors comprising nucleic
acids encoding proteins having phosphatidic acid phos-
phatase activity wherein 100 amino acids at the N-terminal
region and DXDX(T/V) catalytic site motif are conserved in
the protein.**5 Claims, 19 Drawing Sheets**

Figure 1-1

1 100
PAH1.1-genome ATGCAGTCCGTGGGAAGCTTCTTCTCCACTGTCTCAAGCTTCTACAATGAGCTCAATCCAGCCACGCTTTCGGGCGCCATTGACGTGGTGGTGGTGGAGG
PAH1.1-ORF ATGCAGTCCGTGGGAAGCTTCTTCTCCACTGTCTCAAGCTTCTACAATGAGCTCAATCCAGCCACGCTTTCGGGCGCCATTGACGTGGTGGTGGTGGAGG

101 200
PAH1.1-genome AAGCCGATGGTGAATTAGCATGCTCACCATTTCATGTCCGCTTTGGCAAACAGCATTCTCCGACCGCAGGAAAAAGTGGTAAGCTTTGCCTGTCTCTCA
PAH1.1-ORF AAGCCGATGGTGAATTAGCATGCTCACCATTTCATGTCCGCTTTGGCAAACAGCATTCTCCGACCGCAGGAAAAAGTGGT-----

201 300
PAH1.1-genome CCTCCAAGCATATCGGTACCCGAGACGACCCTTGCTATTGCCCTCTTCAAACCTTGCCGACTGAAATGCGTTTCCTGGTCTAAAGTGACTCCGTCGC
PAH1.1-ORF -----

301 400
PAH1.1-genome GCATGTCCGCTCCACATCAATAAGCTCTGATACATGGTCAAATAAAGCTCCTCGACGGCTTCTTTAGGTGGAGGTGACCGTCAACGGTCCGGTGGTGGAT
PAH1.1-ORF -----GGAGGTGACCGTCAACGGTCCGGTGGTGGAT

401 500
PAH1.1-genome TTTCCATGAAGGTTGGCGATGCAGGCGAAGCCTTCTTTGTTTTGAGACTGAGCAGGACGTGCCCGAAGAGTTTCCACGTCTCCACTAGCGGGACCGCA
PAH1.1-ORF TTTCCATGAAGGTTGGCGATGCAGGCGAAGCCTTCTTTGTTTTGAGACTGAGCAGGACGTGCCCGAAGAGTTTCCACGTCTCCACTAGCGGGACCGCA

501 600
PAH1.1-genome ACACAGACAAAGTTGAGGAGGACATTGACTATCTGGATCTAGCCGAAGGGCATAGCACCGTGACATATCCGCTGACCATATAGTAAATCAGCAGCTTG
PAH1.1-ORF ACACAGACAAAGTTGAGGAGGACATTGACTATCTGGATCTAGCCGAAGGGCATAGCACCGTGACATATCCGCTGACCATATAG-----

601 700
PAH1.1-genome TATCATGCTGCTGAGACATGCGGAACGCGCGGAATCCGTCCTCGCAAGGTTGTCGCTACTTACATAATACTACGCCCATCCACAGTCTTAGATGCG
PAH1.1-ORF -----TCTTAGATGCG

701 800
PAH1.1-genome GGGTATGTGACGCCCGCACAGTGGGCGATGGATCAGAGTTTGAAGAAGACGAGACAGCAGACTTGTGCGCTGAATTTGACAAAAAGCCAGATTACGCATCCG
PAH1.1-ORF GGGTATGTGACGCCCGCACAGTGGGCGATGGATCAGAGTTTGAAGAAGACGAGACAGCAGACTTGTGCGCTGAATTTGACAAAAAGCCAGATTACGCATCCG

801 900
PAH1.1-genome CGGTCAAAATACGGCGGTACAAATGGACAAGGGAGACACCTAGGCAGTGTCTAATGAGGCAACAACGTCTGTACATGCTTTTCATGGAGCGGCAAGTTCAACG
PAH1.1-ORF CGGTCAAAATACGGCGGTACAAATGGACAAGGGAGACACCTAGGCAGTGTCTAATGAGGCAACAACGTCTGTACATGCTTTTCATGGAGCGGCAAGTTCAACG

901 1000
PAH1.1-genome ATGGTCGCTTACCATGTCCCTACCCCTCTCCGCTGTTAAAGTCTCGCGACATTATGGAGAAGTTTCAGCCTATTGACTCGCGCGGCCCTTTTGATAAT
PAH1.1-ORF ATGGTCGCTTACCATGTCCCTACCCCTCTCCGCTGTTAAAGTCTCGCGACATTATGGAGAAGTTTCAGCCTATTGACTCGCGCGGCCCTTTTGATAAT

1001 1100
PAH1.1-genome AGTCCAGAGGATTCTGGAGCGCTGCTCGCGCCAGACACTATCGCGTTAGCAATGGAGGACGAGTGGATCTCTGTTTCATCCTAAGGAGGGCATGATAA
PAH1.1-ORF AGTCCAGAGGATTCTGGAGCGCTGCTCGCGCCAGACACTATCGCGTTAGCAATGGAGGACGAGTGGATCTCTGTTTCATCCTAAGGAGGGCATGATAA

1101 1200
PAH1.1-genome TGGACATGACTGGCTACAAGACCCAGGACTCTGACCTGAATTCGATGCGTCTGATGAACATGATGTAGGCATGGCTGGCGCTTTGAATGGTCGCCATCG
PAH1.1-ORF TGGACATGACTGGCTACAAGACCCAGGACTCTGACCTGAATTCGATGCGTCTGATGAACATGATGTAGGCATGGCTGGCGCTTTGAATGGTCGCCATCG

1201 1300
PAH1.1-genome CCGCAAAAGGGTCTCTCGCGGAAAAGGACAGCGCGCTGCATGGCGTCAACTCTCAAGACAACCTGGCCACTGAAACTCCCTCAATTACAGCGCATGTC
PAH1.1-ORF CCGCAAAAGGGTCTCTCGCGGAAAAGGAGAGGGCGGTGCATGGCGTCAACTCTCAAGACAACCTGGCCACTGAAACTCCCTCAATTACAGCGCATGTC

1301 1400
PAH1.1-genome CTCAGCAGTCTCGACCCCTGGCTTGGCGTTGGGACCTACTCGCGGACCTGCTCTACGCCCAAGCTAACAACGGGTTGGCCACTCTACCGAATCGCCGTT
PAH1.1-ORF CTCAGCAGTCTCGACCCCTGGCTTGGCGTTGGGACCTACTCGCGGACCTGCTCTACGCCCAAGCTAACAACGGGTTGGCCACTCTACCGAATCGCCGTT

Figure 1-2

1401 1500
PAH1. 1-genome C G T C A T C G A T G C C G A A T C T T A A G A T T T C G T A G G T A A G A G G T C C A A T G G A C T G T C A A A C A A C A A G G T G G T A A T G A T C A G C A A G T C C A G G C A G T A G G C
PAH1. 1-ORF C G T C A T C G A T G C C G A A T C T T A A G A T T T C G T A G G T -----

1501 1600
PAH1. 1-genome T G A C T C G A G G C A A C C C A T A A C T C G C G T T A T A G G T G A C A A T A A C A G T T T G T C G C C A A G C G T G C C G G C A T A A T G C G A C G T T T C C T T C G A A G A G T T A A A
PAH1. 1-ORF ----- G A C A A T A A C A G T T T G T C G C C A A G C G T G C C G G C A T A A T G C G A C G T T T C C T T C G A A G A G T T A A A

1601 1700
PAH1. 1-genome C T C A A A G T T T T C C G C A A G A G C A C A T C A A A G A T G G G A C C A G T T C A A G C A G C T C C G T A G C C T C C T C G C C T C C A C C G T C A G T T G C C A A C C A G C A G A G C C C T
PAH1. 1-ORF C T C A A A G T T T T C C G C A A G A G C A C A T C A A A G A T G G G A C C A G T T C A A G C A G C T C C G T A G C C T C C T C G C C T C C A C C G T C A G T T G C C A A C C A G C A G A G C C C T

1701 1800
PAH1. 1-genome A A A A C C G C C A C C A T C A C C A T C A T C A C C A C A A G A G C A C C G A A G G A A G C C A T C C C G T C G C C A C T C G C A C A A C C T T C A C A G C A A G T C A A G T G A A A
PAH1. 1-ORF A A A A C C G C C A C C A T C A C C A T C A T C A C C A C A A G A G C A C C G A A G G A A G C C A T C C C G T C G C C A C T C G C A C A A C C T T C A C A G C A A G T C A A G T G A A A

1801 1900
PAH1. 1-genome A A C C C C G C C C A G A T C C A A T C C A G C T G T T A A T G C C T C A G C C A T A C G G A G C T C G A G T T A G T G T C C A T T C A T C A A T A G T T C G T T C T T A A A G T G A C A A T G
PAH1. 1-ORF A A C C C C G C C C A G A T C C A A T C C A G C T G T T A A T G C C T C A G C C A T A C G G A G C T C G A G -----

1901 2000
PAH1. 1-genome C C C A T A T C T C A T G C C T G T C A G T A C C G T C T T C A T G A T T G A A A T A G T A T C A A A C G C C G C A A C A A C A G C A G C T A C T C A A G A A T C A G A G T G G T C C T G G G A T
PAH1. 1-ORF ----- T A T C A A A C G C C G C A A C A A C A G C A G C T A C T C A A G A A T C A G A G T G G T C C T G G G A T

2001 2100
PAH1. 1-genome G G G C C A G C T T A C C G G T T A A A A T G A C G G T C T A G G C A C A G G G A A G C A G A T C A C A A G A G C A T C A C T C T A G T C A T C C A T C A A T C G A C A T T C C A G C C C A C G
PAH1. 1-ORF G G G C C A G C T T A C C G G T T A A A A T G A C G G T C T A G G C A C A G G G A A G C A G A T C A C A A G A G C A T C A C T C T A G T C A T C C A T C A A T C G A C A T T C C A G C C C A C G

2101 2200
PAH1. 1-genome G A A A C C T G T G T T G A A C C A G A T C G A G A T T G A C G G A C T G T G T A C A G A C T C G C C A T C A G C T T G T G T C C G G G T G A T G A A T T C G G A A A A G A T T T G T A C G T C T G
PAH1. 1-ORF G A A A C C T G T G T T G A A C C A G A T C G A G A T T G A C G G A C T G T G T A C A G A C T C G C C A T C A G C T T G T G T C C G G G T G A T G A A T T C G G A A A A G A T T T G -----

2201 2300
PAH1. 1-genome C T T C A A G T A A C G A A A T A A T G G T T A C G G C A T G G A C A A A A T A T G A A C A G C A A G C C G T A A C C T G T T C T A C T T T G G T G A G G G T C C G C A G A A G C C A G C G
PAH1. 1-ORF ----- A A G C C A G C G

2301 2400
PAH1. 1-genome A A G C A T T G T T T G C C A C C A A T C A G G T T C G T T C G A T G A G T T C G C G A A A G A C C C A C T C A A G A C T C T C A A T A A C A A G A A T T T G G T C T G C C T G A T C A A T G A C C G
PAH1. 1-ORF A A G C A T T G T T T G C C A C C A A T C A G G T T C G T T C G A T G A G T T C G C G A A A G A C C C A C T C A A G A C T C T C A A T A A C A A G A A T T T G G T C T G C C T G A T C A A T G A C C G

2401 2500
PAH1. 1-genome G T A C A G A A G T C T A C T G G C A T T C A T G C A T G G G A C T C A A G G C G T G C A T C C C A T T A A G C A G T G T G T C A A T T G A T T T G T T C C G T A G G T A T T T A C T T G G A
PAH1. 1-ORF G T A ----- T T T A C T T G G A

2501 2600
PAH1. 1-genome C A G T C G C G G A C C A T A T C T T T C C T C A C T G A T G C T C T T C C G A A G C C T C T C T G A C G A A A C G C T C C A T C A G C T T T C A G C C A A G G A C T C G C G C A T C A T C
PAH1. 1-ORF C A G T C G C G G A C C A T A T C T T T C C T C A C T G A T G C T C T T C C G A A G C C T C T C T G A C G A A A C G C T C C A T C A G C T T T C A G C C A A G G A C T C G C G C A T C A T C

2601 2700
PAH1. 1-genome A G A T C G A C T C G C T G T C A A G A T G A G C C C C A A C C G T T T C G G C G C T C T C T C A G A T G G C T A A G G G A T C A C A A C C T C G T C C C A A T T G A G C C G A T G G A G
PAH1. 1-ORF A G A T C G A C T C G C T G T C A A G A T G A G C C C C A A C C G T T T C G G C G C T C T C T C A G A T G G C T A A G G G A T C A C A A C C T C G T C C C A A T T G A G C C G A T G G A G

2701 2800
PAH1. 1-genome C A A G G C A A A G A C A A C G T A C T C C C A G T A C C A A C G A T G C C T T G C A G C C T G C T C A G T T A G A G A G G T A C A T G A A A T C C T C T T T A T T C A A A A G C C C G A G A
PAH1. 1-ORF C A A G G C A A A G A C A A C G T A C T C C C A G T A C C A A C G A T G C C T T G C A G C C T G C T C A G T T A G A G A G -----

Figure 1-3

2801 2900
PAH1.1-genome TGCAATAGTACAACCACTTACTGACAACACCTCGGTATCGCTGTACAGTCAAGCTTTACAGAGCGTGAAAGTCGAATCGATTAAAGCACACTTCCGGATCA
PAH1.1-ORF -----AGTCAAGCTTTACAGAGCGTGAAAGTCGAATCGATTAAAGCACACTTCCGGATCA

2901 3000
PAH1.1-genome CATTATCATCTTCTACGGCTCCTAAACCAATGACTCGTAGCACCTCTCTGCCGATCGACGAAGGGATCGCCGGGTCTATATCAGACGAGTACGCTGGA
PAH1.1-ORF CATTATCATCTTCTACGGCTCCTAAACCAATGACTCGTAGCACCTCTCTGCCGATCGACGAAGGGATCGCCGGGTCTATATCAGACGAGTACGCTGGA

3001 3100
PAH1.1-genome GCTGGCTCCGACACATTCTGGCTCAAGACCACTAGACGGTATCGGAAACGCTTCGCTTGACATCTGAACAGTTGACGTCCTACAACCGGATAGC
PAH1.1-ORF GCTGGCTCCGACACATTCTGGCTCAAGACCACTAGACGGTATCGGAAACGCTTCGCTTGACATCTGAACAGTTG-----

3101 3200
PAH1.1-genome GTATTGAATTGCGGTGTACCAGCAGCATTGAAATCTCACACGGCATTGTCCGCTTCTGAAATACAATCACTAAATTTGAAAAAGCCCAATACATT
PAH1.1-ORF -----AAATCACTAAATTTGAAAAAGCCCAATACATT

3201 3300
PAH1.1-genome GACGTTTTAGTAACGTCAAGTTATCAAGGCAAGCAGTTTGTTCGCCAAATTTGTTCTGTGGGACCATGACTACCAAGTCGTATATCGGACATTGAT
PAH1.1-ORF GACGTTTTAGTAACGTCAAGTTATCAAGGCAAGCAGTTTGTTCGCCAAATTTGTTCTGTGGGACCATGACTACCAAGTCGTATATCGGACATTGAT

3301 3400
PAH1.1-genome GGCACGATTACAAAGTCGGACGCTCTCGACACATCTTTACCATTGGCAGGAAGGATTGGACCCATTGGGTGTGCCAAACTTTACACGGACATCGTCA
PAH1.1-ORF GGCACGATTACAAAGTCGGACGCTCTCGACACATCTTTACCATTGGCAGGAAGGATTGGACCCATTGGGTGTGCCAAACTTTACACGGACATCGTCA

3401 3500
PAH1.1-genome ACAATGGGTATCATATTTTGTACTTGACCTCAAGGGCCATTGGACAGGCAGACTACACAGAAAGTACCTCAAGAACGTGGAGCAAAATACTACCGATT
PAH1.1-ORF ACAATGGGTATCATATTTTGTACTTGACCTCAAGGGCCATTGGACAGGCAGACTACACAGAAAGTACCTCAAGAACGTGGAGCAAAATACTACCGATT

3501 3600
PAH1.1-genome ACCGGATGGACCGGTGATCATGAGCCCTGATCGCTTGATCAGCGCTTCCACAGGTCAGCAGTGTCTCACTGTGGCGCATAGGCTTCGTAGGGATGGGACA
PAH1.1-ORF ACCGGATGGACCGGTGATCATGAGCCCTGATCGCTTGATCAGCGCTTCCACAGG-----

3601 3700
PAH1.1-genome TCTTGCTTTGAATGCTTACTACAACCATTTGCGTTAACGTTTTAGGAGGTGATTATGAGGAAGCCAGAAGAATTCAAGATGGCATGTCTGCTGACAT
PAH1.1-ORF -----GAGGTGATTATGAGGAAGCCAGAAGAATTCAAGATGGCATGTCTGCTGACAT

3701 3800
PAH1.1-genome TCGGAGGCTGTTTGGAGATCGCAACCCCTTCTATGCCGGTTTGGAAACAGAATCACGGACGCACTGTCTACAGGAGCGTTAATGTCCCTCATCTCGG
PAH1.1-ORF TCGGAGGCTGTTTGGAGATCGCAACCCCTTCTATGCCGGTTTGGAAACAGAATCACGGACGCACTGTCTACAGGAGCGTTAATGTCCCTCATCTCGG

3801 3900
PAH1.1-genome ATATTACAATTGATTCGGGAGGTGAAGTCAAGCTGGAGCTCCTCAGCAGCTACAAATCATCTGAGTACCCCTTCACTGCACCTTGCTTTTCCACTGGTGG
PAH1.1-ORF ATATTACAATTGATTCGGGAGGTGAAGTCAAGCTGGAGCTCCTCAGCAGCTACAAATCATC-----

3901 4000
PAH1.1-genome CGTCCATCCAGTCTTTGTTGGCGAAACATGGATTTAGGACCTGACCATTTTTGTCTTTTGTCTGATCTACTTGACACAACATATCTCCGTTGAACGATC
PAH1.1-ORF -----ATATCTCCGTTGAACGATC

4001 4100
PAH1.1-genome TCGTGAATGAGATCTTTCCAGGAAAAAGACAGGCACCGGAGTTCAATGACTGGAACTTTTGGCGGGCGCCCTTGGCAGATATCGAGCTTCCAGTTGCGGC
PAH1.1-ORF TCGTGAATGAGATCTTTCCAGGAAAAAGACAGGCACCGGAGTTCAATGACTGGAACTTTTGGCGGGCGCCCTTGGCAGATATCGAGCTTCCAGTTGCGGC

4101 4200
PAH1.1-genome GTCTCATCAATACGCCCTACAGCGGTGCCGGCGAGTACAATGCACAAGGATATTCTGCAGGTCTGGCCGGTTGGAGTGATACGGAGCCTTACCAGT
PAH1.1-ORF GTCTCATCAATACGCCCTACAGCGGTGCCGGCGAGTACAATGCACAAGGATATTCTGCAGGTCTGGCCGGTTGGAGTGATACGGAGCCTTACCAGT

Figure 1-4

4201 4300
PAH1.1-genome TCCCTCACCTCAGCAGGACCGCTCAAGACGAGGACCGCTATCCCAATTTTACCTCAAATTCGCCCGCTCCTCGGAATTCCTACCCATCGGCCATGAAGC
PAH1.1-ORF TCCCTCACCTCAGCAGGACCGCTCAAGACGAGGACCGCTATCCCAATTTTACCTCAAATTCGCCCGCTCCTCGGAATTCCTACCCATCGGCCATGAAGC

4301 4400
PAH1.1-genome CCGATGCACCGCATCAGTCCCAACAGCCTCCTCCTCGGCTCAACCCCGCGCATCAGCGCGTCAGGACTCGAGATCGCTGATAGGACCGTCGACTCTG
PAH1.1-ORF CCGATGCACCGCATCAGTCCCAACAGCCTCCTCCTCGGCTCAACCCCGCGCATCAGCGCGTCAGGACTCGAGATCGCTGATAGGACCGTCGACTCTG

4401 4500
PAH1.1-genome GCTGTCGTTGATGGATATAGCAGCCATTACAGTCCCAGTCCGCCAGCTTTGAGAACTTTCACCGACAGTTCGAGGCCAATGTGCGCATTGACAGC
PAH1.1-ORF GCTGTCGTTGATGGATATAGCAGCCATTACAGTCCCAGTCCGCCAGCTTTGAGAACTTTCACCGACAGTTCGAGGCCAATGTGCGCATTGACAGC

4501 4600
PAH1.1-genome GGTGATGCAGGCGCTCTCTGAGGGGAATCAGGCAGGTTAGAGCCAAATCGCTCACCTCAGTTGCGATCCAACACTGATGGCGTTTCCCACTGGACG
PAH1.1-ORF GGTGATGCAGGCGCTCTCTGAGGGGAATCAGGCAGGTTAGAGCCAAATCGCTCACCTCAGTTGCGATCCAACACTGATGGCGTTTCCCACTGGACG

4601 4700
PAH1.1-genome TTCTGTTGTGAAGAGAAAGGCATCTGGTTTCTCGGTCTCACGCCCCAGCTTGCCAGTCGACTAAGTGAGACTGTAATGCCTTTTCTTGGCCGACGAGC
PAH1.1-ORF TTCTGTTGTGAAGAGAAAGGCATCTGGTTTCTCGGTCTCACGCCCCAGCTTGCCAGTCGACTAAGTGAGACTGTAATGCCTTTTCTTGGCCGACGAGC

4701 4800
PAH1.1-genome ATCCAAGTTGGACAGGGCCAGGACGAGCAGCAGGAACAGCAGCAGGAACAGGAACAGCAACGAGAGCATGATGTCCAGCTGGGTGCAGCAGCTGAAGGG
PAH1.1-ORF ATCCAAGTTGGACAGGGCCAGGACGAGCAGCAGGAACAGCAGCAGGAACAGGAACAGCAACGAGAGCATGATGTCCAGCTGGGTGCAGCAGCTGAAGGG

4801 4900
PAH1.1-genome GAGCAGCTTGCTTACACTCGAGAGTACGGGCAAGAAGAAGCCGCTGCTGGATATCTGGCGAGGACCATGAACCTCGGAGAGGATCAAGAGGATGAAGGAG
PAH1.1-ORF GAGCAGCTTGCTTACACTCGAGAGTACGGGCAAGAAGAAGCCGCTGCTGGATATCTGGCGAGGACCATGAACCTCGGAGAGGATCAAGAGGATGAAGGAG

4901 5000
PAH1.1-genome AAGGAGCAGATGGATATGTTGGTTATTCTGCAGAAAGAGGATGAAGGTCTGGAAGAAGATCAGCTCGAGGGTGAGGAAGACGAGGATGAGGATGACGATGA
PAH1.1-ORF AAGGAGCAGATGGATATGTTGGTTATTCTGCAGAAAGAGGATGAAGGTCTGGAAGAAGATCAGCTCGAGGGTGAGGAAGACGAGGATGAGGATGACGATGA

5001 5034
PAH1.1-genome TGTAGAGCTCAACATTGACGCTCCGTTCTATGA
PAH1.1-ORF TGTAGAGCTCAACATTGACGCTCCGTTCTA---

Figure 2-1

1 100
PAH1.2genome ATGTATTCTGTCGGGAACCTTCTTCTCGACGGTTACGAAATCTACAATGAGATCAACCCGCCACCTCTCCGGCGCAATCGACATCATGCTCGTCCAGC
PAH11.2-ORF ATGTATTCTGTCGGGAACCTTCTTCTCGACGGTTACGAAATCTACAATGAGATCAACCCGCCACCTCTCCGGCGCAATCGACATCATGCTCGTCCAGC

101 200
PAH1.2genome AGGCCAACGGGACCTTGCAATGCTCTCCCTTCCACGTGCGTTTCGGCAAACTCAGCGTCCTCGGCCGAGGAGAGGTCGTGAGGTTCCGGTCAATGG
PAH11.2-ORF AGGCCAACGGGACCTTGCAATGCTCTCCCTTCCACGTGCGTTTCGGCAAACTCAGCGTCCTCGGCCGAGGAGAGGTCGTGAGGTTCCGGTCAATGG

201 300
PAH1.2genome CGAGTCATCGCTTCCCATGAAGCTCGGCCACGAGGAGAGGCTTCTTTGTGCTCGAGACCGACACTATGTCCGGATGAGTTTGCACATCGCCT
PAH11.2-ORF CGAGTCATCGCTTCCCATGAAGCTCGGCCACGAGGAGAGGCTTCTTTGTGCTCGAGACCGACACTATGTCCGGATGAGTTTGCACATCGCCT

301 400
PAH1.2genome ATCGCTGCTCGAGTGACGAAGCGACCTCGCCCTGTTGACTACTTTGACCTGAACGGCCATCCCGCGGCTCAGGACCAGAAACGGAGGCAGCATC
PAH11.2-ORF ATCGCTGCTCGAGTGACGAAGCGACCTCGCCCTGTTGACTACTTTGACCTGAACGGCCATCCCGCGGCTCAGGACCAGAAACGGAGGCAGCATC

401 500
PAH1.2genome ACCAGCAACAGGTGCTGGAGGCGATGAGCGGACAGTATCCCTCAAGGAACAGAAAGTAGAGATCGATATGAACACTATGAACCCAGATGGCGTCTTTAGC
PAH11.2-ORF ACCAGCAACAGGTGCTGGAGGCGATGAGCGGACAGTATCCCTCAAGGAACAGAAAGTAGAGATCGATATGAACACTATGAACCCAGATGGCGTCTTTAGC

501 600
PAH1.2genome CCACTGTCAGTGTGAGTGCAGCAGACTGTGTTGTAAGCGTTGACATATGTCAGAGCGCATTTTCTTCAATATTTAGACGCGAGCGTCAGGACAA
PAH11.2-ORF -----

601 700
PAH1.2genome ACACATGGGATTATATGAATATACTCAATCGATCGCACTCTTTCTTTTGTCTCCCGCGGTATCAATACCATGCTCTCTTGACAACGGCTATG
PAH11.2-ORF -----ACCATGCTCTCTTGACAACGGCTATG

701 800
PAH1.2genome TGAGCGCTGCTAGTGGCCATGGCTGTGCTTTTGAAGAGAGCTTGAAGGACGACAGCGATCAGGAGTGGTCTTCTCGGCCACATCCCGAGTACGAGAG
PAH11.2-ORF TGAGCGCTGCTAGTGGCCATGGCTGTGCTTTTGAAGAGAGCTTGAAGGACGACAGCGATCAGGAGTGGTCTTCTCGGCCACATCCCGAGTACGAGAG

801 900
PAH1.2genome ACCGATCGCCGCCGATTCTAATACTAAGGACACAGCACTCGACTTGCCTGGATCCTTTGGCCCAACGGTAGTGACTAATACCATCAAAAACAGGACAGC
PAH11.2-ORF ACCGATCGCCGCCGATTCTAATACTAAGGACACAGCACTCGACTTGCCTGGATCCTTTGGCCCAACGGTAGTGACTAATACCATCAAAAACAGGACAGC

901 1000
PAH1.2genome ATCAACTTTCCAGTTGATGCCATCTTTCTACAGTTGCACACGAGGAACAGGACATGGCTCTGATCAAGATCAACAGGGCTCTCGATCCAGCCGTGGCA
PAH11.2-ORF ATCAACTTTCCAGTTGATGCCATCTTTCTACAGTTGCACACGAGGAACAGGACATGGCTCTGATCAAGATCAACAGGGCTCTCGATCCAGCCGTGGCA

1001 1100
PAH1.2genome GAAGTGTACGATGTTTACTGAACCTTATATACCATGATCTCTGTCATATGATTCGCTTCCCGTACTATGCTCTGCTGCGCATTCCTAACCAT
PAH11.2-ORF GAAGTGT-----

1101 1200
PAH1.2genome ATTTTATCCGTTAATGTTTCTTTTGGCGTTTGAATGATGAGAGGTCCTATTCCATATGACAGGATACAAGACCGACTCATGCTCGGACTCGTGGAT
PAH11.2-ORF -----AGGTCCTATTCCATATGACAGGATACAAGACCGACTCATGCTCGGACTCGTGGAT

1201 1300
PAH1.2genome GATGAGGATGGCTTGCCTCGTGGCATTCTATCGGATAGTGAGCGTCACGGTCGTAGCAGCGGTAAGAAGTTCAGGAGGAGCAAGTCGCACCTTTCAATGG
PAH11.2-ORF GATGAGGATGGCTTGCCTCGTGGCATTCTATCGGATAGTGAGCGTCACGGTCGTAGCAGCGGTAAGAAGTTCAGGAGGAGCAAGTCGCACCTTTCAATGG

1301 1400
PAH1.2genome ACCAGAGGCACCAATTGCTGGAGGACATTAAACAAGGAGCGTTCCTGAAGCCCGAGGAAGCCCTTGCAAACACACAGATTGAAGCTCAAAGTAGGCACAC
PAH11.2-ORF ACCAGAGGCACCAATTGCTGGAGGACATTAAACAAGGAGCGTTCCTGAAGCCCGAGGAAGCCCTTGCAAACACACAGATTGAAGCTCAAAGTAGGCACAA-----

Figure 2-2

1401 1500
PAH1.2 genome TAGTTTATCGCACCTTGATGATCATCTCAGCGACGTCTCTGCCCAACTCACTCTTGATATTTTTTTTTTATCTTCAGCATCCCGGGCAAGTAGGAAAAC
PAH11.2-ORF -----CATCCCGGGCAAGTAGGAAAAC

1501 1600
PAH1.2 genome AAAGAGGGCAAGCATTCCAAGTGCATGGCAAGGACGAAGGAACAGGAAGAGAGCCAACAGCATGCCTGCTATCGGTGAACAGGTAGCGATCATGTACCA
PAH11.2-ORF AAAGAGGGCAAGCATTCCAAGTGCATGGCAAGGACGAAGGAACAGGAAGAGAGCCAACAGCATGCCTGCTATCGGTGAACCA-----

1601 1700
PAH1.2 genome TATGGAAGGAGTAAGTGTAGAAATTGCAGTCAGCTAATATGTTTTATAACTCTTGACACTTGGCATTTCCTGCCCTATGTGGCTCGCCGACCTAACC
PAH11.2-ORF -----ACTTGGCATTTCCTGCCCTATGTGGCTCGCCGACCTAACC

1701 1800
PAH1.2 genome ATGCTCGCGATGCTCAAGCAAAACAGACGGATGTTGCAATGGAGGACAAAGCCCAAGCCCAAGCCGACTGCTCGGCCAAGCGTTATGAGCGATACGGAGAT
PAH11.2-ORF ATGCTCGCGATGCTCAAGCAAAACAGACGGATGTTGCAATGGAGGACAAAGCCCAAGCCCAAGCCGACTGCTCGGCCAAGCGTTATGAGCGATACGGAGAT

1801 1900
PAH1.2 genome GGAGTAAGAATCGCAACTTGACATAAATTACAGTGTATCGATCGACCTGTGGCTCAGTGACTACTGTTACTCATCTGCTTTTCGAAACGTTCTGCAG
PAH11.2-ORF GGAG-----

1901 2000
PAH1.2 genome CTAGTATGAATCCAACAATGTCCTGCATCTACCCAGGGTAAAGAGTGGACCTGGGATGGGAACGCTGCCTGTCAACAGGATAAACCCTGATGAAGAG
PAH11.2-ORF -----TATGAATCCAACAATGTCCTGCATCTACCCAGGGTAAAGAGTGGACCTGGGATGGGAACGCTGCCTGTCAACAGGATAAACCCTGATGAAGAG

2001 2100
PAH1.2 genome GATGAGATCAAGGAACAAATTACGGAACAAAAGGCGCCGAAGTTCCTGTGGAGATTGAGGCAAGGAGTTTCAGATGGGATCAACAAATGCCCGTAG
PAH11.2-ORF GATGAGATCAAGGAACAAATTACGGAACAAAAGGCGCCGAAGTTCCTGTGGAGATTGAGGCAAGGAGTTTCAGATGGGATCAACAAATGCCCGTAG

2101 2200
PAH1.2 genome CGCTCAGTCTCTGCCGAGACCATGACTTTGGAAAGGACATTGTAGGTTACCATCGCAGTCCTTACTCCCTTTACTCAGTCATCAGTACGTCGTTGGTATT
PAH11.2-ORF CGCTCAGTCTCTGCCGAGACCATGACTTTGGAAAGGACATTGT-----

2201 2300
PAH1.2 genome TGAATTGCAGTTTAACATGTGGCCTCTGCTTGATATAGGTTCCTAGCCACAAGGCTTTTCAAAGAGCCCAAGTTCACCTTTGAGGCATTCTCCAAGAT
PAH11.2-ORF -----TGCTAGCCACAAGGCTTTTCAAAGAGCCCAAGTTCACCTTTGAGGCATTCTCCAAGAT

2301 2400
PAH1.2 genome CCGCGGCAATTCTGGCCGACAAGAGACTTGTGTGTACATGGATGGGCGTTTTATTGTTGGAGTAATGCCCTTCCTCAGCTCGCAGCCCTTCTCTTCT
PAH11.2-ORF CCGCGGCAATTCTGGCCGACAAGAGACTTGTGTGTACATGGATGGGCGTTTTATTGTTGGAGTAATGCCCTTCCTCAGCTCGCAGCCCTTCTCTTCT

2401 2500
PAH1.2 genome TCCACCAGCCTCTTTTCAGACCGGCGCTCTGCTCTCGACCTCAAGGACCAAAAGGCACATGGGCCGAGGACAGACCAGCGCCACGGCTTTTGGCACAAT
PAH11.2-ORF TCCACCAGCCTCTTTTCAGACCGGCGCTCTGCTCTCGACCTCAAGGACCAAAAGGCACATGGGCCGAGGACAGACCAGCGCCACGGCTTTTGGCACAAT

2501 2600
PAH1.2 genome CTCAGATGTTTCAGGAAGGGCCTGCAGGACGGCCTCCCTCTATTGCAGATATGGCCTCAGCATCCTCGACAACCTTTCAGGTGCTGAGACCGCC
PAH11.2-ORF CTCAGATGTTTCAGGAAGGGCCTGCAGGACGGCCTCCCTCTATTGCAGATATGGCCTCAGCATCCTCGACAACCTTTCAGGTGCTGAGACCGCC

2601 2700
PAH1.2 genome GCTGTGCTGTGGATCAGATGACGACGAGCCCTTGCACAACAAGGCCCTGCGTAGCAAAATCCCTGCCCCCACTGGAGACTGGCCGACCGACGACCACA
PAH11.2-ORF GCTGTGCTGTGGATCAGATGACGACGAGCCCTTGCACAACAAGGCCCTGCGTAGCAAAATCCCTGCCCCCACTGGAGACTGGCCGACCGACGACCACA

2701 2800
PAH1.2 genome GTCCAGGCCATGTCGCTGTACCTGCGCTTTTCGGAGAAAGCAGCGGCGGTGTCAGATCAGAAGCGCTATGCCAAGACGCTGCGGCTCACCTCGGAACA
PAH11.2-ORF GTCCAGGCCATGTCGCTGTACCTGCGCTTTTCGGAGAAAGCAGCGGCGGTGTCAGATCAGAAGCGCTATGCCAAGACGCTGCGGCTCACCTCGGAACA

Figure 2-3

PAH1. 2genome	2801	2900
PAH11. 2-ORF	GCTTCAATCCTTGGGTTTGA AAAAGGGCGCCAAACACGGTCTCGTTCTCAGTGACATCGTCTACGAGGAACTGCAACTTGTGTAGCCAAGATCTTTTGG	GCTTCAATCCTTGGGTTTGA AAAAGGGCGCCAAACACGGTCTCGTTCTCAGTGACATCGTCTACGAGGAACTGCAACTTGTGTAGCCAAGATCTTTTGG
PAH1. 2genome	2901	3000
PAH11. 2-ORF	TGGGATTACGACTCCAGGTGGTGATCTCGGATATTGATGGTACAATCACAAGTCAGATGGCCTCGGCCACATTTTGGCATGGCCGTGGGACTGGA	TGGGATTACGACTCCAGGTGGTGATCTCGGATATTGATGGTACAATCACAAGTCAGATGGCCTCGGCCACATTTTGGCATGGCCGTGGGACTGGA
PAH1. 2genome	3001	3100
PAH11. 2-ORF	CGCATCTCGGTGTGCGCAAGCTGTTCAAGATATTCCGAGCAACGGATATCACAATCCTGTACCTGACCTCCGAGCCATTGGCCAGGCAGACTACACAG	CGCATCTCGGTGTGCGCAAGCTGTTCAAGATATTCCGAGCAACGGATATCACAATCCTGTACCTGACCTCCGAGCCATTGGCCAGGCAGACTACACAG
PAH1. 2genome	3101	3200
PAH11. 2-ORF	CAAGTATCTTCAGAAGTCCGAGCAAAACAGTTACAGCTCCCGGATGGCCCTGTCAATGATGAGTCCAGACCGTCTGTTCTCGCTTCATCGTCAAGTG	CAAGTATCTTCAGAAGTCCGAGCAAAACAGTTACAGCTCCCGGATGGCCCTGTCAATGATGAGTCCAGACCGTCTGTTCTCGCTTCATCGTCAAGTG
PAH1. 2genome	3201	3300
PAH11. 2-ORF	ATTATCCGGAACAGAGGTCTCAAGATGGCGTGTCTGCGTATGTGAAGAAGCTGTTTGGGACAGGAACCGTCTATGCTGGATTGGAAACCGGA	ATTATCCGGAACAGAGGTCTCAAGATGGCGTGTCTGCGTATGTGAAGAAGCTGTTTGGGACAGGAACCGTCTATGCTGGATTGGAAACCGGA
PAH1. 2genome	3301	3400
PAH11. 2-ORF	TCACGGACGCCCTCTCCTACCGCAGTGTCAAGCTTCCACCCTCCCAATCTTACCATTGACTCTTATGCTGAGGTGAAGTGGAGCTGCTCAGTCCCTTT	TCACGGACGCCCTCTCCTACCGCAGTGTCAAGCTTCCACCCTCCCAATCTTACCATTGACTCTTATGCTGAGGTGAAGTGGAGCTGCTCAGTCCCTTT
PAH1. 2genome	3401	3500
PAH11. 2-ORF	CAAGTCTTCTGAAGTGTCTCTGCTTTCCACGGCAATCAGAAGTGTGAAGAAGGAATCAAGTGGCGTTTTTATTATCTCTCTTCACTTATCTCTCG	CAAGTCTTCTGAAGTGTCTCTGCTTTCCACGGCAATCAGAAGTGTGAAGAAGGAATCAAGTGGCGTTTTTATTATCTCTCTTCACTTATCTCTCG
PAH1. 2genome	3501	3600
PAH11. 2-ORF	TTAACTTTTGTACGGTAGATACTTGGCTTTGAATGACCTCGTCAATGAGATCTTCCAGGACAACGAGTTCACCCGAGTTCAAGCACTGGAACTTTTG	TTAACTTTTGTACGGTAGATACTTGGCTTTGAATGACCTCGTCAATGAGATCTTCCAGGACAACGAGTTCACCCGAGTTCAAGCACTGGAACTTTTG
PAH1. 2genome	3601	3700
PAH11. 2-ORF	GAAATCGGATTTACCACGGATTGATCTCCCTGATCTCCCATCCCAACAATAATTATACATCAGGATCTTCGACATCGCTCCTCTCATCCACCAGTAGG	GAAATCGGATTTACCACGGATTGATCTCCCTGATCTCCCATCCCAACAATAATTATACATCAGGATCTTCGACATCGCTCCTCTCATCCACCAGTAGG
PAH1. 2genome	3701	3800
PAH11. 2-ORF	GTGGCCAAAGAAGGTGGCGTCTTTGACCAAGCTCTTCATCGAGCTCGAAGCTTCTCCAGGCAACGTCGCCCACTAGCCCTACGGGAGATTCAAGAACAAGG	GTGGCCAAAGAAGGTGGCGTCTTTGACCAAGCTCTTCATCGAGCTCGAAGCTTCTCCAGGCAACGTCGCCCACTAGCCCTACGGGAGATTCAAGAACAAGG
PAH1. 2genome	3801	3900
PAH11. 2-ORF	GCCTGTCTAATGACAGAAACAGTATGCGGGCGTCTTTTCAAGACGTCAGGACACATGGACCAGCGATGATGAATATCAGGATCAACAGCAGCGACTGAT	GCCTGTCTAATGACAGAAACAGTATGCGGGCGTCTTTTCAAGACGTCAGGACACATGGACCAGCGATGATGAATATCAGGATCAACAGCAGCGACTGAT
PAH1. 2genome	3901	4000
PAH11. 2-ORF	CGCGGGTGACTCTGCGCGCTCAAGCCAGGATCAGAGTTGAAGGAGGACAGGAGCTCAAGGAGGATGCAAGGAAGGACAGATCTGGCTCCCATCCGATG	CGCGGGTGACTCTGCGCGCTCAAGCCAGGATCAGAGTTGAAGGAGGACAGGAGCTCAAGGAGGATGCAAGGAAGGACAGATCTGGCTCCCATCCGATG
PAH1. 2genome	4001	4100
PAH11. 2-ORF	CTCTCTGCTCTTGTTCATCGCGGTTAATCCGCGAGTGAGGAGTGGCAGCATCAGCAGTCAGACCAACCTGTGCCCTCGTGGATGCGGAGTTCGGTTA	CTCTCTGCTCTTGTTCATCGCGGTTAATCCGCGAGTGAGGAGTGGCAGCATCAGCAGTCAGACCAACCTGTGCCCTCGTGGATGCGGAGTTCGGTTA
PAH1. 2genome	4101	4200
PAH11. 2-ORF	CACCGCATTCGCCCAGATGAAAGGATCATCGGGTGGTGGCTCACCAGTGTCTTCGTTTGAAGAGCGTGCGGATGTGGTCCGTGGATGTCCATTCC	CACCGCATTCGCCCAGATGAAAGGATCATCGGGTGGTGGCTCACCAGTGTCTTCGTTTGAAGAGCGTGCGGATGTGGTCCGTGGATGTCCATTCC

Figure 2-4

	4201		4300
PAH1.2genome	CTCGGCTCCACCGTTGGAGGGGCTGCTCCAGACGGATGAGGAGGTGGCTCAGGCATCAGCAAGGCCCTGGCGCTTCAGGGATCGGACACAGCAGATTTG		
PAH11.2-ORF	CTCGGCTCCACCGTTGGAGGGGCTGCTCCAGACGGATGAGGAGGTGGCTCAGGCATCAGCAAGGCCCTGGCGCTTCAGGGATCGGACACAGCAGATTTG		
	4301		4400
PAH1.2genome	AGCAGAGACAGCAGTGTTCAGGCCAAGAGTGATGTGATGGACGACCTTGTGGCGGTCAAGGAGGAACAGGAGGACGAGACCCGATCAGCAGCGGTTCCTGG		
PAH11.2-ORF	AGCAGAGAGACGAGTGTTCAGGCCAAGAGTGATGTGATGGACGACCTTGTGGCGGTCAAGGAGGAAGAGGAGGACGAGACCCGATCAGCAGCGGTTCCTGG		
	4401		4500
PAH1.2genome	ATGCACCGTATGTGGATGAGTATCTGGATCAGGAGGATGAGGAGGGATATCATGGATATGACGAGCAGGCTGAGGATCAGATGGACGAGGAGGATGAGGA		
PAH11.2-ORF	ATGCACCGTATGTGGATGAGTATCTGGATCAGGAGGATGAGGAGGGATATCATGGATATGACGAGCAGGCTGAGGATCAGATGGACGAGGAGGATGAGGA		
	4501	4552	
PAH1.2genome	GCACGAGTATCTGGATGAGATTGAGGAGACTCTGGAGGAGCCGTTCTCTGTAG		
PAH11.2-ORF	GCACGAGTATCTGGATGAGATTGAGGAGACTCTGGAGGAGCCGTTCTCTG---		

Figure 3-1

1 ATGCAGTCCGTGGGAAGCTTCTTCTCCACTGTCTCAAGTTCTACAATGAGCTCAATCCAGCCACGCTTTCGGGCGCCATTGACGTGGTCTGGTTCGAGC
M Q S V G S F F S T V S R F Y N E L N P A T L S G A I D V V V V E Q .

101 AAGCCGATGGTGAATTAGCATGCTCACCATTTCATGTCCGCTTGGCAAAGTGGAGGAGTTCGCGACCGCAGGAAAAAGTGGTGGAGGTGACCGTCAACGG
• A D G E L A C S P F H V R F G K L S I L R P Q E K V V E V T V N G .

201 TCGCGTCGTTGATTTTCTATGAAGTTGGCGATGCAGGCGAAGCCTTCTTTGTTTTGAGACTGAGCAGGACGTGCCCGAAGAGTTTGGCAGTCTCCA
• R V V D F P M K V G D A G E A F F V F E T E Q D V P E E F A T S P

301 CTAGCGGGACCCCAACAGACAAAGTTGAGGAGGACATTGACTATCTGGATCTAGCCGAAGGGCATAGCACCGTGACATATCCGCTGACGATATAGTCT
L A G P N T D K V E E D I D Y L D L A E G H S T V T Y P P D D I V L .

401 TAGATCGCGGTATGTGAGCGCCACAGTGGCGATGGATCAGAGTTTGAAGAAGACGAGAGAGCAGACTTTCGCGCTGAATTTGACAAAAAGCCAGATTA
• D A G Y V S A H S G H G S E F E E D E R A D L S P E F D K K P D Y .

501 CGCATCCGCGGTCAAATACGCGGTACAAATGGACAAGGGAGACACCTAGGCAGTGTAAATGAGGCAACAACGCTCTGTACATGCTTTTCATGGAGCGGCAA
• A S A V K Y G G T N G Q G R H L G S A N E A T T S V H A F M E R Q

601 GTTCAACGATGGTGGCTTACCATGTCCCTACCCCTCTCCGGTGTAAAGTCTCGCGACATTATGGAGAATTTGAGCCTATTGACTCGGCGGGCCCTT
V Q R W S L T M S L P P S P V L K S R D I M E N F Q P I D S A G P F .

701 TCGATAATAGTCGAGAGGATTCTGGACGCTGTCCGCCAGAGACTATCGCGTTAGCAATGGAGGCAGCAGTGGATCTCTGTTTCTCTCAAGAGGG
• D N S R E D S G R L L A P E T I A V S N G G S S G S L F H P K E G .

801 CATGATAATGGACATGACTGCTACAAGACCGAGGACTCTGACCTGAATTCGGATCGCTGATGAACATGATGAGCATGGCTGGCGCTTTGAATGGT
• M I M D M T G Y K T E D S D L N S D A S D E H D V G M A G A L N G

901 CGGCATCGGCGCAAAAGGGTGTCTCGCGGAAAGGAGAGGGCGGTGCATGGCGTCAACTCTCAAGACAACCTGGCCACTGAAACTCCCTCAATTACAG
R H R R K R A A R R K R R G P V H G V N S Q D N L A T E T P S I T A .

1001 CGCATGTCTCAGCAGTCTCGACCTCGCTTGGCGTTCGACCTACTCGCGACCTGCTCTACGCCCAAGCTAACAACGGGTGGGCACTCTACCGAA
• H V L S S L D P R L P L R P T A R P A L R P K A N N G L G T L P N .

1101 TCGCGTTCGTATCGATGCCGAATCTTAAGATTTCTAGGTGAGAATAACAGTTTGTGCCAAGCGTCCGGCGATAATGCGACGCTTTCCTTCGAAG
• R R S S S M P N L K D F V G E N N S L S P S V P A I M R R F P S K

1201 ACGTTAAACTCAAAGTTTTCGCAAGAAGCGACATCAAAGATGGGACAGTTCAGCAGCTCCGTAGCCTCCTCGCTCCACCGTCAGTTGCCAACCAGC
T L N S K F S A R S D I K D G T S S S S V A S S P P P S V A N Q Q .

1301 AGAGCCCTAAAAACCGCCACCATCACCATCATCACCACAAAGACACACCGAAGGAAGCCATCCCGTCGCCACTCGCACAAACCTTCACAGCAAGTGCA
• S P K N R H H H H H H H K E H T E G S H P R R H S H K P S Q Q V Q .

1401 AGTGAAAAACCCCGCCAGATCCAATCCAGCTGTTAATGCGCTGAGCGATACGGAGCTCGAGTATCAAACCGCGGAACAACAGCAGCTACTCAAGAA
• V K K P P P R S N P A V N A L S D T E L E Y Q T P R T T A A T Q E

1501 TCAGAGTGGTCTGGGATGGGCGACCTTACCGTTAAAAATGACGGTCTAGGCACAGGGGAAGCAGATCACAAGGAGCATCACTCTGATCATCCATCAA
S E W S W G W G S L P V K N D G L G T G E A D H K E H H S S H P S I .

1601 TCGACATTCAGCCCCACGGAACCTGTGTGAACGAGATGGAGATTGACGGGACTGTGTACAGACTCGCCATCAGCTTGTGTCCGGGTGATGAATTCGG
• D I P A P R K P V L N E M E I D G T V Y R L A I S L C P G D E F G .

1701 AAAAGATTTGGAAGCCAGGAAGCATTGTTGCCACCAATCAGGTTTCTGTTGATGAGTTTCGGAAGACCCACTCAAGACTCTCAATAACAAGAATTTG
• K D L E A S E A L F A T N Q V S F D E F A K D P L K T L N N K N L

1801 GTCTCGCTGATCAATGACCGGTATTTTACTTGGACAGCTCGGGACCATATCTTTCTCACTGATGCTTCTCGGAAGCCTCTCTCTGACGAAACGCTCC
V C L I N D R Y F T W T A A G P Y L S S L M L F R K P L S D E T L H .

Figure 3-2

1901 ATCAGCTTTCAGCCAAGGACTCGCGGCATCTATCAGATCGACTCGCTGTGCAAGATGAGCCCCAAGCCGTTTCGGCGCTCTCTCCAGATGGCTAAGGGG
• Q L S A K D S R H L S D R L A V Q D E P P T R F G A L S R W L R G •

2001 ATCACAACCTCGTCCCAATTGAGCGCGATGGAGCAAGGCAAGACAACGTACTCCAGTACCAACGATGCCTTGCAGCCTGCTCAGTTAGAGGAGAGT
• S Q T S S Q L S A M E Q G Q R Q R T P S T N D A L Q P A Q L E E S

2101 CAAGCTTTACAGAGCGTGAAGTCAATCGATTAAAGCACACTTCGGGATCATTATCATCTTCTACGCGCTCCTAAACCAATGACTCGTAGCACCTCTC
Q A L Q S V K V E S I K H T S G S H S S L L R A P K P M T R S T S L •

2201 TGCCGATCGACGAAGGATCGCCGGTCTATATCAGACGAGTACGCTGGAAGCTCGCCTCCGACACATTCTGCGCTCAAGAGCAGTAGACGGTATCGGAA
• P I D E G I A G S I S D E Y A G S S P P T H S A L K S S R R Y A K •

2301 AAGCCTTCGCTTGACATCTGAACAGTTGAAATCACTAAATTTGAAAAAGGCCAATACATTGACGTTTTAGTAACGTCAAGTTATCAAGCAAGCA
• T L R L T S E Q L K S L N L K K G A N T L T F S V T S S Y Q G K A

2401 GTTTGTTCCGCCAAATTTGTTCTGTGGGACCATGACTACCAAGTCGTATATCGGACATTGATGGCAGGATTACAAAGTCGGACGCTCTCGGACACATCT
V C S A K L F L W D H D Y Q V V I S D I D G T I T K S D A L G H I F •

2501 TTACCATGGCAGAAAGGATTGGACCCATTGCGGTGTGCGCAACITTTACACGGACATCGTCAACAATGGGTATCATATTTTGACTTTCACCTCAAGGGC
• T M A G K D W T H S G V A K L Y T D I V N N G Y H I L Y L T S R A •

2601 CATTGGACAGGCAGACTACACAGAAAGTACCTCAAGAACGTGGAGCAAAATAACTACCAGTTACCGGATGGACCGGTGATCAGGCCCTGATCGCTTG
• I G Q A D Y T R K Y L K N V E Q N N Y Q L P D G P V I M S P D R L

2701 ATGACGCGCTTCCACAGGGAGGTGATTATGAGGAAGCCAGAAGTAAGATGGCATGTCTGCGTGACATTGCGAGGCTGTTTGGAGATCGCAACCCCT
M T A F H R E V I M R K P E E F K M A C L R D I R R L F G D R N P F •

2801 TCTATGCCGGGTTTGGAAACAGAATCAGGACGCACTGTCTACAGAGCGTTAATGTCCCTCATCTCGGATATTTACAATTGATTGGGAGGTGAAGT
• Y A G F G N R I T D A L S Y R S V N V P S S R I F T I D S G G E V •

2901 CAAGCTGGAGCTCCTCAGCAGTACAAATCATATATCTCGCTTGAACGATCTCGTGAATGAGATCTTTCCAGGAAAAAGACAGGCCCGGAGTTCAAT
• K L E L L S S Y K S S Y L A L N D L V N E I F P G K R Q A P E F N

3001 GACTGGAACITTTTGGCGGCGCCCTTGCCAGATATCGAGCTTCAGTTGCGCGTCTCATCAATACGCCCTACAGCGGTGCGGCGGAGTACAATGCAC
D W N F W R A P L P D I E L P V A P S H Q Y A P T A V P G E Y N A Q •

3101 AAGGATATTTCGAGGTCCTGGCGGTTGGGAGTGATACGGAGCCTTACCAGTTCCCTCACCTCAGCAGGACCGCTCAAGACGAGGACCGCTATCCCAAT
• G Y S A G P G R L G V I R S L T S S L T S A G P L K T R T A I P I •

3201 TTTTACCTCAAATTCGCCCCCTCCTCGAATTCCTACCCATCGCGGATGAAGGCCCATGCACCGCATCAGTCCCAACGAGCCTCCTCCTCGCCTCAACCC
• F T S N S P P P P N S Y P S A M K P H A P H Q S Q P A S S S P Q P

3301 CCCGATCAGGCGCTCAGGACTGCAGATCGCTGATAGGACCCGTCGACTCTCGTGTGTTGATGCGATATAGCAGCCATTGAGTCCACGTCGCCGC
P A S A P S G L Q I A D R T R R L S L S L M R Y S S H S A P T S A P •

3401 CAGTTTTGAGAACTTTGACCGACAGTTCCGAGCCCAATGTCGGCATTGACAGCGGTGATGCAGGCGCTCTCTCTGAGGGGAATCAGGCAGGTTTAGAGCC
• V L R T L T D S S E P N V G I D S G D A G A L S E G N Q A G L E P •

3501 AAATCGCTCACCTCACTTGGGATCCAACACTGATGGCGTTTTCCCACTGGACGTTCTGTTGTGAAGAGAAAGCATCTGGTTTCTCGGTCTCACCGCCC
• N R S P H L G S N T D G V F P L D V P V V K R K A S G F S V S P P

3601 CAGCTTGCCAGTCGACTAAGTGAGACTGTAATGCCTTTTCTTCCGACGAGCATCCAAGTTGGAGCAGGGCAGGAGCAGCAGGAACAGCAGCAGG
Q L A S R L S E T V M P F L R R R A S K L E Q G Q E Q Q Q E Q Q E •

3701 AACAGGAACAGGAACGAGCATGATGTCAGCTGGGTGCAGCAGCTGAAGGGGAGCAGCTTGCTTACACTCGAGAGTACGGGAAGAAGAAGCCGCTGC
• Q E Q E R E H D V Q L G A A A E G E Q L A Y T R E Y G E E E A A A •

Figure 3-3

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3801 TGGATATCTGGCGGAGGACCATGAACTCGGAGAGGATGAAGAGGATGAAGGAGAAGGAGCAGATGGATATCTTGTTATTTCTGGAGAAGAGCATGAAGGT
    ·G Y L A E D H E L G E D E E D E G E G A D G Y V G Y S G E E D E G
3901 CTGGAAGAAGATCAGCTCGAGGGTGAGGAAGACGAGGATGAGGATGACGATGATGTAGAGCTCAACATTGACGCTCCGTTCCCTATGAACATCCTTGACATA
    L E E D Q L E G E E D E D E D D D V E L N I D A P F L
4001 TCAATGCGACAGATCAGCGGGTTGCAAGTCCTCTGATGCTATGAGCCTTCCAAGTTTTTGGCTGGATAAATGGGTGTTGTTGAGGATTTATTGTTGTTA
4101 CAAGGCGATGCCGATTCAAAAATGTGGATAGCCGCACTGGTGCAAGAGGTGGGAAATGGCAAAGAGGACGAGCAAGAAAGAAAGGAGAAAAAAGACA
4201 TAAACTACCAACGAGAAAAAGTCTATAACAGAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA
```

Figure4-1

1 CCTTCGCATCACCAGCCCTTCTCGTCTTCTCGTCTTCTCTCCACCCGCTCTCTCCACGCCACCATGTATTCTGTGGGAACCTTCTCTCGAC
M Y S V G N F F S T .

101 CGTTACGAAATCTACAATGAGATCAACCCGCCACCTCTCCGGCGCAATCGACATCATCGTCTCCAGCAGGCCAACGGCGACCTTGCATGCTCTCCC
• V T K F Y N E I N P A T L S G A I D I I V V Q Q A N G D L A C S P

201 TTCCACGTGCGTTTCGGCAAACCTCAGCGTCTCCGGCCGAGGAGAAGTCTCGAGGTTCCGGTCAATGGCGAAGTCATCGCTTCCCCATGAAGGTCG
F H V R F G K L S V L R P Q E K V V E V R V N G E V I A F P M K V G .

301 GCGACGCAGGAGAGCCCTTCTTGTCTCGAGACCGAGCTATGTGCCGATGAGTTTGCCACATCGCTATCGCTGGTCCGAGTGACGAAGCCGACCT
• D A G E A F F V L E T D D Y V P D E F A T S P I A G P S D E A D L .

401 CGCCCTGTTGACTACTTTGACCTGAACGCCATCCCCGGGTCTCAGGACCAGAAACGGAGGCAGCATCAGCAGCAACAGGTGCTGGAGGCATGAGC
• A P V D Y F D L N G H P H G S Q D Q K R R Q H Q Q Q V L E G M S

501 GGACAGTATCCTCAAGGAACAGAAGACGATGCTCTCTTGACAACGGCTATGTGAGCGCTGCTAGTGCCATGGCTCTGCTTTTGAAGAGAGCTGAAGG
G Q Y P Q G T E D D A P L D N G Y V S A A S G H G S A F E E S L K D .

601 ACGACAGCGATCAGGAGTGGTCTTCTCGGCCACATCCCGAGGATCAGCAGAACGGATCGCCGCGATTCTAATACTAAGGACACAGCACTCGACTTGGC
• D S D H E S V F S A T S P G S A E R I A A D S N T K D T A L D L P .

701 TGGATCCTTTGGCCCAACGGTAGTGACTAATACCATAAAAAACAAGGACAGCATCAACTTTCCAGTTGATGCCATCTTTCTACAGTTGCACACAGAGAA
• G S F G P T V V T N T I K N K D S I N F P V D A I F P T V A H E E

801 CAGGACATGGCTCTGATCAAGATCAACAGGCTCTCGATCCAGCGTCGAGAAGTGAGGTCTATTGATATGACAGGATACAAGACCGACTCATGCT
Q D M A L I K D Q Q G S R S S R R R S E V L F D M T G Y K T D S C S .

901 CGGACTCGTGGATGATGAGCATGGCTTGCCTCGTGGCATTCTATCGGATAGTGAGCGTCACGGTCGTAGCACGCGTAAGAAGTTCAGGAGGAGCAAGTC
• D S S D D E D G L P R G I L S D S E R H G R S T R K K F R R S K S .

1001 GCACCTTTCAATGGAGCAGAGGCCAATTCCTGGAGGACATTAACAAGGAGCGTTCTGAAGCCGAGGAAAGCCTTGCAAAACACAGATTGAACGT
• H L S M E Q R H Q L L E D I K Q G A F L K P E E S L A N T Q I E R

1101 CAAACATCCCGGGCAAGTAGGAAAAAAGAGGGCAAGCATTCCAAGTGCATGGCAAGGACGAAGGAACGAAGAGAGCCAAACAGCATGCCTGCTATCG
Q T S R A S R K T K R A S I P S A W Q G R R N R K R A N S M P A I G .

1201 GTGAACCAGACTTGGCATTCTCTGCCTATGTGGCTCGCCGACCTAACCATCGTCCGGATGCTCAAGCAAAACAGACGGATGTTGCAATGGACGACAAGCC
• E P D L A F P A Y V A R R P N H R R D A Q A N Q T D V A M D D K P .

1301 CAAGCCCAAGCGCACTGCTCGGCCAGCGTTATGAGCGATACGGAGATGGAGTATGAATCCAACAATGTCCCTGCATCTACCCAGGGTAAAGAGTGGACC
• K P K R T A R P S V M S D T E M E Y E S N N V P A S T Q G K E W T

1401 TGGGATGGGGAACGCTGCCTGTCAAACAGGATAACCTGATGAAGAGGATGAGATCAAGGAACAAATTACGGAAGAAAAGGCGCCGAAGTTCTGTGG
W G W G T L P V K Q D N P D E E D E I K E Q I T E E K A P E V P V E .

1501 AGATTGAGGCAAGGAGTTTCAGATGGGATCAACAAATGCCCGTAGCGCTCAGTCTCTGCGGAGAGGATGACTTTGGAAGGACATTGTTGCTAGCCA
• I E A K E F Q M G S T K C R V A L S L C G E D D F G K D I V A S H .

1601 CAAGGCTTTTCAAAGAGCCAGTTGACCTTTGAGGCATTCTCAAAGATCCCGCGCAATTCTGGCCGACAAGAGACTTGTGTGTACATGGATGGGCGG
• K A F Q R A Q L T F E A F S K D P A A I L A D K R L V C Y M D G R

1701 TTTTATTCTGTGAGTAATGCCGTTCTCAGCTCGCAGCCCTTCTCTTCTCCACAGCCTCTTTTCCAGCGCGGCTCTGCTCTCGACCTCAAGGACCAAA
F Y S W S N A V P Q L A A L L F F H Q P L S D A A S A L D L K D Q K .

1801 AGGCACATCGGCGGAGGACAGACCGGCCACGCGTTTTGGCACAATCTCCAGATGGTTTCAGGAAGGCGCTGCAGGCAGCGCTCCCCCTCTATTGC
• A H A A E D R P S A T R F G T I S R W F R K A P A G S A S P S I A .

Figure 4-2

1901 AGATATGGCCTCAGCATCCTCGACAACCTTGCAGGTGGTGAGACCGCCGTGTCGCTGTGGGATCAGATGACGACGAGCCCTTGACAACAAGGCCCTG
• D M A S A S S T T L A G G E T A A V A V G S D D D E P L H N K A L •

2001 CGTAGCAAATCCCTGCCCACTGGAGACTGGCGGACGACGACAGTCAGAGCCATGTCGCTGTACCTGCCCTTTCGAGAAAGCAGCGGACGGTG
R S K S L P P L E T G R T D D H S Q S H V A V P A L S E K A A D G V •

2101 TCCCAGATCAGAAGCGCTATGCCAAGACGCTGCGGCTCACCTCGGAACAGCTTCAATCCTTGGGTTTAAAAAGGCGCAACACGGTCTCGTTCTCAGT
• P D Q K R Y A K T L R L T S E Q L Q S L G L K K G A N T V S F S V •

2201 GACATCGTCTACCAGGGAAGTCAACTTGTGTAGCCAAGATCTTTTGTGGGATTACGACTCCAGGTGGTGATCTCGGATATTGATGGTACATCACA
• T S S Y Q G T A T C V A K I F L W D Y D S Q V V I S D I D G T I T •

2301 AAGTCAGATGCCCTCGGCCACATTTTGGCATGGCGGTGCGGACTGGAGCATCTCGGTGTCGCCAAGCTGTTACAGATATTGCGCAACAGGATATC
K S D A L G H I F A M A G R D W T H L G V A K L F T D I R S N G Y H •

2401 ACATCCTGTACCTGACCTCCGAGCCATTGGCCAGGACACTACACGCAAGTATCTTCAGAAGTCGAGCAAAACAGTTACAGCTCCCGGATGGCCC
• I L Y L T S R A I G Q A D Y T R K Y L Q K V E Q N S Y Q L P D G P •

2501 TGTATCATGAGTCCAGACCGTCTGTTCTCTGCTTCCATCGTAGGTGATTATCCGAAACCAGAGGTGTTCAAGATGGCGTGTCTCGGTGATGTGAAG
• V I M S P D R L F S A F H R E V I I R K P E V F K M A C L R D V K •

2601 AAGCTGTTTGGGACAGGAACCGTCTTCTGCTGGATTGGAACCGGATCAGGACGCCCTCTCCTACCGCAGTGCAAGCTCCACCTCCCGAATCT
K L F G D R N P F Y A G F G N R I T D A L S Y R S V N V P P S R I F •

2701 TCACCATTGACTCTTATGGTGAGGTGAAGTTGGAGCTGCTCAGTGCTTCAAGTCTTCATCTTGGCTTTGAATGACCTCGTCAATGAGATCTTCCAGG
• T I D S Y G E V K L E L L S A F K S S Y L A L N D L V N E I F P G •

2801 ACAACGAGTGCACCCGAGTCAACGACTGGAACCTTTGGAATCGGATTACACGGATTGATCTCCCTGATCTCCCATCCCCAACAATAATTATACA
• Q R V A P E F N D W N F W K S D L P R I D L P D L P I P N N N Y T •

2901 TCAGGATCTTCGACATCGCTCCTCTCATCCACCACTAGCGTGGCCAAGAAGGTGGCTCTTTGACCAGCTCTTCATCGAGCTCGAACCTTCTCCAGCCAA
S G S S T S L L S S T T S V A K K V A S L T S S S S S N L L Q P T •

3001 CGTCGCCCACTAGCCCTACGGGAGATTTCAAGAACAGCGCTGTCTAATGACAGAACAGTATGCGGGCGTCTTTTCAGGACGTCAGGACACATGGAC
• S P T S P T G D F K N K R L S N D R N T Y A G V L S G R Q D T W T •

3101 CAGCGATGATGAATATCAGGATCAACAGCAGGACTGATCGCGGTGACTCTGCGCGTCAACGCCAGGATCAGAGTTGAAGGCAGGACAGGAGCTGAAG
• S D D E Y Q D Q Q Q R L I A G D S A P S T P G S E L K A G Q E L K •

3201 GAGGATGAAGGAAGCAGCATCTGGCTCGCCATCGATGCTCTGCTCTTGTTCATCGCGGTTAATCCGCGCAGTGAGGAGTGGCAGCATCAGCAGTC
E D A R K A R S G S P S M L S A L V P S R L I R A V R S G S I S S Q •

3301 AGACCAACCTGTGCCCTCGTCGATGCGGAGTTCGGTTACACCGCATTCGCCCGAGATGAAAGGGATCATCGGGTCGCTGCCGTACCAGTCTCTTCGTT
• T N P V P S S M R S S V T P H S P E M K G I I G S L P S P V S S F •

3401 TGAGAGCGGTGCGGATGTTGGTGGTGGATGTCATTCCCTCGCCTCCACCGTTGGAGGGGCTGCTCCAGACGGATGAGGAGGTGGTCAGGCATCGAGC
• E S G A D V V R R M S I P S P P P L E G L L Q T D E E V A Q A S S •

3501 AAGCGCTGGCGCTTACGGGATCGGACACAGCAGATTTGAGCAGAGAGACAGTGTTCAGGCCAAGAGTGATGTGATGACGACCTTGTGGCGGTCAAGG
K A L A L Q G S D T A D L S R E S S V Q A K S D V M D D L V A V K E •

3601 AGGAAGAGGAGGACGAGACCGATCAGCAGCGGTGCTGGATGACGCGTATGTGGATGAGTATGTGGATGAGGAGGATGAGGAGGATATGATGATATGA
• E E E D E T D Q Q R L L D A A Y V D E Y V D E E D E E G Y D G Y D •

3701 CGAGCAGGTGAGCATGAGATGACGAGGAGGATGAGGAGGACGAGTATCTGGATGAGATTGAGGAGACTCTGAGGAGCCGTTCTGTAGACGCGTTTT
• E Q G E D E M D E E D E E D E Y L D E I E E T L E E P F L •

3801 ATAATTTTGTAAAGTTCCCTTGTGTAATAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA

Figure 5-1

1 100

MaPAH1.1 ---MQSVGSEFSTVSRFYNELNPATLSGAI DVVYVEQADGELACSPFHVRFGLSILRPQEKVVEVTNGRVYDFPMKVGDAGEAFFVEET---EQDVP

MaPAH1.2 ---MYSVGNFSTVTKFYNEINPATLSGAI DVVYQANGDACS PFHVRFGKLSVLRPQEKVVEVRNCEVIAFPKMGDAGEAFFVLET---DDYVP

ScPAH1 ---MQYGRALGSVSKTWSSINPATLSGAI DVVYHPDGRS SCSPFHVRFGKFIKPSQKKVQVFI NEKLSNMPMKLSDSCEAYEYTEMGDQVTDVP

mouse-Lipin1 MNYVQGLAGQVEVTYKELYKGLNPATLSGCI DVIRQPNGSLQCS PFHVRFGKMGVLSREKYVDIEINGESVQLHMKLQNGEAFVQETDNDQEIIP

101 200

MaPAH1.1 EEFATSPLAGPNTOKVEEDIDYLDLAEGHSTVTYPPDDIYLDAGYVSAHSGHGSEFEEDERADLSPEFDKKPDYASVKYGTNGQRHLGSANEATTSV

MaPAH1.2 DEFATSP IAGSDEADLAPVDYFDLNGHPHGSQDQKRQHQHQVLEGMSCQYPGQTEDAPLDNGYVSAASCHGSAFEESLKDDSS---DHESVFSATS

ScPAH1 DELLVSPTVMSATS-----SPQSPE---TSILEGGTEGE---

mouse-Lipin1 MYLATSPILSEGAARVESQLK-----RNSVDRI RCLDPTTAAQGLPPSPTPSTGSLGKKRRKRRRKQLDNLKRDDNVN---

201 300

MaPAH1.1 HAFMERQVQRWSLTMSLPPSVLKSDDIMENFQPIDSAQPEDNSREDSGRLLAPETIAVSNCGSSG-SLFHPKEGMIMDMTCYKTEDSLNSDASDEHDV

MaPAH1.2 PGSAER IAAASNTKDTALDLCGSGPTVVTNTIKNKDSINFPVDAIFPTVAHEEQDMALIKDQCS-RSSRRRSEVLFDMTCYKTDSCSDSDDEGLPR

ScPAH1 -----GEGENENK-----KKEKKVLEFPDILDINDTGSGSKNSETT

mouse-Lipin1 -SSEDEDMFPIEMSSDEDTAEMDGSRTLPNDVPFQDDIKENFPISTHPQASYPSSDREWSPPSPSGSRPSTPKSDSELVSKSADRLTPKNLMEWL

301 400

MaPAH1.1 QMAGALNGRHRKKAARRKRCGPVHGVSQDNLATETPSITAHVLSLDPREPLRPTARPALRPKANGLTLNRRSSMPNKKDFVGENNSLSRSPVA

MaPAH1.2 GIESDSERHCRSTRKKFRRSKSHLSMEQRHQLLEDIKQGAFLKPEESLANTQIERQTSRASRTKRASIPSAWQGRNRKRKRNMPAICEPDIAFRAYVA

ScPAH1 GSLSPTESSTTTTPDPSVEERK-----LVEQRTKNFQQLNKLTEIHIPSKLDNNGDLLEDTGKY---

mouse-Lipin1 WLNGELPQAAKSSSPHKMKESSPLGSRKTPDKMNFQAIHSESSDTFSDQSPTMARGLLIHQSKAQTEMQVNEEDLES LGAAAPPSPVAEELKAPYNTA

401 500

MaPAH1.1 IMRRFSPKTLNSKFSARSDIKDGTSSSSSVASSPPPSVANQQSPKNRHHHHHKEHTEGSHPRHSHKPSQQVQVKKPPRSPNPAVMALSDTELEYQTP

MaPAH1.2 RRP-----NHRDAQANQTVAMDDKPKPKRTARPSVMSDTEMEYESN

ScPAH1 -----PN-----KMMHDIDQLK---

mouse-Lipin1 Q-----SSSKTDSPSRKKDKRSRHLGADGVYLDLTDMDP

501 600

MaPAH1.1 RTTAATQESNSHCNGSLPVKNQGLGTGEADHKEHHSSHPSIDIPARPKVLEWEIDCTVYRLAISLCPGDEFCKOLEASEALFATNQVSDEFKADPL

MaPAH1.2 NVLPASTQCKENTWNGTL PVKQDNP---DEEDEIKEQITEEKAPVEVEIEAEQFWGSKCRVALSLCGEDDFGKDIVASHKAFQRAQLTEAFSKDPA

ScPAH1 -----Q-----L-----KDEFGNDSDISFIEDKNG

mouse-Lipin1 EVAAIYFPKN---G---DPGCLPKASDNVARSANQSPQSVGGSGIDSGVESTSDSLRDLPSIAISLCGGLSDHREIKDAFLEQAVSYQFADNP

601 700

MaPAH1.1 KTLNNKNLVGLINDRYFTWTAAGRYLSSMLERKPLSDETLHQLSAKDSRHLSDRLAVQDEPPTREGALSRNLGSGTSSQLSAMEQGRQRTPTSTNDAL

MaPAH1.2 ATLADKRLVGYMDGRFYSWSNAVPQLAALLFHHQLSDAAS---ALDLKQKAHAEDRPSATREGTISRNRFR-----KAPAGSASP

ScPAH1 ---NIKIVN-----PYEHLTDLSPPG-----TPPTMATSG

mouse-Lipin1 ATIDDPNLEVVKGNKYNNWTTAAPLLAVQAQKPLP-----KAT---VESIMRDKMPKKGR-----WVFSWRGRNA

701 800

MaPAH1.1 QPAQLEESQALQSVKVESIKHTSGSHSLLAAPKPMTRTSLIDEIGIAGSISDEYAGSSPPTHSLK---SSRRYAKTLRLTSEQLKSLNLKKGANTLT

MaPAH1.2 SIADMASASTTLACGETAAVAVGSDDEPLHNKALRSKSLPLETQRTDDHSQSHVAVPALSEKAADGVPDQKRYAKTLRLTSEQLKSLKKGANTVS

ScPAH1 SVLGLDAMESGSTLNSLSSSPSGSDTEDETSFSKEQSSKSEKTSKKGTAGSG---E-----TEKRYIRTIRLNDQLKCLNLTYGENDLK

mouse-Lipin1 TIKESKPEQCLTGKHNTGEQPAQLGLATRIKHSSSSSDEEHAAPSGSS-----HLSLLSNVSYKTLRLTSEQLKSLKKNPNDVV

801 900

MaPAH1.1 FSVTSSYQGRKAVCSAKLFLWDHGYQVVISDIDGTITKSDALCHIFTMACKDWITHSGVAKLYTDIVNGYHILYLTSAIGQADYTRKYKNEQNNYQLP

MaPAH1.2 FSVTSSYQGTATCVAKIFLWDYDSQVVISDIDGTITKSDALCHIFAMAGRDWTHGVAKLFTDIRNGYHILYLTSAIGQADYTRKYKNEQNNYQLP

ScPAH1 FSYD---H-GKAVTTSKLFVVRWDVPIVISDIDGTITKSDALCHVLAMICKDWITHGVAKLFTDIRNGYHILYLTSAIGQADYTRKYKNEQNNYQLP

mouse-Lipin1 FSVTTQYQGTCTGEGTILYNNWDDKVIISDIDGTITRSDTLCHILPTLGKDWTHQGIKLYHKVSNQYKFLYCSARATGVADMTRGYLHWVNERGTQLP

901 1000

MaPAH1.1 DGPVIMSPDRMTAFHREVIMRKPEEFKMACLRDRLRLECDR-----NPFYAGFGNRI TDALSYSYVNPSSRIFTIDSGEYKLELLS---SYK

MaPAH1.2 DGPVIMSPDRLFAFHREVIRKPEVFKMACLRDVKKLECDR-----NPFYAGFGNRI TDALSYSYVNPSSRIFTIDSGEYKLELLS---AFK

ScPAH1 NGPVILSPDRMTAALRRREVILKPEVEFKIACLDIRSLYFEDSDNEVDTEEKSTPFYAGFGNRI TDALSYSYRTGIPSSRIFTIDSGEYKLELLS---

mouse-Lipin1 QGQLLLSPSSLSFAHREVIEKKPEKFKVQLDIDKNEFPN-----TEPFYAGFGNPADVYSKQVGYSLNRIFTVNPKGELVQEHAK-TNI

+ + +

Figure 5-2

```
1001                                     1100
MaPAH1.1 SSYIALNDLVNEIFPGKRQAREFNDWNFWRAPLPDIELPVAPSHQYAPTAVPGEYNAQGYAGPCRLGVIRSLTSSLTSAQPLKTRTAIPITSN-SPPP
MaPAH1.2 SSYIALNDLVNEIFPGQRVAREFNDWNFWKSDLPRIIDLPLIPNNNYTSGSSTLLSSTTSVAKKVASLTSSSSSNLLQRTSRSTPTGDEKKNKRLSND
ScPAH1 SSYIHINELVDHFFP--PVS--LDSVDLRTN-----TSMVPGSPPNRTLDNFDSEITSGRKTILFGNQEEKFTDVFWRDPLVDIDNLSIDISNDSDNI
mouse-Lipin1 SSYVRLCEVVDHVEPLLRK-----HSCDFP-----CS-----DTESNFTFWREPLPPFENQDMHSASA-----

1101                                     1200
MaPAH1.1 PMSYPSAMKPHAPHQSQPASSSPQPP-ASAPSGLQIADRTRRSLSLMRYSSHSAPTSAFVLRLTDSSEPNVGIDSGGAGALSEGNG-AGEPNRSPHE
MaPAH1.2 RNTYAGVLSGRQDTWTSDDEYQDQQRLLAGDSAPSTPGSELKAGQELKEDARKARGSPSMLSALVPSRLIRAVRSGSTSSQTNPVP-SMRSSVTIHS
ScPAH1 DEDTDVSSQSNISRNRRANSVKTAKVTKAPQRNVSGSTNNNEVLAAASDVENASDLVSSHSSSGSTPNKS-----TMSKGDIGKQIYLELGSPLASPKLRYL
mouse-Lipin1 -----

1201                                     1300
MaPAH1.1 GSNTDGVFPLDVPVVKRKASCFSSPPQLASRLSETVMPFLRRASKLEQGQEQQEQQEQEQEREHDVQLGAAAGEQLAYTREYGEFEAAAGYLAED
MaPAH1.2 PEMKGIIGSLPSPYSSFESGADVRRMSIPSPPPLEGLLTDEEVAQASSKALALQSDTAOLS-RESSVQAKSDVMODLVAVKEEEEEDTDQQRLLDAA
ScPAH1 DDMDEDSNYNRTKSRASSAAATSIDKEFKKLSVSKAGAPTRIVSKINVSNDVHSLGNSDTERREQSVNETGRNQ-----LPHNSMDKDLDSRVSD
mouse-Lipin1 -----

1301                                     1355
MaPAH1.1 HELGEDEEDEGEGADGYVGYSGEEDEGLEEDQLEGEDEDEDDDLNIDAPFL
MaPAH1.2 YVDEYVDEEDEEGYDGYDEQG-----EDEMDEEDEEYLDIEETLEEFL
ScPAH1 FDDDEFEDEFED-----
mouse-Lipin1 -----
```


Figure 6-1

1 100
MaPAH1.1 ATGCAGTCCGTGGGAAGCTTCTCTGCACTGTCTCAAGGTTCTACAATGAGCTCAATCCAGCCAGGCTTCGGCCGCATTGACCTGGTCGTGCTGCAGC
MaPAH1.2 ATGTATTCTGTCGGGAAGCTTCTCTGCACTGTCTCAAGGTTCTACAATGAGCTCAATCCAGCCAGGCTTCGGCCGCATTGACATCATGCTGCTGCAGC

101 200
MaPAH1.1 AAGCCATGCTGAATAGCATGCTACCAATTCATCTCCGCTTTCGCAAACTCAGCAATCTCCGACCCAGGAAAAAGTCGTGAGGTGACCGTCAACCG
MaPAH1.2 AGCCCAACGGCACTTCGATGCTGCTCTCCACGTGCTTTCGCAAACTCAGGCTCTCCGACCCAGGAGCAAGTCTGAGGTTCGGTCAATGG

201 300
MaPAH1.1 TCCCGCTTGTATTTTGGTATGAAGGTTGGCGATCGAGGCGAAGCCTTCTTTGTTTTCGAGCTGAGCAGGACGTGCCGAAGAGTTTCCAGCTCTCCA
MaPAH1.2 CGAAGTCATCCTCTCCCATGAAGGTCGGCGACGAGGAGAGGCTTCTTTGTGCTCGAGACCGACACTATGTGCCGGATGAGTTTCCACATCCGCT

301 400
MaPAH1.1 CTAGCCGACCCACACAGACAAGTTGAGGAGCACA---TTGACTATCTGGATCTAGCCGAGGCCATAGCACCTGACATATCCGCTCAGCATATAG
MaPAH1.2 ATCGCTGCTCGAGT---GAGGAAGCCGACCTCCGCTCTGACTACTTTGACCT---GAACGGC---CATGCCACGGGTG---TCAGGAC---

401 500
MaPAH1.1 TCTTAGATCCGGCTATCTCAGGCGCCACAGTGGCATGGATCAGAGTTTGAGGAACCGAGAGGAGCACTTGTCCCTGAATTTGACAAAAAGCCACA
MaPAH1.2 -GAGAAACGAGGCGAGCATCAGGAGCAACAG-BTGC-----T---GGAGGGCATGAGCGGACAGTA---CCTCAA---GGAACAGAAGAG---GA

501 600
MaPAH1.1 TTACGGATCCGGGTGCAAAATACGGCGGTACAAATCGACAAGGAGACACCTAGGAGTGGTAATGAGGCAACACGCTCTACATGCTTTCATGGAGGG
MaPAH1.2 T---GG-TCC---TC-----TTGACAACGGCTATG---TGAGCGCTGGTACTG---GGCATGGCTCTGCTT---TTGAAGAGAGCTT

601 700
MaPAH1.1 CAAGTTCAACGATGCTGCTTACCATGTCCCTACCACCTCTCCGCTGTTAAAGTCTCGCGACATATGGAGAACTTTCAGGCTATTGACTCGCGGGCGC
MaPAH1.2 GAAGG---ACGACAG---CGATCAGCA---GTCCGT---CTTCTC---GG-----C---CACATCCCAGGA---TCAGGACAACGATCGCCG---CC

701 800
MaPAH1.1 CTTTGGATAAATACTCGACAGGATTGTGACCCCTCTCGCGCCAGACACTATCGCGTTAGCAATGAGGCGAGAGTCAATCTCTGTTTCATCTTAAGGA
MaPAH1.2 GATTTC---TAATACTA---AGGACAGCACTCGA---CTTGC---GTGATCCTTTGCGC---CAACG---GTAGTG---A-----CTAATAC

801 900
MaPAH1.1 GGGCATGATAATGGACATGACTGGGTAGAACCCGAGCACTGTGACCTGAATTCGATCGGCTCTGATCAACATCATGTAGGCATGGCTGCCGCTTCAAT
MaPAH1.2 CATCAAAACAGGACAGCA---TGAAGTTTCAGTTGATGCGATCTTCTTACAGTTGGACACGAGGAACAGGA---CATGGCTCT---GATCAAA

901 1000
MaPAH1.1 GGTGCCATCGCCGCAAAAGGGTCTGCTGGCGGAAAGGAGAGGCGGGTGCATGGCTCAACTCTCAAGACAACCTGGCCACTGAAACTCCCTCAATTA
MaPAH1.2 GATCAACA---GGGCTCTGATCGAGCGTCCGACAAGT---GAGGTCTATTTCGATATGACAGGATACAAGACGACTCATG---CTCGCACTCG---TCGGATG

1001 1100
MaPAH1.1 CAGCGCATGCTCTCAGCAGTCTGACCCCTCGCTTGGCTTCCGACCTACTGCCGAGCTGCTCTACGCCCAAAGCTAACACGGGTTGGGCACTTACC
MaPAH1.2 ATGAGCATGCTT---CC---CTCG---TGCAATCTATCG---GA---TAGTACCGTACGCTGTAGCAGCGTAAGAGCTTCAGGAGGACCA-----

1101 1200
MaPAH1.1 GAATCGCGCTTCTCATCGATGCGCAATCTTAAGATTTCGTAGGTGAGATAACAGTTTGTGCCAAGCGTGCCGCGGATATGGAGCGTTTCTCTCG
MaPAH1.2 -ACTCGCACCTT---TCAATCGAGCAGAGGCCACAA---TTGCTGGAGGACATTAAACAAGGAGCGTTCTGAAGCCCGAGG---AAAGC---CTTGCACAA

1201 1300
MaPAH1.1 AAGACGTTAAAG---TCAAAGTTTTCG---CAAGAAGCGACATCAAGATGGCACCAGTTCAAGCAGCTCCCTAGCCTCCTCGCCTCCAGCTCAGTTGCCAA
MaPAH1.2 CACAGATTGAAGCTCAAAACATCCCGGCAAGTAG---GAAACAAAGACGGCAAGCATTG---CAAGTGCATGGCAAGGACGAAGGAACAGGAAGAGAGCCCA

1301 1400
MaPAH1.1 CCAGCAGAGCCCTAAAACCGCCACCATCAG---CATCATACGACAAAGACGACACCGAAGCAAGCCATCCCGTCCCACTGGCAGCAAAAGCTTCACA
MaPAH1.2 ACAGCATG---CCTGCTATCGGTGAACGACAGCTTGGCATTTCTGCTATGTGGCTCGCCGACCTAA---CCATGCTCG---CGATGCTCAAGCAACAGAG---AGG

1401 1500
MaPAH1.1 GCAACTGCAAGTGA---AAAACCCCGCCGACATCCAATCCAGCTGTTAATCCGCTGAGCGATACGGAGCTCGAGTATCAACCGCCGCAACAAACAGCAG
MaPAH1.2 GATGTTGCAATGAGCAGCAAGCCCAAGCCCAAGCCGACTGCTCGGCCACGCTTATGAGCGATACGGAGATCGAGTATCAATCCAACAATGCTCCTGCAAT

1501 1600
MaPAH1.1 CTACTCAAGAAATCAGAGTGGTCTGGGGATCGCGGAGCTTACCGGTTAAAAATGACGGTCTAGGCACAGGGGAAGCAGATCAACAGGACATCACTCTAG
MaPAH1.2 CTAGCCAGCGTAAAGAGTGGACCTGGGGATCGCGAAGCTTCCCTGCTCAACAGGATAACCTGATGAAGAGGATG---AGATCA---ACGAGCAAAATTACGA

Figure 6-2

1601 1700
MaPAH1.1 TCATCCATCAATCGACATTCAGCCCCACGGAACTGTGTTGAACGAGATGGAGATTGACGGGACTGTGTACAGACTCGGCATCAGCTTCGTGTCGGGT
MaPAH1.2 AGAAAGGCGCCCGAAGTTCCTGT-----GGAGAT-TGAGGCAAGGAGTTTCAGATGGGATCAACAAAATGCCCGTAGCGCTCAGTCTCTCGGAGAT

1701 1800
MaPAH1.1 GATGAATTCGGAAAGATTGGAAGCAGCGAAGCATTGTTGCCACCAATCAGGTTTCGTTCGATGAGTTGGCGAAAGACCGACTCAAGACTCTCAATA
MaPAH1.2 GATGACTTTGGAAAGGACATTGTTGTGTAGCCCAAGGCTTTCAAAGAGCCCAATTGACCTTTGAGGCATTGTCCAAGATCCGCGGCAATTCGCGG

1801 1900
MaPAH1.1 ACAAGAATTTGCTCTGCCTGATCAATGACCGGTATTTTACTTGGACAGCTGCGGAGCCATATCTTTGCTCACTGATGCTTCTCGGAAGCCCTCTCTGGA
MaPAH1.2 ACAAGAGACTTTGCTTTACATGGATGGCGGTTTTATTGCTGGAGTAATGCCCTTCCTCAGCTCGAGCCCTTCTCTTCTTCACCAAGCCCTTTTCAGA

1901 2000
MaPAH1.1 CGAAACGCTCATCAGCTTCAGCG--AAGGACTCGCGCATCTATCAGATCGACTCGCTGTCCAAGATGAGCCCGCAACCGTTTCGGCGCTCTCCCA
MaPAH1.2 CG-----CGGCTCTGCTCTGACCTCAAGGACCAAAAGGCAAG-ATGCGCCCA-----GGA-CAGACCGAGCGGC-AGCGGTTTTCGCAAAATCTCCA

2001 2100
MaPAH1.1 GATGGCTAAGGGGATCACAAACCTCTCCCAATTGAGCGGATGGAG-CAAGGCCAAAGCAACGTAAGTCCAGTCCAAAGATGCTTGGACGCTGTCTC
MaPAH1.2 GATGGCTCAGG-----AAGGCGCTCG--AGGACGCGCTCCCCCTGTATTGAGATATGGC-----GTCAGCATCTCGA--C-----AAGCCTTGC

2101 2200
MaPAH1.1 AGTTAGAGCAGAGTCAAGCTTTACAGACGCTGAAAGTCGAATCGATTACACAGCTTCGGATCAGATTGATCACTT-CTACCGGCT-CCTAAAGCAATG
MaPAH1.2 AGGTCTG-AGACCGCCCTGT-CGCTGTGGG--TCAGAT-GACGACGAGCCCTTCACAAAGGCCCTGCCGTAGCAATCTCTGCCCGCATGGAG

2201 2300
MaPAH1.1 ACTCTAGCAGCTCTCTGCCGATCGCAAGGGATCGCGGGCTGTATTCAGAGGAGTACGCTGGAAGCTCGGCTCCGACACATTCTCGCTGAAGGCA
MaPAH1.2 ACTCGCCGAGC-----GAGGAC-AG--AGTCAGAGGATGTGGCTG---ACCTGCGTTTCGGAGAAAGCAGCGCAGC-----GTGTCCGATCA

2301 2400
MaPAH1.1 GTAGAGGATGCGCAAAAGGCTTCGCTTGACATCTGAACAGTTGAATGACTAAATTCAAAAAGGGGCAATAGATTCAGCTTTTCAGTAAGCTCAAG
MaPAH1.2 GAAG-CGCTATGCAAGAGCTCGGCTCAGCTCGGAACAGCTCAATGCTTGGGTTTAAAAAGGGGCAACAGGTTCTCGTTTCAGTGACATCGTC

2401 2500
MaPAH1.1 TTATCAAGGCAACCGATTGTTCGCCAAATGTTCTGTGGGACCTGACTACCAAGTCGTATATGGACATTCATGGCAGGATTACAAAGTCGAC
MaPAH1.2 CTACGAGGAACTGCACTTGTGTAGCCAAGATCTTTTGTGGGATTACGACTCCGAGTGGTGATCTGGATATTGATGGTGAATCACAAAGTCAGAT

2501 2600
MaPAH1.1 GGTTCGGACACATCTTTACCATGGAGGAAAGGATGGAGCCATTCCGGTGTGCCAAACTTTACCGGACATCGTCAACAATGGTATCATATTTGT
MaPAH1.2 GCGCTCGGCCACATTTTGGCATGGCCGCTCGGACTGGAGGATCTCGGTGTGCCAAAGCTGTTACABATATTCGAGCAACGGATATCATCTCTGT

2601 2700
MaPAH1.1 ACTTGACCTCAAGCGGCTTGAACAGGAGACTACACAGAAAGTACCTCAAGACCTCGAGCAAAATTAATACAGTTACCGGATGGAGGCTGATCAT
MaPAH1.2 AGCTGACCTCCGAGCCATTGGCCAGGAGAGACTACACAGCAAGTATTTCAAGACCTCGAGCAAAAGTATACAGCTCCGGGATGGCGTGTCTATCAT

2701 2800
MaPAH1.1 GAGCCGTGATCGCTTGATGACCGCTTCCACAGGAGGTGATTATCAGGAAGCCAGAAAGATCAAGATGGATGCTGCGTGACATTCCGAGGCTGTTT
MaPAH1.2 GAGTCCAGACCGTCTGTCTGTGCTTCCATCGTGAGGTGATATCCGAAACAGAGGTGTTCAAGATGGGCTGTCTGCGTATGTGAAGAAAGCTGTT

2801 2900
MaPAH1.1 GGAGATCGCAACCCCTTCTATGCCGGCTTTGGAAAGCAATCAGGAGCGGACTGTCTACAGCAGCTTAATGTCCCTCATCTCGGATATTACAAATG
MaPAH1.2 GGGGACAGCAACCGCTTCTATGCTGGAATTTGGAAAGCGATCAGGAGCGGCTCTCTACGCGAGTGTCAAGTTCACGCTCCGGAATCTTCAACATTG

2901 3000
MaPAH1.1 ATTGGGAGGTTGAAGTCAAGCTGGAGCTCTCAGCAGCTACAAATCATCATATCTCGGTGAAACGATCTCGTCAATGAGATCTTCCAGGAAAAAGACA
MaPAH1.2 ACTCTTATGGTGAGGTGAAGTTGGAGTGTCTCAGTGCTTTCAAGTCTTCATACTTGGCTTGAATGACCTCGTCAATGAGATCTTCCAGGACAACGAGT

3001 3100
MaPAH1.1 GGCAGCCGAGTTCAATGACTGGAACCTTTGGCGGCGCCCTTGCCAGATATCGAGCTTCGAGTTG-CGCCGTGTG-ATCAATACGCCCTACAGG-GGTG
MaPAH1.2 TGCAGCCGAGTTCAACGACTGGAACCTTTGGAAATGGGATTTAGCCAGGATGATCTCGGTATCTCCGATCCCAAGAAATAATTA-TAGATGAGAT

3101 3200
MaPAH1.1 CCGGCGGAGTCAATGCAAGGATATTTGGAGCTGCTGCGCGGTTGCGAGTGATAGGAGCCTTACCAGTTGCTCACT-----CAGG-AGGACCGCT
MaPAH1.2 GTTCGACATCGCTCTCTATCCCACTAGCGGTGGCAAGAGGTCGCTCTTTGACGAGCTGTTATCAGAGTGGAACTTCTCGAGGCAACGCTGGC

Figure 6-3

3201 3300
MaPAH1.1 CAAGACGAGGACCCCT-ATCCCAATTTTACG-----TCAAAAT-GGCCCCCTCCTCCGAATTCTAGCCATCGCGATGAAGCCCATGCACG-CCATC
MaPAH1.2 CACTAGCCCTACGGAGATTTCAGAAACAAGCGCTGCTAATGAGAGAAACAGTATCGGGCCCTGTTTCAGGACCTCAGGAGACATGCACCAGCGAT

3301 3400
MaPAH1.1 AGTCCCAACGAGCTCTCTCTC---GCCTCAACCCCGCA-TCAGCGCCCTCAGGACTGCAGATCGGTATAGGACCCGTCCACTCTCGTCTCCTTG-
MaPAH1.2 GATCAATATCAGGATCAACAGCACCAGCTGATCGGGGTGACTCTGCGCCGTCA--AGCCAGGAT-CAGAGTTGAAGGCAGGACAGAGCTGAAGGAGG

3401 3500
MaPAH1.1 ATGCGATATAGCAGCCATTCAGCTCC-----ACGTCCGGGCGACTTTGAGAACTTTACCGACAGTTCCGAGCCCAATGTGGGATTCAGACCGGTGA
MaPAH1.2 ATGCAAGGAAGGCAGATCTGGCTCGCATCCATGCTCTGTGCTTCTTCCATCGCGTTAATCCCGGAGTGGGAGCTGGACCAT---CAGCACTCA

3501 3600
MaPAH1.1 TGGAGCGGCTCTCTGTAGGGGAATCAG-GCAGGTTTACAGCCAAATCGGTCACCTCAGTTGGATCCAACATGATGGGGTTTCCCACTGCACGTTCC
MaPAH1.2 GAGCAACCTCTGCCCTGTCGATCGGAGTTGCTTACACCGATTGCGCCGAGATGAAAGGATCAT---CGGCTCGC---TGCGGTACCAAGTGCT

3601 3700
MaPAH1.1 TGTCTGA-AGAGAAAGCATCTGGTTTCTCGGTCTCACCGCCCGAGCTTCCAGTCCACTAAGTGAGACTGTATGCTTTTCTTCGCCACCAAGCATC
MaPAH1.2 TCGTTTGAGAGCGGTGCGATGTGGTGGCTCGGA-TGTCAATTCC-CTCGCC--TCCAEC--GT-----TGCAGGGGCTGCTCCAGACGGATCAGG---

3701 3800
MaPAH1.1 CAAGTTGGAGCAGGGCAGGAGCAGCAGGAAAGCAGCAGGAACAGGAACAGGA-ACGAGAGCATGATGTCCAGGTGGTGCAGAGGTCAAGGGGA
MaPAH1.2 --AGCTGGCTCAGGCATCGAGCAAGCGCTGCGCTTCAG--GGATCGGACACAGCAGATTGAGCAGAGAG---AGCACTGTTCAAG-CCCAAGAGTGA

3801 3900
MaPAH1.1 GCAGCTTCTTACACTCGAGAGTACGGGAAGAGAAAGCCCTGCTGGATATCTGGGGAGGACCATGAATCGGAG-AGGATGAAGAGGATGAAGGAGA
MaPAH1.2 TGTGATGGACCACTTGTGCCGTCAAGGACCAAGAGGAGCAGACCGATGAG-CAGCGTTGCTGGATGACCGTATGTGATCAGTATGT-CGATG

3901 4000
MaPAH1.1 AGGAGCAGATGGATATGTTGTTATCTGGAGAGAGGATGAAGCTCTGGAACAAGATCAGCTCGAGGTGAGGAAGACCAGGATCAGGATGACCATGAT
MaPAH1.2 AGGAG--GATG---AGGAGGATATCATGGATATGACGAGCAGGT-----GAGGATGAGATGGACGAGAGGATGAGGAGGACAGTATCTCATGAG

4001 4033
MaPAH1.1 GTAGAGCTCAACATTACGCTCCGTTCTATGA
MaPAH1.2 ATTACAGGAGACTCTGGAGGAGCCCTTCTCTAG

Figure 7

1 100
PAH1-1 MQSYGSEFFSTVSRFYNELNPATLSGAIDYVVVEQADGELACSPFHVRFGKLSILRPQEKVVEVTVNGRVDFPMKVGDAGEAFFVFETEQDVPEEFATSP
PAH1-2 MYSYGNFFSTVTKFYEINPATLSGAIDYVVQANGDLACSPFHVRFGKLSVLRPQEKVVEVRVNGEVAFPMKVGDAGEAFFVLETDYVPDEFATSP

101 200
PAH1-1 LAGPNTDKVEEDIDYDLAEGHSTVTYPDDIVLDAGYVSAHSGHGSEFEEDERADLSPFDDKPDYASAVKYGGTNGQGRHLGSANEATTSVHAFMERQ
PAH1-2 IAGPSDEADLAPVDYFDLNGHPHGSQDQKRRQHQQQVLECMGSGYPQGTEDDAPLDNGYVSAASGHGSAFEESLKDDS-----DHESVFSATSPGSAERI

201 300
PAH1-1 VQRWSLTMSLPPSPVLKSRDINENFQPIDSGPFDNREDSCRLAPETAVSNGGSSCSLFHPKECMIMDMTCYKTEDSDNLSDASDEHDVGNAGALNG
PAH1-2 AADSNTKDIALDLPGSFGPTVVTNTIKNKDSINFPVDAIFPTVAHEEQDMAILKDQCGSRSSRRSEVLFDMTCYKTDSCSDSDDEGLPRGTLSDSER

301 400
PAH1-1 RHRRKRAARRRKRGPVHGVSQDNLATETPSITAHVLSLDPRPLRPTARPALRPKANGLGLPNRRSSMPNLKDFVGENNLSPSVPAIMRRFSPK
PAH1-2 HGRSTRKKFRRSKSHLSMEQRHQLLEDIKQGAFLKPEESLANTQIERQTSRASRKTKRASIPSAWQGRNRKRANSMPLGEPDLAFPAYVARRP-----

401 500
PAH1-1 TLNSKFSARSDIKDGTSSSSSVASSPPSVANQQSPKNRHHHHHKEHTEGSHPRRSHKPSQQVQVKPPPSNPVNALSDTELEYQTPRTTAATQE
PAH1-2 -----NHRDAQANQTDVAMDDKPKPKRTARPSVMSDTEMEYESNNVPASTQG

501 600
PAH1-1 SEWSWGCSLPVKNDGLGTGEADHKEHSHSPSIDIPAPRKPVLEMEIDGTVYRLATSLCPGDEFGKDLASEALFATNQVSFDEFKDKLKTNNKLN
PAH1-2 KENTGCGTLPVKQDNP---DEEDEIKEQITEEKAPEVPVEIEAKEFQMGSTKCRVALSLCGEDDFGKDVASHKAFQRAQLTFAFSKDPAAI LADKRL

601 700
PAH1-1 VCLINDRYFTWTAAGPYLSSMLFRKPLSDETLHQLSAKDSHLSDLRLAVQDEPPTREGALSRWLGRSQTSQSSQLSAMEQGRQRTPTNDALQPAQLEES
PAH1-2 VCYMDGRFYSWNAVPLAALLFFHQPLSDAAS---ALDLKDQKAHAADRPASATRFCTISRWFR-----KAPAGSAPSIDMASA

701 800
PAH1-1 QALQSVKVESIKHTSGSHSLLRAPKPMTRSTSLPIDEGIAGSIDSEYAGSSPPTHSAK---SSRRYAKTLRLTSEQLKSLNLKKGANTLTFSVTSSYQ
PAH1-2 SSTTLAGCETAAVAVGSDDEPLHNKALRSKSLPPELTGRDDHQSQSHVAVPALSEKAADGVDPQKRYAKTLRLTSEQLQSLGLKKGANTVSFVSSTSSYQ

801 900
PAH1-1 GKAVCSAKFLWDHDIQVVISDIDGTITKSDALGHIFTMAGKDWTHSGVAKLYTDIVNNGYHILYLSRAIGQADYTRKYLKNVEQNNYQLPDGPVIMSP
PAH1-2 GTATCVAKIFLWDYSQVVISDIDGTITKSDALGHIFAMAGRDWTHLGVAKLFTDIRSNGYHILYLSRAIGQADYTRKYLKQVEQNSYQLPDGPVIMSP

901 1000
PAH1-1 DRLMTAFHREVIIMRKPEEFKMACLRDILRLFGDRNPFYAGFCNRI TDALSYRSVNVPPSRIFTIDSGGEVKLELLSSYKSSYLALNDLVNEIFPGKRQAP
PAH1-2 DRLFSAFHREVIIRKPEVEFKMACLRDVKKLFGDRNPFYAGFCNRI TDALSYRSVNVPPSRIFTIDSYGEVKLELLSAFKSSYLALNDLVNEIFPGQRVAP

1001 1100
PAH1-1 EFNDWNFWRAPLDIELPVAPSHQYAPTAVPGEYNAQGYAGPRLGVIRSLTSSLTSAGLKTRTAIPIETSN-SPPPPNSYPSAMKPHAPHQSQPASS
PAH1-2 EFNDWNFKSDLPRIDLPLPIPNNYTSGSSTSLSTTSVAKKVASLTSSSSSNLLQPTSPTSPTGDFKNKRLSNDRTYAGVLSGRQDWTISDDEY

1101 1200
PAH1-1 SPQPP-ASAPSLQIADRTIRRLSLSLMRYSSHSAPTSAVLRITLDSSEPNVGIDSGDAGALSEGNAQLEPNRSPHLGSNTDGVFPLDVPVVKRKASGF
PAH1-2 DQDQRLIAGDSAPSTPGSELKAGQELKEDARKARSCSPNLSALVPSRLIRAVRSGS ISSQTNVPSSMRSSVTPHSPMKGIIGSLSPSPVSSFECSAD

1201 1300
PAH1-1 SVSPPLASRLSETVMPFLRRRAKLEQQEQEQEQEQEQEREHOYQLGAAAGEQLAYTREYGEAAAAGYLAEDHELGEDEEDEGEAGDGYVGYSG
PAH1-2 VVRMSIPSPPPLEGILQTDEEVAGASSKALAQGSDTADLS-RESSVQAKSDVMDLVAVKEEEEDETQQRLLDAAVDEYVDEEDEEGYDGYDEQG-

1301 1333
PAH1-1 EEDEGLEEDQLEGEDEDEDDDELNIDAPFL
PAH1-2 -----EDEMDEEEDDEYLDIEETLEEPFL

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PHOSPHATIDIC ACID PHOSPHATASE GENE AND USE THEREOF

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates to a novel phosphatidic acid phosphatase gene and use thereof.

BACKGROUND ART

Fatty acids containing two or more unsaturated bonds are collectively referred to as polyunsaturated fatty acids (PUFAs) and are known to include arachidonic acid, dihomo- γ -linolenic acid, eicosapentaenoic acid, docosahexaenoic acid, etc. Some of these polyunsaturated fatty acids cannot be synthesized in the animal body, and such polyunsaturated fatty acids need to be ingested from foods as essential fatty acids. The polyunsaturated fatty acids are widely distributed. For example, arachidonic acid is isolated from lipids extracted from suprarenal gland and liver of animals. However, the amounts of these polyunsaturated fatty acids contained in animal organs are small, and the polyunsaturated fatty acids extracted and isolated from animal organs only are insufficient for a large amount of supply thereof. Thus, microbial techniques have been developed for obtaining polyunsaturated fatty acids by culturing various microorganisms. In particular, microorganisms in the genera *Mortierella* are known to produce lipids containing polyunsaturated fatty acids such as arachidonic acid.

Other attempts have also been made to produce polyunsaturated fatty acids in plants. Polyunsaturated fatty acids are known to constitute reserve lipids such as triacylglycerol (also referred to as triglyceride or TG) and accumulate within microorganism cells or plant seeds.

Triacylglycerol as a reserve lipid is generated in the body as follows: An acyl group is introduced into glycerol-3-phosphate by glycerol-3-phosphate acyltransferase to generate lysophosphatidic acid. An acyl group is introduced into the lysophosphatidic acid by lysophosphatase to generate phosphatidic acid. The phosphatidic acid is dephosphorylated by phosphatidic acid phosphatase to generate diacylglycerol. An acyl group is introduced into the diacylglycerol by diacylglycerol acyltransferase to generate triacylglycerol.

In this pathway, phosphatidic acid (hereinafter, also referred to as "PA" or 1,2-diacyl-sn-glycerol-3-phosphate) is a precursor of triacylglycerol and is also a biosynthetic precursor of diacyl glycerophospholipid. In yeast cells, CDP diacylglycerol (CDP-DG) is synthesized from PA and cytidine 5'-triphosphate (CTP), by phosphatidate cytidyltransferase, and is biosynthesized into various phospholipids.

As described above, the reaction of biosynthesizing diacylglycerol (hereinafter, also referred to as "DG") through dephosphorylation of PA is known to be catalyzed by phosphatidic acid phosphatase (E.C. 3.1.3.4, hereinafter, also referred to as "PAP"). This PAP is known to be present in all organisms from bacteria to vertebrates.

Yeast (*Saccharomyces cerevisiae*), which is a fungus, has two types of PAPs (Non-Patent Literatures 1, 2, and 7). One is a Mg^{2+} -dependent PAP (PAP1), and the other is a Mg^{2+} -independent PAP (PAP2). A PAH1 gene is known as a gene encoding PAP1 (Non-Patent Literatures 3 to 5). A pah1 Δ variant also shows a PAP1 activity, which suggests there are other genes exhibiting the PAP1 activity. In the pah1 Δ variant, the nuclear membrane and the ER membrane are

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abnormally dilated, and expression of important genes for biosynthesis of phospholipids is abnormally enhanced (Non-Patent Literature 6).

As genes encoding PAP2, a DPP1 gene and a LPP1 gene are known and exhibit most PAP2 activities in yeast. The enzymes encoded by these genes have broad substrate specificity and act also on, for example, diacylglycerol pyrophosphate (DGPP), lysophosphatidic acid, sphingoid base phosphate, and isoprenoid phosphate to dephosphorylate them.

A lipid-producing fungus, *Mortierella alpina*, is known to have a MaPAP1 gene, which is a Mg^{2+} -independent PAP2 homolog (Patent Literature 1).

Existence of gene homologs that probably encode PAP1 family enzymes or PAP2 family enzymes in other bacteria is known in the art, but their functions have not been elucidated.

CITATION LIST

Patent Literature

Patent Literature 1: International Publication No. WO2009/008466

Non-Patent Literature

Non-Patent Literature 1: Biochem. Biophys. Acta, 1348, 45-55, 1997

Non-Patent Literature 2: Trends Biochem. Sci., 31(12), 694-699, 2006

Non-Patent Literature 3: EMBO J., 24, 1931-1941, 2005

Non-Patent Literature 4: J. Biol. Chem., 281(14), 9210-9218, 2006

Non-Patent Literature 5: J. Biol. Chem., 281(45), 34537-34548, 2006

Non-Patent Literature 6: J. Biol. Chem., 282(51), 37026-37035, 2007

Non-Patent Literature 7: J. Biol. Chem., 284(5), 2593-2597, 2009

SUMMARY OF INVENTION

Technical Problem

Most of the PAP genes previously reported, however, have not been investigated for that these genes introduced into host cells and expressed therein can vary the proportion of fatty acids in the fatty acid composition produced by the host cells. There is a demand for identification of a novel gene that can produce fat having an intended composition of fatty acids or an increase in content of an intended fatty acid by introducing the gene into a host cell or expressing the gene.

It is an object of the present invention to provide a protein or a nucleic acid that allows host cells to produce fat having an intended composition of fatty acids or an increase in content of an intended fatty acid by expressing the protein in the host cells or introducing the nucleic acid into the host cells.

Solution to Problem

The present inventors have diligently studied to solve the above-mentioned problems. That is, the inventors have analyzed the genome of lipid-producing fungus, *Mortierella alpina*, and extracted sequences having homology to known

Mg²⁺-dependent phosphatidic acid phosphatase (PAP1) genes from the genome. Further, cloning of the full-length cDNA through cDNA library screening or PCR were conducted to obtain the entire open reading frame (ORF) encoding PAP, and the gene were introduced into host cells having high proliferative ability, such as yeast. As a result, the inventors have found that the protein encoded by the cloned cDNA has a phosphatidic acid phosphatase activity and that introduction of the cDNA to yeast enhances the production of reserve lipids, triacylglycerol, in the yeast. Thus, cloning of a gene related to a novel phosphatidic acid phosphatase (PAP) has been successfully achieved, and the present invention has been accomplished. That is, the present invention is as follows.

(1) A nucleic acid according to any one of (a) to (g) below:

(a) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein that consists of an amino acid sequence having deletion, substitution, or addition of one or more amino acids in the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and has a phosphatidic acid phosphatase activity;

(b) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence that is hybridizable with a nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence complementary to the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6 under stringent conditions and encodes a protein having a phosphatidic acid phosphatase activity;

(c) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence which consists of a nucleotide sequence having an identity of 70% or more with the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6 and encodes a protein having a phosphatidic acid phosphatase activity;

(d) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein that consists of an amino acid sequence having an identity of 70% or more with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and has a phosphatidic acid phosphatase activity;

(e) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence that is hybridizable with a nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence complementary to a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein consisting of the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 under stringent conditions and encodes a protein having a phosphatidic acid phosphatase activity;

(f) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence that is hybridizable with a nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence complementary to the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 10 under stringent conditions and includes an exon encoding a protein having a phosphatidic acid phosphatase activity; and

(g) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence which consists of a nucleotide sequence having an identity of 70% or more with the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 10 and includes an exon encoding a protein having a phosphatidic acid phosphatase activity.

(2) The nucleic acid according to aspect (1), wherein the nucleic acid is any one of (a) to (g) below:

(a) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein that consists of an amino acid sequence having deletion, substitution, or addition of 1 to 130 amino acids in the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and has a phosphatidic acid phosphatase activity;

(b) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence that is hybridizable with a nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence complementary to the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6 under conditions

of 2×SSC at 50° C. and encodes a protein having a phosphatidic acid phosphatase activity;

(c) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence which consists of a nucleotide sequence having an identity of 90% or more with the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6 and encodes a protein having a phosphatidic acid phosphatase activity;

(d) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein that consists of an amino acid sequence having an identity of 90% or more with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and has a phosphatidic acid phosphatase activity;

(e) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence that is hybridizable with a nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence complementary to a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein consisting of the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 under conditions of 2×SSC at 50° C. and encodes a protein having a phosphatidic acid phosphatase activity;

(f) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence that is hybridizable with a nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence complementary to the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 10 under conditions of 2×SSC at 50° C. and includes an exon encoding a protein having a phosphatidic acid phosphatase activity; and

(g) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence which consists of a nucleotide sequence having an identity of 90% or more with the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 10 and includes an exon encoding a protein having a phosphatidic acid phosphatase activity.

(3) A nucleic acid according to any one of (a) to (d) below:

(a) a nucleic acid comprising the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6 or a fragment thereof;

(b) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein consisting of the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 or a fragment thereof;

(c) a nucleic acid comprising the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 4 or SEQ ID NO: 9 or a fragment thereof; and

(d) a nucleic acid comprising the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 10 or a fragment thereof.

(4) A nucleic acid according to any one of (a) to (g) below:

(a) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein that consists of an amino acid sequence having deletion, substitution, or addition of one or more amino acids in the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and has an activity that enhances generation of diacylglycerol (DG) and/or triglyceride (TG) from phosphatidic acid (PA) in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain;

(b) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence that is hybridizable with a nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence complementary to the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6 under stringent conditions and encodes a protein having an activity that enhances generation of DG and/or TG from PA in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain;

(c) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence which consists of a nucleotide sequence having an identity of 70% or more with the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6 and encodes a protein having an activity that enhances generation of DG and/or TG from PA in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain;

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(d) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein that consists of an amino acid sequence having an identity of 70% or more with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and has an activity that enhances generation of DG and/or TG from PA in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain;

(e) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence that is hybridizable with a nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence complementary to a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein consisting of the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 under stringent conditions and encodes a protein having an activity that enhances generation of DG and/or TG from PA in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain;

(f) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence that is hybridizable with a nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence complementary to the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 10 under stringent conditions and includes an exon encoding a protein having an activity that enhances generation of DG and/or TG from PA in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain; and

(g) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence which consists of a nucleotide sequence having an identity of 70% or more with the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 10 and includes an exon encoding a protein having an activity that enhances generation of DG and/or TG from PA in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain.

(5) The nucleic acid according to aspect (4), wherein the nucleic acid is any one of (a) to (g) below:

(a) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence that encoding a protein that consists of an amino acid sequence having deletion, substitution, or addition of 1 to 130 amino acids in the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and has an activity that enhances generation of diacylglycerol (DG) and/or triglyceride (TG) from phosphatidic acid (PA) in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain;

(b) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence that is hybridizable with a nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence complementary to the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6 under conditions of $2\times$ SSC at 50° C. and encodes a protein having an activity that enhances generation of DG and/or TG from PA in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain;

(c) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence which consists of a nucleotide sequence having an identity of 90% or more with the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6 and encodes a protein having an activity that enhances generation of DG and/or TG from PA in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain;

(d) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein that consists of an amino acid sequence having an identity of 90% or more with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and has an activity that enhances generation of DG and/or TG from PA in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain;

(e) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence that is hybridizable with a nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence complementary to a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein consisting of the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 under conditions of $2\times$ SSC at 50° C. and encodes a protein having an activity that enhances generation of DG and/or TG from PA in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain;

(f) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence that is hybridizable with a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence complementary to the nucleotide sequence set

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forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 10 under conditions of $2\times$ SSC at 50° C. and includes an exon encoding a protein having an activity that enhances generation of DG and/or TG from PA in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain; and

(g) a nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence which consists of a nucleotide sequence having an identity of 90% or more with the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 10 and includes an exon encoding a protein having an activity that enhances generation of DG and/or TG from PA in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain.

(6) A protein according to (a) or (b) below:

(a) a protein consisting of an amino acid sequence having deletion, substitution, or addition of one or more amino acids in the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and having a phosphatidic acid phosphatase activity; and

(b) a protein consisting of an amino acid sequence having an identity of 70% or more with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and having a phosphatidic acid phosphatase activity.

(7) A protein according to (a) or (b) below:

(a) a protein consisting of an amino acid sequence having deletion, substitution, or addition of 1 to 130 amino acids in the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and having a phosphatidic acid phosphatase activity; and

(b) a protein consisting of an amino acid sequence having an identity of 90% or more with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and having a phosphatidic acid phosphatase activity.

(8) A protein according to (a) or (b) below:

(a) a protein consisting of an amino acid sequence having deletion, substitution, or addition of one or more amino acids in the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and having an activity that enhances generation of diacylglycerol (DG) and/or triglyceride (TG) from phosphatidic acid (PA) in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain; and

(b) a protein consisting of an amino acid sequence having an identity of 70% or more with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and having an activity that enhances generation of DG and/or TG from PA in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain.

(9) A protein according to (a) or (b) below:

(a) a protein consisting of an amino acid sequence having deletion, substitution, or addition of 1 to 130 amino acids in the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and having an activity that enhances generation of diacylglycerol (DG) and/or triglyceride (TG) from phosphatidic acid (PA) in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain; and

(b) a protein consisting of an amino acid sequence having an identity of 90% or more with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and having an activity that enhances generation of DG and/or TG from PA in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain.

(10) A protein consisting of the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7.

(11) A recombinant vector comprising a nucleic acid according to any one of aspects (1) to (5).

(12) A transformant transformed with the recombinant vector according to aspect (11).

(13) A fatty acid composition comprising a fatty acid or a lipid obtained by culturing the transformant according to aspect (12).

(14) A method for producing a fatty acid composition, characterized by collecting a fatty acid or a lipid from a culture obtained by culturing the transformant according to aspect (12).

(15) A food comprising the fatty acid composition according to aspect (13).

Advantageous Effects of Invention

The PAP of the present invention can enhance the ability of producing fatty acids and reserve lipids in cells to which PAP has been introduced, and preferably can enhance the productivity of polyunsaturated fatty acids in microorganisms or plants.

The PAP of the present invention is expected to produce fatty acids in a host cell, the fatty acids having a composition different from that of fatty acids produced in a host cell to which PAP is not introduced. This can provide lipids having intended characteristics and effects and is therefore useful in application to, for example, foods, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals, and soap.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS

FIG. 1-1 shows a comparison between a genomic sequence (SEQ ID NO: 5) and an ORF (SEQ ID NO: 1) of a MaPAH1.1 derived from *M. alpina* strain 1S-4.

FIG. 1-2 is the continuation of FIG. 1-1.

FIG. 1-3 is the continuation of FIG. 1-2.

FIG. 1-4 is the continuation of FIG. 1-3.

FIG. 2-1 shows a comparison between genomic sequence (SEQ ID NO: 10) and an ORF (SEQ ID NO: 6) of a MaPAH1.2 derived from *M. alpina* strain 1S-4.

FIG. 2-2 is a continuation of FIG. 2-1.

FIG. 2-3 is a continuation of FIG. 2-2.

FIG. 2-4 is a continuation of FIG. 2-3.

FIG. 3-1 shows the cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 4) of MaPAH1.1 derived from *M. alpina* strain 1S-4 and an amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 2) deduced therefrom.

FIG. 3-2 is a continuation of FIG. 3-1.

FIG. 3-3 is a continuation of FIG. 3-2.

the N-terminal region is well conserved and is referred to as lipin, N-terminal conserved region (pfam04571). Also in MaPAH1.1 and MaPAH1.2, the N-terminal region is well conserved. In this sequence, the glycine residue indicated by * (corresponding to the 80th amino acid of SEQ ID NO: 2 and the 80th amino acid of SEQ ID NO: 7) is known to be essential for PAP activity. The sequence indicated by a double underline (corresponding to the 819th to 823rd amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 2 and 737th to 741st amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 7) is a DXDX(T/V) motif present in a haloacid dehalogenase (HAD)-like domain. This motif is also conserved in MaPAH1.1 and MaPAH1.2. The sequences upstream and downstream of the motif are also conserved.

FIG. 5-2 is a continuation of FIG. 5-1.

FIG. 6-1 shows a comparison of a CDS sequence (SEQ ID NO: 3) of MaPAH1.1 and a CDS sequence (SEQ ID NO: 8) of MaPAH1.2 derived from *M. alpina* strain 1S-4.

FIG. 6-2 is a continuation of FIG. 6-1.

FIG. 6-3 is a continuation of FIG. 6-2.

FIG. 7 shows a comparison of a deduced amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 2) of MaPAH1.1 with a deduced amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 7) of MaPAH1.2 derived from *M. alpina* strain 1S-4.

DESCRIPTION OF EMBODIMENTS

The present invention relates to a novel phosphatidic acid phosphatase gene derived from genus *Mortierella*, wherein the phosphatidic acid phosphatase dephosphorylates phosphatidic acid to generate diacylglycerol.

The phosphatidic acid phosphatase of the present invention is an enzyme that catalyzes a reaction of generating diacylglycerol by dephosphorylation of phosphatidic acid. The substrate of PAP of the present invention is usually phosphatidic acid, but is not limited thereto.

Nucleic Acid Encoding Phosphatidic Acid Phosphatase of the Present Invention

Phosphatidic acid phosphatase (PAP) of the present invention encompasses MaPAH1.1 and MaPAH1.2. The correspondences between cDNA, CDS, and ORF encoding MaPAH1.1 and MaPAH1.2, as well as a deduced amino acid sequence are summarized in Table 1.

TABLE 1

	MaPAH1.1		MaPAH1.2	
	SEQ ID NO	Corresponding region in SEQ ID NO: 4	SEQ ID NO	Corresponding region in SEQ ID NO: 9
cDNA	SEQ ID NO: 4	*****	SEQ ID NO: 9	*****
CDS	SEQ ID NO: 3	Positions 1 to 3985	SEQ ID NO: 8	Positions 72 to 3791
ORF	SEQ ID NO: 1	Positions 1 to 3982	SEQ ID NO: 6	Positions 72 to 3788
Amino acid sequence	SEQ ID NO: 2	*****	SEQ ID NO: 7	*****

FIG. 4-1 shows the cDNA (SEQ ID NO: 9) of MaPAH1.2 derived from *M. alpina* strain 1S-4 and an amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 7) deduced therefrom.

FIG. 4-2 is a continuation of FIG. 4-1.

FIG. 5-1 shows a comparison of a deduced amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 2) of MaPAH1.1 and a deduced amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 7) of MaPAH1.2 derived from *M. alpina* strain 1S-4 with phosphatidic acid phosphatases of a PAP1 family, a ScPAH1 protein (SEQ ID NO: 19) derived from yeast, *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*, and lipin amino acid sequence (SEQ ID NO: 20) derived from a mouse. In phosphatidic acid phosphatases of a PAP1 family,

Sequences related to MaPAH1.1 of the present invention include SEQ ID NO: 2, which is the amino acid sequence of MaPAH1.1; SEQ ID NO: 1, which shows the sequence of the ORF region of MaPAH1.1; SEQ ID NO: 3, which shows the sequence of the CDS region of MaPAH1.1; and SEQ ID NO: 4, which is the nucleotide sequence of cDNA for MaPAH1.1. Among them, SEQ ID NO: 3 corresponds to the nucleotides 1 to 3985 of SEQ ID NO: 4, while SEQ ID NO: 1 corresponds to the nucleotides 1 to 3982 of SEQ ID NO: 4 and the nucleotides 1 to 3982 of SEQ ID NO: 3. SEQ ID NO: 5 is a genomic nucleotide sequence encoding MaPAH1.1 of the present invention. The genomic sequence

of SEQ ID NO: 5 is composed of eleven exons and ten introns. In SEQ ID NO: 5, the exon regions correspond to the nucleotides 1 to 182, 370 to 584, 690 to 1435, 1536 to 1856, 1946 to 2192, 2292 to 2403, 2490 to 2763, 2847 to 3077, 3166 to 3555, 3648 to 3862, and 3981 to 5034.

Sequences related to MaPAH1.2 of the present invention include SEQ ID NO: 7, which is the amino acid sequence of MaPAH1.2; SEQ ID NO: 6, which shows the sequence of the ORF region of MaPAH1.2; SEQ ID NO: 8, which shows the sequence of the CDS region of MaPAH1.2; and SEQ ID NO: 9, which is the nucleotide sequence of cDNA for MaPAH1.2. Among them, SEQ ID NO: 8 corresponds to the nucleotides 72-3791 of SEQ ID NO: 9, while SEQ ID NO: 6 corresponds to the nucleotides 72 to 3788 of SEQ ID NO: 9 and the nucleotides 1 to 3717 of SEQ ID NO: 8. SEQ ID NO: 10 is a genomic nucleotide sequence encoding MaPAH1.2 of the present invention. The genomic sequence of SEQ ID NO: 10 consists of eight exons and seven introns. In SEQ ID NO: 10, the exon regions correspond to the nucleotides 1 to 454, 674 to 1006, 1145 to 1390, 1479 to 1583, 1662 to 1804, 1905 to 2143, 2243 to 3409, and 3520 to 4552.

The nucleic acids of the present invention encompass single-stranded and double-stranded DNAs and also complementary RNAs thereof, which may be either naturally occurring or artificially prepared. Examples of DNA include, but not limited to, genomic DNAs, cDNAs corresponding to the genomic DNAs, chemically synthesized DNAs, PCR-amplified DNAs, combinations thereof, and DNA/RNA hybrids.

Preferred embodiments for the nucleic acids of the present invention include (a) nucleic acids comprising the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6, (b) nucleic acids comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein consisting of the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7, (c) nucleic acids comprising the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 4 or SEQ ID NO: 9, and (d) nucleic acids comprising the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 10.

In order to obtain these nucleotide sequences, nucleotide sequence data of ESTs or genomic DNAs from organisms having PAP activity may be used to search a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein having a high identity with known proteins having PAP activity. Preferred organisms having PAP activity are lipid-producing fungi including, but not limited to, *M. alpina*.

For EST analysis, a cDNA library is first prepared. The cDNA library may be prepared by referring to "Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual 3rd ed." (Cold Spring Harbor Press (2001)). Alternatively, a commercially available cDNA library preparation kit may be used. Examples of a method of preparing a cDNA library suitable for the present invention are as follows. That is, an appropriate strain of *M. alpina*, a lipid-producing fungus, is inoculated into an appropriate medium and pre-cultured for an appropriate period. Culture conditions suitable for this pre-culture are, for example, a medium composition of 1.8% glucose, 1% yeast extract, and pH 6.0, a culture period of 3 to 4 days, and a culture temperature of 28° C. The pre-cultured product is then subjected to main culture under appropriate conditions. A medium composition suitable for the main culture is, for example, 1.8% glucose, 1% soybean powder, 0.1% olive oil, 0.01% Adekanol, 0.3% KH₂PO₄, 0.1% Na₂SO₄, 0.05% CaCl₂·2H₂O, and 0.05% MgCl₂·6H₂O, and pH 6.0. Culture conditions suitable for the main culture are, for example, aeration and agitation culture at 300 rpm, 1 vvm, and 26° C.

for 8 days. An appropriate amount of glucose may be added during culture. The cultured product is sampled at appropriate time points during the main culture, from which the cells are collected to prepare total RNA. The total RNA may be prepared by any known method such as a guanidine hydrochloride/CsCl method. From the resulting total RNA, poly(A)⁺ RNA can be purified using a commercially available kit, and a cDNA library can be prepared using a commercially available kit. The nucleotide sequence of any clone from the prepared cDNA library is determined using primers that are designed on a vector to allow determination of the nucleotide sequence of an insert. As a result, ESTs can be obtained. For example, when a ZAP-cDNA GigapackIII Gold Cloning Kit (Stratagene Inc.) is used for preparing a cDNA library, directional cloning is possible.

In analysis of genomic DNA, cells of an organism having PAP activity are cultured, and genomic DNA is prepared from the cells. The nucleotide sequence of the resulting genomic DNA is determined, and the determined nucleotide sequence is assembled. From the finally obtained supercontig sequence, a sequence encoding an amino acid sequence having a high homology to the amino acid sequence of a known protein having PAP activity is searched. From the supercontig sequence giving a hit as that encoding such an amino acid sequence, primers are prepared. PCR is performed using the cDNA library as a template, and the resulting DNA fragment is inserted into a plasmid for cloning. PCR is performed using the cloned plasmid as a template and the above-mentioned primers to prepare a probe. The cDNA library is screened using the resulting probe.

A homology search of deduced amino acid sequences of MaPAH1.1 and MaPAH1.2 of the present invention was performed against amino acid sequences registered in GenBank with BLASTp program. These deduced amino acid sequences of MaPAH1.1 and MaPAH1.2 give a hit with nuclear elongation and deformation protein 1 putative protein (AAW42851) derived from *Cryptococcus neoformans* var. *neoformans* JEC21 with the highest scores, and the identities are 25.9% and 26.6%, respectively. The deduced amino acid sequences of MaPAH1.1 and MaPAH1.2 of the present invention have identities of 22.7% and 22.5%, respectively, with the amino acid sequence of *S. cerevisiae*-derived PAH1 protein (throughout the specification, also referred to as PAH1 of yeast or ScPAH1), which has been functionally analyzed, among PAP1 homologs of fungi.

The present invention also encompasses nucleic acids functionally equivalent to a nucleic acid including the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6 (hereinafter also referred to as "the nucleotide sequence of the present invention") or a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein consisting of the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 (hereinafter also referred to as "the amino acid sequence of the present invention"). The term "functionally equivalent" refers to that a protein encoded by the nucleotide sequence of the present invention and a protein consisting of the amino acid sequence of the present invention have a phosphatidic acid phosphatase (PAP) activity. In addition, the term "functionally equivalent" includes the activity that enhances generation of diacylglycerol (DG) and/or triglyceride (TG) from phosphatidic acid (PA) in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain when a protein encoded by the nucleotide sequence of the present invention or a protein consisting of the amino acid sequence of the present invention is expressed. The PAP activity of the protein of the present invention and the activity that enhances generation of DG and/or TG from PA

in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain may be Mg^{2+} -dependent or Mg^{2+} -independent. The activity of the protein of the present invention is preferably Mg^{2+} -dependent.

Such nucleic acids that are functionally equivalent to the nucleic acids of the present invention include nucleic acids comprising nucleotide sequences shown in any one of (a) to (g) below. It should be noted that in the descriptions of the nucleotide sequences listed below, the term "the activity of the present invention" refers to "the PAP activity and/or the activity that enhances generation of DG and/or TG from PA in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain".

(a) A nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein that consists of an amino acid sequence having deletion, substitution, or addition of one or more amino acids in the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and has the activity of the present invention

The nucleotide sequence contained in the nucleic acid of the present invention encompasses nucleotide sequences encoding a protein that consists of an amino acid sequence having deletion, substitution, or addition of one or more amino acids in the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and has the activity of the present invention.

Specifically, the nucleotide sequence contained in the nucleic acid of the present invention is a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein having the above-described activity of the present invention and consisting of:

(i) an amino acid sequence having deletion of one or more (preferably one to several (e.g., 1 to 400, 1 to 200, 1 to 130, 1 to 100, 1 to 75, 1 to 50, 1 to 30, 1 to 25, 1 to 20, or 1 to 15, more preferably 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, or 1)) amino acids in the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7;

(ii) an amino acid sequence having substitution of one or more (preferably one to several (e.g., 1 to 400, 1 to 200, 1 to 130, 1 to 100, 1 to 75, 1 to 50, 1 to 30, 1 to 25, 1 to 20, or 1 to 15, more preferably 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, or 1)) amino acids in the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7;

(iii) an amino acid sequence having addition of one or more (preferably one to several (e.g., 1 to 400, 1 to 200, 1 to 130, 1 to 100, 1 to 75, 1 to 50, 1 to 30, 1 to 25, 1 to 20, or 1 to 15, more preferably 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, or 1)) amino acids in the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7; or

(iv) an amino acid sequence in any combination of (i) to (iii) above.

Among the above, substitution is preferably conservative, which means replacement of a certain amino acid residue by another residue having similar physical and chemical characteristics. It may be any substitution that does not substantially alter the structural characteristics of the original sequence. For example, any substitution is possible as long as the substituted amino acids do not disrupt the helix of the original sequence or do not disrupt any other type of secondary structure characterizing the original sequence.

Conservative substitution is generally introduced by synthesis with a biological system or chemical peptide synthesis, preferably by chemical peptide synthesis. In such a case, substituents may include an unnatural amino acid residue, a peptidomimetic, or a reversed or inverted form where an unsubstituted region is reversed or inverted in the amino acid sequence.

Unlimited examples of the mutually substitutable amino acid residues are classified and listed below:

Group A: leucine, isoleucine, norleucine, valine, norvaline, alanine, 2-aminobutanoic acid, methionine, O-methylserine, t-butylglycine, t-butylalanine, and cyclohexylalanine;

Group B: aspartic acid, glutamic acid, isoaspartic acid, isoglutamic acid, 2-aminoadipic acid, and 2-aminosuberic acid;

Group C: asparagine and glutamine;

Group D: lysine, arginine, ornithine, 2,4-diaminobutanoic acid, and 2,3-diaminopropionic acid;

Group E: proline, 3-hydroxyproline, and 4-hydroxyproline;

Group F: serine, threonine, and homoserine; and

Group G: phenylalanine and tyrosine.

In non-conservative substitution, replacement of a member of one of the above classes by a member from another class is possible. In such a case, in order to maintain the biological function of the protein of the present invention, the hydropathic indices of amino acids (hydropathic amino acid indices) (Kyte, et al., J. Mol. Biol., 157: 105-131 (1982)) are preferably considered.

In the case of non-conservative substitution, amino acid substitutions can be accomplished on the basis of hydrophilicity.

Note that in either conservative substitution or non-conservative substitution, the amino acid residue corresponding to the 80th amino acid in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 is preferably glycine, and the region corresponding to the 819 to 823 amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 2 or the 737 to 741 amino acids of SEQ ID NO: 7 is preferably DXDX (T/V) (X is an arbitrary amino acid).

Throughout the specification and drawings, nucleotides, amino acids, and abbreviations thereof are those according to the IUPAC-IUB Commission on Biochemical Nomenclature or those conventionally used in the art, for example, as described in Immunology—A Synthesis (second edition, edited by E. S. Golub and D. R. Gren, Sinauer Associates, Sunderland, Mass. (1991)). Moreover, amino acids which may have optical isomers are intended to represent their L-isomers, unless otherwise specified.

Stereoisomers such as D-amino acids of the above-mentioned amino acids, unnatural amino acids such as α,α -disubstituted amino acids, N-alkylamino acids, lactic acid, and other unconventional amino acids can also be members constituting the proteins of the present invention.

Note that in the protein notation used throughout the specification, the left-hand direction is the amino terminal direction and the right-hand direction is the carboxy terminal direction, in accordance with standard usage and convention in the art.

Similarly, in general, unless otherwise specified, the left-hand end of single-stranded polynucleotide sequences is the 5'-end and the left-hand direction of double-stranded polynucleotide sequences is referred to as the 5'-direction.

Those skilled in the art would be able to design and prepare appropriate mutants of the proteins described in the specification by using techniques known in the art. For example, a region in the protein molecule suitable for changing the structure without impairing the biological activity of the protein of the present invention can be identified by targeting a region which appears to be less important for the biological activity of the protein. It is also possible to identify residues or regions conserved between similar proteins. Moreover, it is also possible to introduce conservative amino acid substitution into a region that appears to be important for the biological activity or structure of the protein of the present invention, without impair-

ing the biological activity and without adversely affecting the polypeptide structure of the protein.

In particular, in the amino acid sequences of MaPAH1.1 and MaPAH1.2, an amino acid sequence of about 100 amino acids at the N-terminal region, which is referred to as lipin, N-terminal conserved region: pfam04571) in regard of a Mg^{2+} -dependent phosphatidic acid phosphatase (PAP1) family enzyme, is relatively well conserved. Moreover, the amino acid sequences of MaPAH1.1 and MaPAH1.2 each have a "DXDX(T/V) catalytic site motif", which is a conserved motif of a haloacid dehalogenase (HAD)-like protein superfamily enzyme. In FIG. 5, DIDGT sequences (corresponding to the 819 to 823 residues of SEQ ID NO: 2 and the 737 to 741 residues of SEQ ID NO: 7) indicated with double underlines correspond to these motifs. The mutants of the present invention may be any mutant that conserves the conserved motif and maintains the above-described activity. It has been reported that a variation in this conserved motif site in the PAP1 of yeast loses the PAP activity (J. Biol. Chem., 282 (51): 37026-37035, (2007)).

Those skilled in the art would be able to conduct a so-called structure-function study which identifies residues of a peptide that is important for a biological activity or structure of a protein of the present invention and residues of a peptide similar to the protein, compares the amino acid residues between these two peptides, and thereby predicts which residue in the protein similar to the protein of the present invention is the amino acid residue corresponding to the important amino acid residue for the biological activity or structure. Moreover, it is possible to select a mutant which maintains the biological activity of the protein of the present invention by selecting amino acid substituent chemically similar to the predicted amino acid residue. Likewise, those skilled in the art would also be able to analyze the three-dimensional structure and amino acid sequence of this protein mutant. The analysis results thus obtained can further be used to predict the alignment of amino acid residues involved in the three-dimensional structure of the protein. Though amino acid residues predicted to be on the protein surface may be involved in important interaction with other molecules, those skilled in the art would be able to prepare a mutant which causes no change in these amino acid residues predicted to be on the protein surface, on the basis of analysis results as mentioned above. Moreover, those skilled in the art would also be able to prepare a mutant having a single amino acid substitution for any of the amino acid residues constituting the protein of the present invention. These mutants may be screened by any known assay to collect information about the individual mutants, which in turn allows evaluation of the usefulness of individual amino acid residues constituting the protein of the present invention by comparison of the case where a mutant having substitution of a specific amino acid residue shows a lower biological activity than that of the protein of the present invention, the case where such a mutant shows no biological activity, or where such a mutant produces unsuitable activity that inhibits the biological activity of the protein of the present invention. Moreover, those skilled in the art can readily analyze amino acid substitutions undesirable for mutants of the protein of the present invention based on information collected from such routine experiment alone or in combination with other mutations.

As described above, a protein consisting of an amino acid sequence having deletion, substitution, or addition of one or more amino acids in the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 can be prepared according to techniques such as site-directed mutagenesis as described

in, for example, "Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual 3rd ed." (Cold Spring Harbor Press (2001)); "Current Protocols in Molecular Biology" (John Wiley & Sons (1987-1997); Kunkel, (1985), Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 82: 488-92; or Kunkel, (1988), Method Enzymol., 85: 2763-6. Preparation of a mutant with such a mutation including amino acid deletion, substitution, or addition may be accomplished, for example, by known procedures such as a Kunkel method or a Gapped duplex method using a mutation-introducing kit based on site-directed mutagenesis such as a QuikChange™ Site-Directed Mutagenesis Kit (manufactured by Stratagene), a GeneTailor™ Site-Directed Mutagenesis System (manufactured by Invitrogen), or a TaKaRa Site-Directed Mutagenesis System (e.g., Mutan-K, Mutan-Super Express Km; manufactured by Takara Bio Inc.).

Techniques for allowing deletion, substitution, or addition of one or more amino acids in the amino acid sequence of a protein while maintaining its activity include, in addition to site-directed mutagenesis mentioned above, a method of treating a gene with a mutagen and a method selectively cleaving a gene and deleting, substituting or adding a selected nucleotide, and then ligating the gene.

The nucleotide sequence contained in the nucleic acid of the present invention is preferably a nucleotide sequence that encodes a protein consisting of an amino acid sequence having deletion, substitution, or addition of 1 to 130 amino acids in the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and having PAP activity.

The nucleotide sequence contained in the nucleic acid of the present invention preferably encompasses nucleotide sequences that encode a protein consisting of an amino acid sequence having deletion, substitution, or addition of 1 to 130 amino acids in the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and having the activity of the present invention.

The number and sites of amino acid mutations or modifications in the protein of the present invention are not limited as long as the PAP activity or the activity that enhances generation of DG and/or TG from PA in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain is maintained.

The PAP activity or the activity that enhances generation of DG and/or TG from PA in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain can be measured by a known method, for example, see J. Biol. Chem., 273, 14331-14338 (1998).

For example, the "PAP activity" of the present invention may be measured as follows: A crude enzyme solution is prepared by disrupting transformed cells expressing PAP of the present invention, centrifugating the lysate, and collecting the supernatant. The resulting crude enzyme solution may be further subjected to purification of PAP of the present invention. The crude enzyme solution containing PAP of the present invention or purified PAP of the present invention is added to a reaction solution containing 0.5 mM phosphatidic acid, 10 mM 2-mercaptoethanol, and 50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), followed by reaction at 25° C. to 28° C. for an appropriate time. The reaction is terminated by addition of a mixture of chloroform and methanol, and lipids are extracted. The resulting lipids are fractionated by thin layer chromatography to measure the amount of generated diacylglycerol.

The "activity that enhances generation of DG and/or TG from PA in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain" may be measured by, for example, as follows: A PAH1-deficient yeast strain is prepared by disrupting the ScPAH1 gene of yeast (*S. cerevisiae*). The PAH1-deficient yeast strain as a host cell is transformed using a vector containing a nucleic acid encoding PAP of the present invention, and the transformed strain

is cultured. The culture solution is centrifugated to collect the cells. The cells are washed with water and lyophilized. Chloroform and methanol are added to the dried cells, and the cells are disrupted with glass beads to extract lipids. The extracted lipids are fractionated by thin layer chromatography, and the amount of generated DG and/or TG is measured. The PAH1-deficient yeast strain transformed with a vector not containing the nucleic acid encoding PAP of the present invention is used as a control for comparison. If the amount of generated DG and/or TG is increased in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain transformed with a vector containing a nucleic acid encoding PAP of the present invention, the PAP is determined to have "an activity that enhances generation of DG and/or TG from PA in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain".

(b) A nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence that is hybridizable with a nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence complementary to the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6 under stringent conditions and encodes a protein having the activity of the present invention

The nucleotide sequence contained in the nucleic acid of the present invention encompasses nucleotide sequences that are hybridizable with a nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence complementary to the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6 under stringent conditions and encode a protein having the activity of the present invention.

Such a nucleotide sequence can be prepared from, for example, a cDNA library or a genomic library by a known hybridization technique such as colony hybridization, plaque hybridization, or Southern blotting using a probe produced from an appropriate fragment by a method known to those skilled in the art.

Detailed procedure of the hybridization can be referred to "Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual 3rd ed." (Cold Spring Harbor Press (2001), in particular, Sections 6 and 7), "Current Protocols in Molecular Biology" (John Wiley & Sons (1987-1997), in particular, Sections 6.3 and 6.4), and "DNA Cloning 1: Core Techniques, A Practical Approach 2nd ed." (Oxford University (1995), in particular, Section 2.10 for hybridization conditions).

The strength of hybridization conditions is determined primarily based on hybridization conditions, more preferably based on hybridization conditions and washing conditions. The term "stringent conditions" used throughout the specification is intended to include moderately or highly stringent conditions.

Specifically, examples of the moderately stringent conditions include hybridization conditions of 1×SSC to 6×SSC at 42° C. to 55° C., more preferably 1×SSC to 3×SSC at 45° C. to 50° C., and most preferably 2×SSC at 50° C. In the case of a hybridization solution containing, for example, about 50% formamide, a hybridization temperature of lower than the temperature mentioned above by 5° C. to 15° C. is employed. Washing conditions are, for example, 0.5×SSC to 6×SSC at 40° C. to 60° C. To the hybridization solution and washing solution, 0.05% to 0.2% SDS, preferably about 0.1% SDS, may usually be added.

Highly stringent (high stringent) conditions include hybridization and/or washing at higher temperature and/or lower salt concentration, compared to the moderately stringent conditions. Examples of the hybridization conditions include 0.1×SSC to 2×SSC at 55° C. to 65° C., more preferably 0.1×SSC to 1×SSC at 60° C. to 65° C., and most preferably 0.2×SSC at 63° C. Washing conditions are, for

example, 0.2×SSC to 2×SSC at 50° C. to 68° C., and more preferably 0.2×SSC at 60° C. to 65° C.

Examples of the hybridization conditions particularly used in the present invention include, but not limited to, prehybridization in 5×SSC, 1% SDS, 50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5) and 50% formamide at 42° C., overnight incubation at 42° C. in the presence of a probe to form hybrids, and washing in 0.2×SSC, 0.1% SDS at 65° C. for 20 minutes three times.

It is also possible to use a commercially available hybridization kit not using radioactive substance as a probe. Specifically, for example, a DIG nucleic acid detection kit (Roche Diagnostics) or an ECL direct labeling & detection system (manufactured by Amersham) is used for hybridization.

Preferred examples of the nucleotide sequence falling within the present invention include nucleotide sequences that are hybridizable with a nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence complementary to the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6 under conditions of 2×SSC at 50° C. and encode a protein having PAP activity.

(c) A nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence which consists of a nucleotide sequence having an identity of 70% or more with the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6 and encodes a protein having the activity of the present invention

The nucleotide sequence contained in the nucleic acid of the present invention encompasses nucleotide sequences which consists of a nucleotide sequence having an identity of at least 70% with the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6 and encode a protein having the activity of the present invention.

Preferably, for example, a nucleic acid comprises a nucleotide sequence having an identity of at least 75%, more preferably 80% or more (e.g., 85% or more, more preferably 90% or more, and most preferably 95%, 98%, or 99% or more) with the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6 and encoding a protein having the activity of the present invention.

The percent identity between two nucleotide sequences can be determined by visual inspection and mathematical calculation, but is preferably determined by comparing sequence information of two nucleic acids using a computer program. As computer programs for sequence comparison, for example, the BLASTN program (Altschul et al., (1990), J. Mol. Biol., 215: 403-10) version 2.2.7, available via the National Library of Medicine website: www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/blast/bl2seq/bls.html or the WU-BLAST 2.0 algorithm can be used. Standard default parameter settings for WU-BLAST 2.0 are described at the following Internet site: blast.wustl.edu.

(d) A nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding an amino acid sequence having an identity of 70% or more with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and encoding a protein having the activity of the present invention

The nucleotide sequence contained in the nucleic acid of the present invention encompasses nucleotide sequences encoding an amino acid sequence having an identity of 70% or more with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and encoding a protein having the activity of the present invention. The protein encoded by the nucleic acid of the present invention may be a protein having an identity with the amino acid sequence of MaPAH1.1 or MaPAH1.2 as long as the protein is functionally equivalent to the protein having the activity of the present invention.

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Specific examples of the protein include amino acid sequences having an identity of 75% or more, preferably 80% or more, more preferably 85% or more, and most preferably 90% or more (e.g., 95% or more, furthermore 98% or more) with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7.

The nucleotide sequence contained in the nucleic acid of the present invention is preferably a nucleotide sequence encoding an amino acid sequence having an identity of 90% or more with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and encoding a protein having the activity of the present invention. More preferably, a nucleotide sequence encoding an amino acid sequence having an identity of 95% or more with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and encoding a protein having the activity of the present invention.

The percent identity between two amino acid sequences can be determined by visual inspection and mathematical calculation or can be determined using a computer program. Examples of such a computer program include BLAST, FASTA (Altschul et al., *J. Mol. Biol.*, 215: 403-410, (1990)) and ClustalW. In particular, various conditions (parameters) for an identity search with the BLAST program are described by Altschul et al. (*Nucl. Acids. Res.*, 25, pp. 3389-3402, 1997) and publicly available via the website of the National Center for Biotechnology Information (NCBI) of USA or the DNA Data Bank of Japan (DDBJ) (BLAST Manual, Altschul et al., NCB/NLM/NIH Bethesda, Md. 20894; Altschul et al.). It is also possible to use a program such as genetic information processing software GENETYX Ver. 7 (Genetyx Corporation), DINASIS Pro (Hitachisoft), or Vector NTI (Infomax) for determination of the percent identity.

A specific alignment scheme for aligning a plurality of amino acid sequences can show matching of sequences also in a specific short region and can therefore detect a region having a very high sequence identity in such a short region even if the full-length sequences have no significant relationship therebetween. In addition, the BLAST algorithm can use the BLOSUM62 amino acid scoring matrix, and the following separation parameters can be used: (A) inclusion of filters to mask a segment of a query sequence having low compositional complexity (as determined by the SEG program of Wootton and Federhen (*Computers and Chemistry*, 1993); also see Wootton and Federhen, 1996, "Analysis of compositionally biased regions in sequence databases", *Methods Enzymol.*, 266: 554-71) or to mask segments consisting of short-periodicity internal repeats (as determined by the XNU program of Claverie and States (*Computers and Chemistry*, 1993), and (B) a statistical significance threshold for reporting matches against database sequences, or the expected probability of matches being found merely by chance, according to the statistical model of E-score (Karlin and Altschul, 1990); if the statistical significance ascribed to a match is greater than this E-score threshold, the match will not be reported.

(e) A nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence that is hybridizable with a nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence complementary to a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein consisting of the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 under stringent conditions and encodes a protein having the activity of the present invention

The nucleotide sequence contained in the nucleic acid of the present invention encompasses nucleotide sequences that are hybridizable with a nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence complementary to a nucleotide

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sequence encoding a protein consisting of the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 under stringent conditions and encode a protein having the activity of the present invention.

The protein consisting of the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and the hybridization conditions are as described above. Examples of the nucleotide sequence contained in the nucleic acid of the present invention include nucleotide sequences that are hybridizable with a nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence complementary to a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein consisting of the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 under stringent conditions and encode a protein having the activity of the present invention.

(f) A nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence that is hybridizable with a nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence complementary to the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 10 under stringent conditions and includes an exon encoding a protein having the activity of the present invention

The nucleotide sequences set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 and SEQ ID NO: 10 are respectively the genomic DNA sequences encoding MaPAH1.1 and MaPAH1.2 of the present invention.

The nucleotide sequence contained in the nucleic acid of the present invention encompasses nucleotide sequences that are hybridizable with a nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence complementary to the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 10 under stringent conditions and include an exon encoding a protein having the activity of the present invention.

Such a nucleotide sequence can be prepared by a method known to those skilled in the art from, for example, a genomic library by a known hybridization technique such as colony hybridization, plaque hybridization, or Southern blotting using a probe produced using an appropriate fragment. The hybridization conditions are as described above.

(g) A nucleic acid comprising a nucleotide sequence which consists of a nucleotide sequence having an identity of 70% or more with the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 10 and includes an exon encoding a protein having the activity of the present invention

The nucleotide sequence contained in the nucleic acid of the present invention encompasses nucleotide sequences which consists of a nucleotide sequence having an identity of at least 70% with the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 10 and encode a protein having the activity of the present invention. Preferred examples of the nucleotide sequence include those having an identity of at least 75%, more preferably 80% or more (e.g., 85% or more, more preferably 90% or more, and most preferably 95%, 98%, or 99% or more) with the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 10 and having an exon encoding a protein having the activity of the present invention. The percent identity between two nucleotide sequences can be determined as described above.

The genomic DNA sequence of SEQ ID NO: 5 is composed of eleven exons and ten introns. In SEQ ID NO: 5, the exon regions correspond to nucleotides 1 to 182, 370 to 584, 690 to 1435, 1536 to 1856, 1946 to 2192, 2292 to 2403, 2490 to 2763, 2847 to 3077, 3166 to 3555, 3648 to 3862, and 3981 to 5034. The genomic DNA sequence of SEQ ID NO: 10 is composed of eight exons and seven introns. In SEQ ID NO: 10, the exon regions correspond to nucleotides 1 to 454,

674 to 1006, 1145 to 1390, 1479 to 1583, 1662 to 1804, 1905 to 2143, 2243 to 3409, and 3520 to 4552.

In another embodiment, examples of the nucleotide sequence contained in the nucleic acid of the present invention include nucleotide sequences including intron regions having a nucleotide sequence identity of 100% with the genomic DNA sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 10 and exon regions having a nucleotide sequence identity of at least 70% or more, more preferably 75% or more, and more preferably 80% or more (e.g., 85% or more, more preferably 90% or more, and most preferably 95%, 98%, or 99% or more) with the sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 10, wherein the exon encodes a protein having the activity of the present invention.

In another embodiment, examples of the nucleotide sequence contained in the nucleic acid of the present invention include nucleotide sequences including exon regions having a nucleotide sequence identity of 100% with the genomic DNA sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 10 and intron regions having a nucleotide sequence identity of at least 70% or more, more preferably 75% or more, and more preferably 80% or more (e.g., 85% or more, more preferably 90% or more, and most preferably 95%, 98%, or 99% or more) with the sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 10, wherein the intron regions can be eliminated by splicing, and thereby the exon regions are ligated to encode a protein having the activity of the present invention.

In another embodiment, examples of the nucleotide sequence contained in the nucleic acid of the present invention include nucleotide sequences including intron regions having a nucleotide sequence identity of at least 70% or more, more preferably 75% or more, and more preferably 80% or more (e.g., 85% or more, more preferably 90% or more, and most preferably 95%, 98%, or 99% or more) with the genomic DNA sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 10 and exon regions having a nucleotide sequence identity of at least 70% or more, more preferably 75% or more, and more preferably 80% or more (e.g., 85% or more, more preferably 90% or more, and most preferably 95% or more, 98% or more, or 99% or more) with the sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 10, wherein the intron regions can be eliminated by splicing, and thereby the exon regions are ligated to encode a protein having the activity of the present invention.

The percent identity between two nucleotide sequences can be determined by the method described above.

The nucleic acid of the present invention encompasses nucleic acids each consisting of a nucleotide sequence having deletion, substitution, or addition of one or more nucleotides in the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6 and encoding a protein having the activity of the present invention. More specifically, a usable nucleic acid include any one of the following nucleotide sequences:

(i) a nucleotide sequence having deletion of one or more (preferably one to several (e.g., 1 to 1200, 1 to 1000, 1 to 750, 1 to 500, 1 to 400, 1 to 300, 1 to 250, 1 to 200, 1 to 150, 1 to 100, 1 to 50, 1 to 30, 1 to 25, 1 to 20, or 1 to 15, more preferably, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, or 1)) nucleotides in the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6;

(ii) a nucleotide sequence having substitution of one or more (preferably one to several (e.g., 1 to 1200, 1 to 1000, 1 to 750, 1 to 500, 1 to 400, 1 to 300, 1 to 250, 1 to 200, 1 to 150, 1 to 100, 1 to 50, 1 to 30, 1 to 25, 1 to 20, or 1 to

15, more preferably, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, or 1)) nucleotides in the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6;

(iii) a nucleotide sequence having addition of one or more (preferably one to several (e.g., 1 to 1200, 1 to 1000, 1 to 750, 1 to 500, 1 to 400, 1 to 300, 1 to 250, 1 to 200, 1 to 150, 1 to 100, 1 to 50, 1 to 30, 1 to 25, 1 to 20, or 1 to 15, more preferably, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, or 1)) nucleotides in the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6; or

(iv) a nucleotide sequence with any combination of (i) to (iii) above, wherein the nucleotide sequence encodes a protein having the activity of the present invention.

A preferred embodiment of the nucleic acid of the present invention also encompasses nucleic acids comprising a fragment of a nucleotide sequence shown in any one of (a) to (d) below:

(a) the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6;

(b) a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein consisting of the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7;

(c) the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 4 or SEQ ID NO: 9; and

(d) the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 10.

(A) the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6, (b) the nucleotide sequence encoding a protein consisting of the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7, and (c) the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 4 or SEQ ID NO: 9 are as shown in Table 1. The nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 10 is also as described above. The fragments of these sequences are ORF, CDS, a biologically active region, a region used as a primer as described later, and a region which may serve as a probe contained in these nucleotide sequences, and may be either naturally occurring or artificially prepared.

The nucleic acid of the present invention encompasses the following nucleic acids.

(1) Nucleic acids shown in any one of (a) to (g) below:

(a) nucleic acids comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein consisting of an amino acid sequence having deletion, substitution, or addition of one or more amino acids in the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7;

(b) nucleic acids hybridizable with a nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence complementary to the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6 under stringent conditions;

(c) nucleic acids comprising a nucleotide sequence having an identity of 70% or more with the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6;

(d) nucleic acids comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein consisting of an amino acid sequence having an identity of 70% or more with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7;

(e) nucleic acids hybridizable with a nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence complementary to a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein consisting of the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 under stringent conditions;

(f) nucleic acids hybridizable with a nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence complementary to the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 10 under stringent conditions; and

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(g) nucleic acids comprising a nucleotide sequence having an identity of 70% or more with the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 10.

(2) Nucleic acids described in (1) above, shown in any one of (a) to (g) below:

(a) nucleic acids comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein consisting of an amino acid sequence having deletion, substitution, or addition of 1 to 130 amino acids in the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7;

(b) nucleic acids hybridizable with a nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence complementary to the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6 under conditions of 2×SSC at 50° C.;

(c) nucleic acids comprising a nucleotide sequence having an identity of 90% or more with the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6;

(d) nucleic acids comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein consisting of an amino acid sequence having an identity of 90% or more with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7;

(e) nucleic acids hybridizable with a nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence complementary to a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein consisting of the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 under conditions of 2×SSC at 50° C.;

(f) nucleic acids hybridizable with a nucleic acid consisting of a nucleotide sequence complementary to the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 10 under conditions of 2×SSC at 50° C.; and

(g) nucleic acids comprising a nucleotide sequence having an identity of 90% or more with the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 or SEQ ID NO: 10.

Phosphatidic Acid Phosphatase of the Present Invention

The protein of the present invention encompasses a protein consisting of the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and proteins functionally equivalent to such a protein. These proteins may be either naturally occurring or artificially prepared. The protein consisting of the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 is as described above. The “proteins functionally equivalent” refers to proteins having “the activity of the present invention” described in the “Nucleic acid encoding phosphatidic acid phosphatase of the present invention” above.

In the present invention, examples of the proteins functionally equivalent to a protein consisting of the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 include proteins shown in (a) and (b) below:

(a) proteins consisting of an amino acid sequence having deletion, substitution, or addition of one or more amino acids in the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and having the activity of the present invention; and

(b) proteins consisting of an amino acid sequence having an identity of 70% or more with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 and having the activity of the present invention.

In the above, the amino acid sequence having deletion, substitution, or addition of one or more amino acids in the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7 or the amino acid sequence having an identity of 70% or more with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 are as described in the “Nucleic acid encoding phosphatidic acid phosphatase of the present invention” above. The “protein having the activity of the present invention” encompasses mutants of proteins encoded by a

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nucleic acid containing the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6; mutated proteins by many types of modification such as deletion, substitution, and addition of one or more amino acids in the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7; those proteins modified having, for example, modified amino acid side chains; and those proteins fused with other proteins, where these proteins have the PAP activity and/or the activity that enhances generation of diacylglycerol (DG) and/or triglyceride (TG) from phosphatidic acid (PA) in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain.

The protein of the present invention may be artificially prepared. In such a case, the protein can be produced by chemical synthesis such as a Fmoc method (fluorenylmethyloxycarbonyl method) or a tBoc method (t-butyloxycarbonyl method). In addition, peptide synthesizers available from Advanced ChemTech, Perkin Elmer, Pharmacia, Protein Technology Instrument, Synthecell-Vega, PerSeptive, Shimadzu Corporation, or other manufacturers may be used for chemical synthesis.

The protein of the present invention further encompasses the following proteins:

(1) (a) proteins consisting of an amino acid sequence having deletion, substitution, or addition of one or more amino acids in the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7;

(b) proteins consisting of an amino acid sequence having an identity of 80% or more with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7; and

(2) proteins according to any one of (a) and (b) below:

(a) proteins consisting of an amino acid sequence having deletion, substitution, or addition of 1 to 200 amino acids in the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7; and

(b) proteins consisting of an amino acid sequence having an identity of 90% or more with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 or SEQ ID NO: 7.

Cloning of Nucleic Acid of the Present Invention

The PAP nucleic acid of the present invention can be cloned by, for example, screening from a cDNA library using an appropriate probe. The cloning can be performed by PCR amplification using appropriate primers and subsequent ligation to an appropriate vector. The cloned nucleic acid may be further subcloned into another vector.

Commercially available plasmid vectors can be used, such as pBlue-Script™ SK(+) (Stratagene), pGEM-T (Promega), pAmp (TM: Gibco-BRL), p-Direct (Clontech), or pCR2.1-TOPO (Invitrogen). In PCR amplification, primers may be any regions of, e.g., the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 4. For example, NotI-PAH1-1-F: 5'-GCG-GCCGCATGCAGTCCGTGGGAAG-3' (SEQ ID NO: 15) can be used as an upstream primer, and MaPAH1-1-10R: 5'-TTCTTGAGTAGCTGCTGTTGTTTCG-3' (SEQ ID NO: 16) can be used as a downstream primer. Then, PCR is performed using cDNA prepared from *M. alpina* cells with the primers above, DNA polymerase, and any other substance. Although this procedure can be readily performed by those skilled in the art according to, e.g., “Molecular Cloning, A Laboratory Manual 3rd ed.” (Cold Spring Harbor Press (2001)), PCR conditions in the present invention may be, for example, as follows:

Denaturation temperature: 90° C. to 95° C.,

Annealing temperature: 40° C. to 60° C.,

Elongation temperature: 60° C. to 75° C., and

Number of cycles: 10 or more cycles.

The resulting PCR product can be purified by a known method, for example, using a kit such as GENECLEAN kit

(Funakoshi Co., Ltd.), QIAquick PCR purification (QIAGEN), or ExoSAP-IT (GE Healthcare Bio-Sciences)); a DEAE-cellulose filter; or a dialysis tube. In the case of using an agarose gel, the PCR product is subjected to agarose gel electrophoresis, and nucleotide sequence fragments are cut out from the agarose gel and are purified, for example, with a GENECLAN kit (Funakoshi Co., Ltd.) or a QIAquick Gel extraction kit (QIAGEN) or by a freeze-squeeze method.

The nucleotide sequence of the cloned nucleic acid can be determined with a nucleotide sequencer.

Vector Construction for Pap Expression and Preparation of Transformant

The present invention also provides a recombinant vector containing a nucleic acid encoding PAP of the present invention. The present invention further provides a transformant transformed with such a recombinant vector.

The recombinant vector and transformant can be prepared as follows: A plasmid having a nucleic acid encoding the PAP of the present invention is digested with a restriction enzyme. Examples of the restriction enzyme include, but not limited to, EcoRI, KpnI, BamHI, and SalI. The end may be blunted with T4 polymerase. A digested DNA fragment is purified by agarose gel electrophoresis. This DNA fragment is incorporated into an expression vector by a known method in order to prepare a vector for PAP expression. This expression vector is introduced into a host cell to prepare a transformant, which is provided for expression of a desired protein.

In this case, the expression vector and the host may be any types that allow expression of a desired protein. Examples of the host include fungi, bacteria, plants, animals, and cells thereof. Examples of fungi include filamentous fungi such as lipid-producing *M. alpina* and yeast strains such as *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*. Examples of bacteria include *Escherichia coli* and *Bacillus subtilis*. Further examples of plants include oil plants such as rapeseed, soybean, cotton, safflower, and flax.

As lipid-producing microorganisms, for example, strains described in MYCOTAXON, Vol. XLIV, NO. 2, pp. 257-265 (1992) can be used, and specific examples thereof include microorganisms belonging to the genus *Mortierella* such as microorganisms belonging to subgenus *Mortierella*, e.g., *Mortierella elongata* IFO8570, *Mortierella exigua* IFO8571, *Mortierella hygrophila* IFO5941, *Mortierella alpina* IFO8568, ATCC16266, ATCC32221, ATCC42430, CBS 219.35, CBS224.37, CBS250.53, CBS343.66, CBS527.72, CBS528.72, CBS529.72, CBS608.70, and CBS754.68; and microorganisms belonging to subgenus *Micromucor*, e.g., *Mortierella isabellina* CBS194.28, IFO6336, IFO7824, IFO7873, IFO7874, IFO8286, IFO8308, IFO7884, *Mortierella nana* IFO8190, *Mortierella ramanniana* IFO5426, IFO8186, CBS112.08, CBS212.72, IFO7825, IFO8184, IFO8185, IFO8287, and *Mortierella vinacea* CBS236.82. In particular, *Mortierella alpina* is preferred.

When a fungus is used as a host, the nucleic acid of the present invention is preferably self-replicable in the host or preferably has a structure insertable onto the fungal chromosome. Preferably, the nucleic acid also includes a promoter and a terminator. When *M. alpina* is used as a host, for example, pD4, pDuraSC, or pDura5 can be used as the expression vector. Any promoter that allows expression in the host can be used, and examples thereof include promoters derived from *M. alpina*, such as histonH4.1 gene pro-

moter, GAPDH (glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase) gene promoter, and TEF (translation elongation factor) gene promoter.

Examples of the method introducing a recombinant vector into filamentous fungi such as *M. alpina* include electroporation, a spheroplast method, a particle delivery method, and direct microinjection of DNA into nuclei. In the case of using an auxotrophic host strain, the transformed strain can be obtained by selecting a strain that grows on a selective medium lacking a certain nutrient(s). Alternatively, in transformation of using a drug resistant-marker gene, a colony of drug-resistant cells can be obtained by culturing the host cells in a selective medium containing the drug.

When yeast is used as a host, for example, pYE22m can be used as the expression vector. Alternatively, commercially available yeast expression vectors such as pYES (Invitrogen) or pESC (STRATAGENE) may be used. Examples of the host suitable for the present invention include, but not limited to, *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* strain EH13-15 (trp1, MAT α). The promoter that can be used is, for example, a promoter derived from yeast, such as GAPDH promoter, gall promoter, or gal10 promoter.

Examples of the method introducing a recombinant vector into yeast include a lithium acetate method, electroporation, a spheroplast method, dextran-mediated transfection, calcium phosphate precipitation, polybrene-mediated transfection, protoplast fusion, encapsulation of polynucleotide(s) in liposomes, and direct microinjection of DNA into nuclei.

When a bacterium such as *E. coli* is used as a host, for example, pGEX or pUC18 available from Pharmacia can be used as the expression vector. The promoter that can be used include those derived from, for example, *E. coli* or phage, such as trp promoter, lac promoter, PL promoter, and PR promoter. Examples of the method of introducing a recombinant vector into bacteria include electroporation and calcium chloride methods.

Method of Preparing Fatty Acid Composition of the Present Invention

The present invention provides a method of preparing a fatty acid composition from the transformant described above, i.e., a method of preparing a fatty acid composition from a cultured product obtained by culturing the transformant. The fatty acid composition contains an assembly of one or more fatty acids therein. The fatty acids may be free fatty acids or may be present in the form of lipids containing fatty acids such as triglyceride or phospholipid. Specifically, the fatty acid composition of the present invention can be prepared by the following method. Alternatively, the fatty acid composition can also be prepared by any other known method.

The medium used for culturing an organism expressing PAP may be any culture solution (medium) that has an appropriate pH and osmotic pressure and contains biomaterials such as nutrients, trace elements, serum, and antibiotics necessary for growth of each host. For example, in the case of expressing PAP by transforming yeast, unlimited examples of the medium include SC-Trp medium, YPD medium, and YPD5 medium. The composition of a specific medium, for example, SC-Trp medium, is as follows: One liter of the medium includes 6.7 g of yeast nitrogen base w/o amino acids (DIFCO), 20 g of glucose, and 1.3 g of amino acid powder (a mixture of 1.25 g of adenine sulfate, 0.6 g of arginine, 3 g of aspartic acid, 3 g of glutamic acid, 0.6 g of histidine, 1.8 g of leucine, 0.9 g of lysine, 0.6 g of methionine, 1.5 g of phenylalanine, 11.25 g of serine, 0.9 g of tyrosine, 4.5 g of valine, 6 g of threonine, and 0.6 g of uracil).

Any culture conditions which are suitable for host growth and adequate for stably maintaining the generated enzyme may be employed. Specifically, individual conditions including anaerobic degree, culture period, temperature, humidity, and static culture or shake culture can be adjusted. Culture may be accomplished under the same conditions (one-step culture) or by so-called two-step or three-step culture using two or more different culture conditions. For large-scale culture, two- or more-step culture is preferred because of its high culture efficiency.

In two-step culture using yeast as the host, the fatty acid composition of the present invention can be prepared as follows: As pre-culture, a colony of a transformant is inoculated in, for example, the SC-Trp medium and shake-cultured at 30° C. for two days. Subsequently, 500 µL of the pre-culture solution as main culture is added to 10 mL of YPD5 (2% yeast extract, 1% polypeptone, and 5% glucose) medium, followed by shake culture at 30° C. for two days.

Fatty Acid Composition of the Present Invention

The present invention also provides a fatty acid composition as an assembly of one or more fatty acids in cells expressing PAP of the present invention, preferably, a fatty acid composition obtained by culturing a transformant expressing PAP of the present invention. The fatty acids may be free fatty acids or may be present in the form of lipids containing fatty acids such as triglyceride or phospholipid.

The fatty acids contained in the fatty acid composition of the present invention are linear or branched monocarboxylic acids of long-chain carbohydrates, and examples thereof include, but not limited to, myristic acid (tetradecanoic acid) (14:0), myristoleic acid (tetradecenoic acid) (14:1), palmitic acid (hexadecanoic acid) (16:0), palmitoleic acid (9-hexadecenoic acid) (16:1), stearic acid (octadecanoic acid) (18:0), oleic acid (cis-9-octadecenoic acid) (18:1(9)), vaccenic acid (11-octadecenoic acid) (18:1(11)), linolic acid (cis,cis-9,12 octadecadienoic acid) (18:2(9,12)), α-linolenic acid (9,12,15-octadecatrienoic acid) (18:3(9,12,15)), γ-linolenic acid (6,9,12-octadecatrienoic acid) (18:3(6,9,12)), stearidonic acid (6,9,12,15-octadecatetraenoic acid) (18:4(6,9,12,15)), arachidic acid (icosanoic acid) (20:0), (8,11-icosadienoic acid) (20:2(8,11)), mead acid (5,8,11-icosatrienoic acid) (20:3(5,8,11)), dihomog-γ-linolenic acid (8,11,14-icosatrienoic acid) (20:3(8,11,14)), arachidonic acid (5,8,11,14-icosatetraenoic acid) (20:4(5,8,11,14)), eicosatetraenoic acid (8,11,14,17-icosatetraenoic acid) (20:4(8,11,14,17)), eicosapentaenoic acid (5,8,11,14,17-icosapentaenoic acid) (20:5(5,8,11,14,17)), behenic acid (docosanoic acid) (22:0), (7,10,13,16-docosatetraenoic acid) (22:4(7,10,13,16)), (7,10,13,16,19-docosapentaenoic acid) (22:5(7,10,13,16,19)), (4,7,10,13,16-docosapentaenoic acid) (22:5(4,7,10,13,16)), (4,7,10,13,16,19-docosahexaenoic acid) (22:6(4,7,10,13,16,19)), lignoceric acid (tetracosanoic acid) (24:0), nervonic acid (cis-15-tetracosanoic acid) (24:1), and cerotic acid (hexacosanoic acid) (26:0). Note that the substance names are common names defined by the IUPAC Biochemical Nomenclature, and their systematic names are given in parentheses along with numerics denoting the number of carbons and the positions of double bonds.

The fatty acid composition of the present invention may be composed of any number and any type of fatty acids, as long as it is a combination of one or more fatty acids selected from the fatty acids mentioned above.

Food or Other Products Comprising Fatty Acid Composition of the Present Invention

The present invention also provides a food product comprising the fatty acid composition described above. The fatty acid composition of the present invention can be used for

production of food products containing fats and oils and production of industrial raw materials (for example, raw materials for cosmetics, pharmaceuticals (e.g., external applications for the skin), and soaps), in usual methods. Cosmetics (cosmetic compositions) or pharmaceuticals (pharmaceutical compositions) may be formulated into any dosage form including, but not limited to, solutions, pastes, gels, solids, and powders. Examples of the forms of food products include pharmaceutical formulations such as capsules; natural liquid diets, semi-digested nutritious diets, and elemental nutritious diets where the fatty acid composition of the present invention is blended with proteins, sugars, fats, trace elements, vitamins, emulsifiers, and flavorings; and processed forms such as drinkable preparations and enteral nutrients.

Moreover, examples of the food product of the present invention include, but not limited to, nutritional supplements, health food, functional food, children's food, modified milk for infants, modified milk for premature infant, and geriatric food. Throughout the specification, the term "food" is used as a collective term for edible materials in the form of a solid, a fluid, a liquid, or a mixture thereof.

The term "nutritional supplements" refers to food products enriched with specific nutritional ingredients. The term "health food" refers to food products that are healthful or good for health and encompasses nutritional supplements, natural food, and diet food. The term "functional food" refers to food products for supplying nutritional ingredients that assist body control functions and is synonymous with food for specified health use. The term "children's food" refers to food products given to children up to about 6 years old. The term "geriatric food" refers to food products treated to facilitate digestion and absorption thereof, compared to untreated food. The term "modified milk for infants" refers to modified milk given to children up to about one year old. The term "modified milk for premature infants" refers to modified milk given to premature infants until about 6 months after birth.

Examples of these food products include natural food (treated with fats and oils) such as meat, fish, and nuts; food supplemented with fats and oils during preparation, such as Chinese foods, Chinese noodles, and soups; food products prepared using fats and oils as heating media, such as tempura (deep-fried fish and vegetables), deep-fried food, fried tofu, Chinese fried rice, doughnuts, and Japanese fried dough cookies (karinto); fat- and oil-based food or processed food supplemented with fats and oils during processing, such as butter, margarine, mayonnaise, dressing, chocolate, instant noodles, caramel, biscuits, cookies, cake, and ice cream; and food sprayed or coated with fats and oils upon finishing, such as rice crackers, hard biscuits, and sweet bean paste bread. However, the food products of the present invention are not limited to food containing fats and oils, and other examples thereof include agricultural food products such as bakery products, noodles, cooked rice, sweets (e.g., candies, chewing gums, gummies, tablets, Japanese sweets), tofu, and processed products thereof; fermented food products such as refined sake, medicinal liquor, seasoning liquor (mirin), vinegar, soy sauce, and miso; livestock food products such as yogurt, ham, bacon, and sausage; seafood products such as fish paste (kama-boko), deep-fried fish paste (agetan), and fish cake (hanpen); and fruit drinks, soft drinks, sports drinks, alcoholic beverages, and tea.

Method for Strain Evaluation and Selection Using Pap-Encoding Nucleic Acid or PAP Protein of the Present Invention

The present invention also provides a method of evaluating or selecting a lipid-producing fungus using the PAP-encoding nucleic acid or PAP protein of the present invention. Details are given below.

(1) Method for Evaluation

One embodiment of the present invention is a method of evaluating a lipid-producing fungus using the PAP-encoding nucleic acid or PAP protein of the present invention. In the method for evaluation of the present invention, for example, a lipid-producing fungus strain as a test strain is evaluated for the activity of the present invention using primers or probes designed based on the nucleotide sequence of the present invention. Such evaluation can be performed by known procedures, for example, described in International Publication No. WO01/040514 and JP-A-8-205900. The method for evaluation will be briefly described below.

The first step is preparation of a genome of a test strain. The genome can be prepared by any known method such as a Hereford method or a potassium acetate method (see, e.g., *Methods in Yeast Genetics*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, p. 130 (1990)).

Primers or probes are designed based on the nucleotide sequence of the present invention, preferably the sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6. These primers or probes may be any regions of the nucleotide sequence of the present invention and may be designed by a known procedure. The number of nucleotides in a polynucleotide used as a primer is generally 10 or more, preferably 15 to 25. The number of nucleotides appropriate for a region to be flanked by primers is generally 300 to 2000.

The primers or probes prepared above are used to examine whether the genome of a test strain contains a sequence specific to the nucleotide sequence of the present invention. The sequence specific to the nucleotide sequence of the present invention can be detected by a known procedure. For example, a polynucleotide containing a part or all of the sequence specific to the nucleotide sequence of the present invention or a polynucleotide containing a nucleotide sequence complementary to the nucleotide sequence is used as one primer, and a polynucleotide containing a part or all of a sequence located upstream or downstream of this sequence or a polynucleotide containing a nucleotide sequence complementary to the nucleotide sequence is used as the other primer, and a nucleic acid from the test strain is amplified by PCR or other techniques. Further, for example, the presence or absence of an amplification product and the molecular weight of an amplification product can be measured.

PCR conditions suitable for the method of the present invention are not particularly limited and may be, for example, as follows:

Denaturation temperature: 90° C. to 95° C.

Annealing temperature: 40° C. to 60° C.

Elongation temperature: 60° C. to 75° C.

Number of cycles: 10 or more cycles.

The resulting reaction products can be separated by electrophoresis on an agarose gel or any other process to determine the molecular weight of the amplification product. The test strain can be predicted or evaluated for the activity of the present invention by confirming whether the molecular weight of the amplification product is enough for covering a nucleic acid molecule corresponding to a region specific to the nucleotide sequence of the present invention. Furthermore, the activity of the present invention can be predicted

or evaluated with higher accuracy by analyzing the nucleotide sequence of the amplification product by the method described above. The method of evaluating the activity of the present invention is as described above.

Alternatively, in the evaluation according to the present invention, a test strain can be evaluated for the activity of the present invention by culturing the test strain and measuring the expression level of PAP encoded by the nucleotide sequence of the present invention, e.g., the sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6. The expression level of PAP can be measured by culturing a test strain under appropriate conditions and quantifying mRNA or protein for PAP. The mRNA or protein can be quantified by a known procedure. For example, mRNA can be quantified by Northern hybridization or quantitative RT-PCR, and protein can be quantified by Western blotting (*Current Protocols in Molecular Biology*, John Wiley & Sons, 1994-2003).

(2) Method for Selection

Another embodiment of the present invention is a method of selecting a lipid-producing fungus using the PAP-encoding nucleic acid or PAP protein of the present invention. In the selection according to the present invention, a strain having a desired activity can be selected by culturing a test strain, measuring the expression level of PAP encoded by the nucleotide sequence of the present invention, e.g., sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1 or SEQ ID NO: 6, and selecting a strain of a desired expression level. Alternatively, a desired strain can be selected by establishing a standard strain, culturing the standard strain and a test strain separately, measuring the expression level of each strain, and comparing the expression level of the standard strain with that of the test strain. Specifically, for example, a standard strain and test strains are cultured under appropriate conditions, and the expression level of each strain is measured. A strain exhibiting a desired activity can be selected by selecting a test strain showing higher or lower expression than the standard strain does. The desired activity can be determined by, for example, measuring the expression level of PAP and the composition of fatty acids produced by PAP, as described above.

In the selection according to the present invention, a test strain having a desired activity can be selected by culturing test strains and selecting a strain having high or low activity of the present invention. A desired activity can be determined by, for example, measuring the expression level of PAP and the composition of fatty acids produced by PAP, as described above.

Examples of the test strain and the standard strain include, but not limited to, strains transformed with the vector of the present invention, strains modified to suppress expression of the nucleic acid of the present invention, mutagenized strains, and naturally mutated strains. The activity of the present invention can be measured by, for example, the method described in the "Nucleic acid encoding phosphatidic acid phosphatase of the present invention" in the specification. Examples of the mutagenesis include, but not limited to, physical methods such as irradiation with ultraviolet light or radiation; and chemical methods by treatment with a chemical such as EMS (ethylmethane sulfonate) or N-methyl-N-nitrosoguanidine (see, e.g., Yasuji Oshima ed., *Biochemistry Experiments* vol. 39, Experimental Protocols for Yeast Molecular Genetics, pp. 67-75, Japan Scientific Societies Press).

Examples of the strain used as the standard strain of the present invention or the test strain include, but not limited to, the lipid-producing fungus and yeast described above. Specifically, the standard strain and the test strain may be any

combination of strains belonging to different genera or species, and one or more test strains may be simultaneously used.

The present invention will now be described in more detail by the following examples, which are not intended to limit the scope of the invention.

EXAMPLES

Example 1

Genomic Analysis of *M. alpina*

M. alpina strain 1S-4 was inoculated into 100 mL of a GY2:1 medium (2% glucose, 1% yeast extract, pH 6.0) and was shake-cultured at 28° C. for 2 days. The cells were collected by filtration and genomic DNA was prepared by using DNeasy (QIAGEN).

The nucleotide sequence of the genome DNA was determined using a Roche 454 GS FLX Standard. On this occasion, the nucleotide of a fragment library was sequenced in two runs, and the nucleotide of a mate pair library was sequenced in three runs. The resulting nucleotide sequences were assembled to obtain 300 supercontigs.

Example 2

Synthesis of cDNA and Construction of cDNA Library

M. alpina strain 1S-4 was inoculated into 100 mL of a medium (1.8% glucose, 1% yeast extract, pH 6.0) and was shake-cultured at 28° C. for 4 days. The cells were collected by filtration, and total RNA was prepared by a guanidine hydrochloride/CsCl method.

From the total RNA, cDNA was synthesized by reverse transcription with SuperScript II RT (Invitrogen) using a random hexamer. In addition, from the total RNA, poly(A)⁺ RNA was purified using an Oligotex-dT30<Super>mRNA Purification Kit (Takara Bio Inc.). A cDNA library was constructed using a ZAP-cDNA GigapackIII Gold Cloning Kit (STRATAGENE).

Example 3

Search for Homolog of *S. cerevisiae*-Derived PAH1

The amino acid sequence of a gene having the PAP activity of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*, PAH1 (YMR165C) (may be also referred to as ScPAH1 in the specification), was subjected to tblastn analysis against *M. alpina* strain 1S-4 genome nucleotide sequences. As a result, supercontigs including the sequences set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 and SEQ ID NO: 10 gave a hit. The gene relating to SEQ ID NO: 5 was named MaPAH1.1, and the gene relating to SEQ ID NO: 10 was named MaPAH1.2.

Example 4

Cloning of MaPAH1.1 and MaPAH1.2

(1) Preparation of Probe

In order to clone cDNAs of the MaPAH1.1 gene and the MaPAH1.2 gene, nucleotide sequences set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 and SEQ ID NO: 10 and the following primers determined based on the results of the BLAST analysis above were prepared.

(SEQ ID NO: 11)
MaPAH1-1-3F: 5'-CGCCAATACATTGACGTTTTCAG-3'

(SEQ ID NO: 12)
MaPAH1-1-5R: 5'-AGTTCCAGTCATTGAACCTCGGGTGC-3'

(SEQ ID NO: 13)
MaPAH1-2-3F: 5'-GAGCCCAGTTGACCTTTGAGGCATTC-3'

(SEQ ID NO: 14)
MaPAH1-2-5R: 5'-CACTGAGAACGAGACCGTGTGGCG-3'

PCR was performed with ExTaq (Takara Bio Inc.) using the cDNA library constructed in Example 2 as a template and a combination of primer MaPAH1-1-3F and primer MaPAH1-1-5R or a combination of primer MaPAH1-2-3F and primer MaPAH1-2-5R at 94° C. for 2 min and then 30 cycles of (94° C. for 30 sec, 55° C. for 30 sec, and 72° C. for 2 min). The DNA fragment of about 0.6 kbp obtained in each combination was cloned with a TOPO-TA cloning Kit (Invitrogen), and the nucleotide sequence of the insert of the resulting plasmid was determined. The plasmid, obtained by the former combination of the primer, having a sequence corresponding to the nucleotides 2352 to 3010 of SEQ ID NO: 4 was identified as pCR-MaPAH1.1-P; and the plasmid, obtained by the latter combination of the primers, having a sequence corresponding to the nucleotides 1615 to 2201 of SEQ ID NO: 9 was identified as pCR-MaPAH1.2-P.

Subsequently, probes were produced by PCR using these plasmids as templates and the primers in the above. In the reaction, ExTaq (Takara Bio Inc., Japan) was used, except that a PCR labeling mix (Roche Diagnostics) was used instead of the attached dNTP mix for labeling DNAs to be amplified with digoxigenin (DIG) to prepare an MaPAH1.1 probe and an MaPAH1.2 probe. The cDNA library was screened with these probes.

Hybridization conditions were set as follows:

Buffer: 5×SSC, 1% SDS, 50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 50% formamide,

Temperature: 42° C. (overnight), and

Washing conditions: in 0.2×SSC, 0.1% SDS solution (65° C.) for 20 min (three times).

A DIG nucleic acid detection kit (Roche Diagnostics) was used for detection. Plasmids were cut out by in vivo excision from phage clones obtained by screening to obtain each plasmid DNA. A plasmid having the longest insert among the plasmids obtained by screening with the MaPAH1.1 probe had a sequence of the positions 1307th and after in the sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 4 and was named plasmid pB-MaPAH1.1p. The results of comparison with the amino acid sequence of ScPAH1 suggest that this plasmid pB-MaPAH1.1p does not contain a region encoding the N-terminal of PAH1.1. Comparison of the genomic sequence (SEQ ID NO: 5), which was expected to have the MaPAH1.1 gene from the results of BLAST analysis, with the N-terminal sequence of the amino acid sequence of ScPAH1 suggest that ATG at the 1 to 3 positions in the sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5 is the start codon. Each frame of the plasmid pB-MaPAH1.1p was translated into an amino acid sequence. The amino acid sequence was compared with the amino acid sequence of ScPAH1 protein derived from *S. cerevisiae*. The results suggest that the TGA at the 3985 to 3987 positions in the sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 4 is the stop codon. Accordingly, in order to clone the full-length cDNA, the following primers were designed:

(SEQ ID NO: 15)
NotI-PAH1-1-F: 5'-GCGGCCGCATGCAGTCCGTGGGAAG-3',
and

(SEQ ID NO: 16)
MaPAH1-1-10R: 5'-TTCTTGAGTAGCTGCTGTTGTCG-3'.

PCR was performed with ExTaq (Takara Bio Inc.) using the cDNA above as a template and a combination of primer NotI-PAH1-1-F and primer MaPAH1-1-10R at 94° C. for 2 min and then 30 cycles of (94° C. for 30 sec, 55° C. for 30 sec, and 72° C. for 2 min). The resulting DNA fragment of about 1.5 kbp was cloned with a TOPO-TA cloning Kit (Invitrogen), and the nucleotide sequence of the inserted part was determined. The plasmid that cloned the DNA fragment including the sequence of nucleotides 1 to 1500 of SEQ ID NO: 4 was identified as pCR-MaPAH1.1-Np. Subsequently, a DNA fragment of about 1.4 kbp obtained by digestion of plasmid pCR-MaPAH1.1-Np with restriction enzymes NotI and XhoI, a DNA fragment of about 3.7 kbp obtained by digestion of plasmid pB-MaPAH1.1p with restriction enzymes NotI and BamHI, and a DNA fragment of about 2.1 kb obtained by digestion of plasmid pB-MaPAH1.1p with restriction enzymes XhoI and BamHI were linked using ligation high (TOYOBO) to prepare plasmid pB-MaPAH1.1 cDNA, which probably contain the full-length cDNA of MaPAH1.1. A cDNA sequence including the full-length ORF of MaPAH1.1 is shown in SEQ ID NO: 4.

Separately, a plasmid having the longest insert among the plasmids obtained by screening with the MaPAH1.2 probe had the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 9. The results of comparison of this plasmid with the sequence of ScPAH1 derived from *S. cerevisiae* suggest that the plasmid has cDNA including the full-length ORF of MaPAH1.2. This plasmid was identified as pB-MaPAH1.2 cDNA.

(2) Sequence Analysis

The cDNA sequence (SEQ ID NO: 4) of the MaPAH1.1 gene includes CDS (SEQ ID NO: 3) consisting of a sequence of the nucleotides 1 to 3987 and ORF (SEQ ID NO: 1) consisting of a sequence of the nucleotides 1 to 3984. A deduced amino acid sequence encoded by the MaPAH1.1 gene is shown in SEQ ID NO: 2. The genomic sequence of the MaPAH1.1 gene was compared with the ORF sequence (FIG. 1). The results suggest that the genomic sequence of the MaPAH1.1 gene is composed of eleven exons and ten introns.

The cDNA sequence (SEQ ID NO: 9) of the MaPAH1.2 gene includes CDS (SEQ ID NO: 8) consisting of a sequence of the nucleotides 72 to 3791 and ORF (SEQ ID NO: 6) consisting of a sequence of the nucleotides 72 to 3788. A deduced amino acid sequence encoded by the MaPAH1.2 gene is shown in SEQ ID NO: 7. The genomic sequence of the MaPAH1.2 gene was compared with the ORF sequence (FIG. 2). The genomic sequence of the MaPAH1.2 gene is composed of eight exons and seven introns.

The cDNA sequences of MaPAH1.1 and MaPAH1.2 and deduced amino acid sequences thereof are respectively shown in FIG. 3 and FIG. 4.

The deduced amino acid sequences of MaPAH1.1 and MaPAH1.2 were subjected to homology search against amino acid sequences in GenBank with the BLASTp program. Both amino acid sequences gave a hit with nuclear elongation and deformation protein 1 putative protein (AAW42851) derived from *Cryptococcus neoformans* var. *neoformans* JEC21 with the highest scores, but the identities thereof were low, i.e., 25.9% and 26.6%, respectively.

The amino acid sequences of MaPAH1.1 and MaPAH1.2 derived from *M. alpina* of the present invention have identities of 22.7% and 22.5%, respectively, with the amino acid sequence of ScPAH1 protein, which has been functionally analyzed, among PAP1 homologs of fungi. The amino acid sequences of MaPAH1.1 and MaPAH1.2 derived from *M. alpina* in the present invention were compared with the amino acid sequences of known ScPAH1 and mouse-derived lipin (FIG. 5). In the PAP1 family enzymes, the amino acid sequence of the N-terminal region is well conserved and is called lipin, N-terminal conserved region (pfam04571). In also MaPAH1.1 and MaPAH1.2 derived from *M. alpina* of the present invention, the known enzyme and the N-terminal region are relatively well conserved. In addition, the DIDGT sequence indicated with double underline in FIG. 5 is haloacid dehalogenase (HAD)-like protein superfamily enzyme and is consistent with the motif of the conserved DDXD(T/V) catalytic site.

The CDS sequences of MaPAH1.1 and MaPAH1.2 were compared with each other to show an identity of 54.7% (FIG. 6), while the identity between the deduced amino acid sequences was 35.6% (FIG. 7).

Example 5

Expression of MaPAH1.1 and MaPAH1.2 in Yeast

Construction of Expression Vector of MaPAH1.1 and MaPAH1.2:

In order to express MaPAH1.1 in yeast, expression vectors were constructed as follows.

Yeast expression vector pYE22m (Biosci. Biotech. Biochem., 59, 1221-1228, 1995) was digested with a restriction enzyme EcoRI, and the ends were blunted with a Blunting Kit (TaKaRa Bio Inc.). The resulting fragment and a linker, pNotI, phosphorylated (8-mer) (TaKaRa Bio Inc.) were linked to each other using ligation high (TOYOBO) to construct vector pYE22mN. The vector pYE22mN was digested with restriction enzymes NotI and KpnI, and the resulting fragment was linked to a DNA fragment of about 4.2 kbp obtained by digestion of plasmid pB-MaPAH1.1 cDNA with restriction enzymes NotI and KpnI to provide plasmid pYE-MaPAH1.1. Separately, vector pYE22mN was digested with restriction enzymes NotI and KpnI, and the resulting fragment was linked to a DNA fragment of about 3.8 kbp obtained by digestion of plasmid pB-MaPAH1.2 cDNA with restriction enzymes NotI and KpnI to provide plasmid pYE-MaPAH1.2.

Preparation of *S. cerevisiae* ΔScpah1:URA3 Strain

In order to clone an ScPAH1 gene derived from *S. cerevisiae* strain S288C, the following primers were prepared:

Primer KpnI-PAH1-F: (SEQ ID NO: 17)
5'-GGTACCATGCAGTACGTAGGCAGAGCTC-3',
and

Primer XhoI-PAH1-R: (SEQ ID NO: 18)
5'-CTCGAGTTAATCTTCGAATTCATCTTCG-3'.

S. cerevisiae strain S288C was cultured in an YPD (2% yeast extract, 1% polypeptone, 2% glucose) liquid medium at 30° C. overnight. From the cells, DNA was extracted using Dr. GenTLE (from yeast) (TaKaRa Bio Inc.), and the ScPAH1 gene was amplified by PCR with ExTaq using the resulting DNA as a template and primers KpnI-PAH1-F and

XhoI-PAH1-R. The resulting DNA fragment of about 2.5 kbp was cloned using a TOPO TA cloning Kit, and a clone having a correct nucleotide sequence was identified as pCR-ScPAH1. A DNA fragment of about 0.4 kbp obtained by digestion of pCR-ScPAH1 with restriction enzymes EcoRI and EcoRV and a DNA fragment of about 2.1 kbp obtained by digestion of pCR-ScPAH1 with restriction enzymes EcoRV and XhoI were ligated to vector pBlue-scriptIIISK+digested by restriction enzymes EcoRI and XhoI to prepare plasmid pBScPAH1. Plasmid pBScPAH1 was digested with restriction enzymes EcoRV and HincII and was ligated to a DNA fragment of about 1.2 kbp obtained by digestion of plasmid pURA34 (Japanese Unexamined Patent Application Publication No. 2001-120276) with a restriction enzyme HindIII and then blunt-ended. The resulting product having the URA3 gene in the same direction as that of the ScPAH1 gene was determined as plasmid pBΔpah1:URA3. Subsequently, *S. cerevisiae* strain YPH499 (ura3-52 lys2-801amber ade2-101ochre trp1-Δ63 his3-Δ200 leu2-Δ1 a) (STARATAGENE), as a host, was transformed with a DNA fragment obtained by digestion of plasmid pBΔpah1:URA3 with a restriction enzyme EcoRI. Transformed strain was selected by the ability to grow on an SC-Ura agar medium (one liter of the medium includes 6.7 g of yeast nitrogen base w/o amino acids (DIFCO), 20 g of glucose, 1.3 g of amino acid powder (a mixture of 1.25 g of adenine sulfate, 0.6 g of arginine, 3 g of aspartic acid, 3 g of glutamic acid, 0.6 g of histidine, 1.8 g of leucine, 0.9 g of lysine, 0.6 g of methionine, 1.5 g of phenylalanine, 11.25 g of serine, 0.9 g of tyrosine, 4.5 g of valine, 6 g of threonine, and 1.2 g of tryptophan), and an agar medium (2% agar)). A strain that was confirmed by PCR that the Δpah1:URA3 construction was introduced thereinto and that the ScPAH1 gene was disrupted was determined as a ΔScpah1:URA3 strain.

Acquisition of Transformed Strain:

The ΔScpah1:URA3 strain was used as a host and transformed with plasmid pYE22m, pYE-MaPAH1.1, or pYE-MaPAH1.2. Transformed strains were selected by the ability to grow on an SC-Ura, Trp agar medium (one liter of the medium includes 6.7 g of yeast nitrogen base w/o amino acids (DIFCO), 20 g of glucose, 1.3 g of amino acid powder (a mixture of 1.25 g of adenine sulfate, 0.6 g of arginine, 3 g of aspartic acid, 3 g of glutamic acid, 0.6 g of histidine, 1.8 g of leucine, 0.9 g of lysine, 0.6 g of methionine, 1.5 g of phenylalanine, 11.25 g of serine, 0.9 g of tyrosine, 4.5 g of valine, and 6 g of threonine), and an agar medium (2% agar)). Arbitrary two strains from the respective strains transformed with each plasmid (control strains transformed with plasmid pYE22m: C1 and C2, strains transformed with plasmid pYE-MaPAH1.1: MaPAH1.1-1 and MaPAH1.1-2, and strains transformed with plasmid pYE-MaPAH1.2: MaPAH1.2-1 and MaPAH1.2-2) were used the subsequent experiments.

Example 6

Measurement of Mg²⁺-Dependent Phosphatidic Acid Phosphatase Activity (PAP1 Activity)

Each transformed yeast strain was inoculated into 100 mL of an SC-Ura, Trp liquid medium and shake-cultured at 30° C. for one day. A crude enzyme solution was prepared from the resulting culture solution as follows. In particular, the procedure was conducted at 4° C. or in ice. The cells were collected from the culture solution by centrifugation and were washed with water. Subsequently, the cells were suspended in 5 mL of buffer A (50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 0.3

M sucrose, 10 mM mercaptoethanol, 0.5 mM phenylmethylsulfonyl fluoride (PMSF)). The cells were disrupted by treatment with a french press (Thermo Fisher Scientific), Mini-Cell, at 16 kPa three times. The cell lysate was subjected to centrifugation at 1500×g for 10 min, and the supernatant was collected as a crude enzyme solution. The concentration of protein contained in the crude enzyme solution was measured with Protein Assay CBB Solution (5×) (Nacalai Tesque).

The PAP1 activity was measured by a modified method by Gil-So, et al. (J. Biol. Chem., 282 (51), 37026-37035, (2007)) as follows. Since *S. cerevisiae* cannot synthesize linoleic acid, 1,2-dilinooleoyl-sn-glycero-3-phosphate (18:2-PA) was used as the substrate of PAP. Five hundred microliters of a reaction solution was used. The composition of the reaction solution was 100 μL of the crude enzyme solution, 50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 100 μg/mL of 1,2-dilinooleoyl-sn-glycero-3-phosphate, monosodium salt (Avanti Polar Lipids, Inc.), 1 mM MgCl₂, and 10 mM 2-mercaptoethanol. The reaction solution was maintained at 25° C. for 30 min, and then the reaction was terminated by addition of chloroform:methanol (1:2). Lipids were extracted by a Bligh-Dyer method. The lipids were fractionated on a silica gel 60 plate (Merck) by thin layer chromatography (TLC) using hexane:diethyl ether:acetic acid=70:30:1 as the eluent. The lipids were visualized by spraying a primulin solution (0.015% primulin in aqueous 80% acetone) and then irradiated with UV light. The diacylglycerol (DG) fraction was scraped from the plate and fatty acids were converted to methyl ester by a hydrochloric acid/methanol method. Subsequently, fatty acid methyl ester was extracted with hexane, and hexane was distilled off, followed by gas chromatographic analysis.

Table 2 shows the amounts of linoleic acid transferred into the DG fraction per protein in the crude enzyme solution.

TABLE 2

Transformed strain	18:2 (μg/mg protein)
C1	15.43
C2	17.53
MaPAH1.1-1	56.03
MaPAH1.1-2	44.34
MaPAH1.2-1	19.45
MaPAH1.2-2	20.90

As shown in Table 2, in comparison with C1 and C2 transformed with pYE22m, the activity of converting 18:2-PA to dilinolein (18:2-DG) was about 3-fold in MaPAH1.1-1 and MaPAH1.1-2 expressing MaPAH1.1 and about 1.2-fold in MaPAH1.2-1 and MaPAH1.2-2 expressing MaPAH1.2. This suggests that MaPAH1.1 and MaPAH1.2 have PAP activity.

The dependency of the PAP activity on Mg²⁺ was investigated as follows: Five hundred microliters of a reaction solution was used. The reaction and analysis were performed under the same conditions as above except that the composition of the reaction solution was 100 μL of the crude enzyme solution, 50 mM Tris-HCl (pH 7.5), 100 μg/mL of 1,2-dilinooleoyl-sn-glycero-3-phosphate, monosodium salt (Avanti Polar Lipids, Inc.), 2 mM EDTA, and 10 mM 2-mercaptoethanol. Table 3 shows the amounts of linoleic acid transferred into the DG fraction per protein in the crude enzyme solution.

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TABLE 3

Transformed strain	18:2 (μg/mg protein)
C1	11.17
C2	10.77
MaPAH1.1-1	13.06
MaPAH1.1-2	11.39
MaPAH1.2-1	12.52
MaPAH1.2-2	10.93

As shown in Table 3, in every strain, the activity of converting 18:2-PA to dilinolein (18:2-DG) was approximately the same.

This suggests that the PAP activity of MaPAH1.1 and MaPAH1.2 depends on Mg²⁺ and that MaPAH1.1 and MaPAH1.2 have PAP1 activity.

Example 7

Amount of Produced Triacylglycerol

Triacylglycerol (throughout the specification, referred to as triglyceride or TG), which is a reserve lipid, is a lipid obtained by further acylating diacylglycerol which is a product of PAP protein. The amounts of TG produced by yeast transformants in which MaPAH1.1 or MaPAH1.2 was highly expressed were measured.

The transformant cells, ScPAH1-deficient yeast strain host, were inoculated in 10 mL of an SD-Ura, Trp liquid medium and were statically cultured at 30° C. for 3 days. One milliliter of the culture solution was inoculated in 10 mL of a YPDA (2% yeast extract, 1% polypeptone, 2% glucose, 0.008% adenine sulfate) liquid medium, followed by shake culture at 30° C. for one day (n=3). The cells were collected by centrifugation of the culture solution, washed with water, and lyophilized. Chloroform and methanol (2:1) were added to the dried cells. The cells were repeatedly disrupted with glass beads, and lipids were extracted with 8 mL in total of a solvent. The extracted lipids were fractionated by TLC as in above, and the TG fraction was scraped and analyzed. Table 4 shows the results.

TABLE 4

Amount* of TG produced in each medium	
Transformed strain	mg/L
C1	11.01 ± 1.27
C2	11.54 ± 0.54
MaPAH1.1-1	16.01 ± 2.45
MaPAH1.1-2	17.09 ± 1.41
MaPAH1.2-1	14.29 ± 0.87
MaPAH1.2-2	13.32 ± 0.78

*In terms of fatty acid

As shown in Table 4, the amount of TG was about 1.5-fold in the MaPAH1.1 high expression strain and was about 1.2-fold in the MaPAH1.2 high expression strain compared with that in the control.

Example 8

Substrate Specificity of MaPAH1.1 and MaPAH1.2

The ΔScpah1:URA3 strain, the host, was transformed with plasmid pYE22m, pYE-MaPAH1.1, or pYE-MaPAH1.2. Four strains of each transformant were used in

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the following experiments. The strains transformed with plasmid pYE22m were used as a control.

The yeast transformants were each inoculated in 10 mL of an SC-Ura, Trp liquid medium and were statically cultured at 27.5° C. overnight. The resulting culture solutions were each inoculated in 40 mL of an SC-Ura, Trp liquid medium at an amount of 1/10 in duplicate and were statically cultured at 27.5° C. for two days. Crude enzyme solutions were prepared from the resulting culture solutions as in Example 6, and the protein concentrations thereof were measured.

The PAP1 activity was measured as in Example 6 except that 1,2-dilinoleoyl-sn-glycero-3-phosphate (18:2-PA) and 1,2-dioleoyl-sn-glycero-3-phosphate (18:1-PA) were used as substrates of PAP.

Tables 5 and Table 6 respectively show the amounts of linoleic acid (18:2) and oleic acid (18:1) transferred into the diacylglycerol (DG) fraction per crude enzyme solution protein.

TABLE 5

18:2 in DG per protein (μg/mg · protein)						
Sample name	Control		MaPAH1.1		MaPAH1.2	
	mean	SD	mean	SD	mean	SD
	13.72	2.74	25.50	6.75	18.19	1.43

TABLE 6

18:1 in DG per protein (μg/mg · protein)						
Sample name	Control		MaPAH1.1		MaPAH1.2	
	mean	SD	mean	SD	mean	SD
	15.14	0.88	29.16	7.04	16.69	1.05

When the substrate used was 18:2-PA, the activities of MaPAH1.1 and MaPAH1.2 derived from *Mortierella* were 1.9-fold and 1.3-fold, respectively, compared with that of the control.

When the substrate used was 18:1-PA, the activities of MaPAH1.1 and MaPAH1.2 were 1.9-fold and 1.1-fold, respectively, compared with that of the control. The 18:1 is a fatty acid that yeast intrinsically possesses and is therefore originally present in DG of the crude enzyme solution. However, no difference was observed in the amount of 18:1 in DG in the crude enzyme solution when the substrate was not added. Accordingly, it can be assumed that the differences in activity of MaPAH1.1 and MaPAH1.2 from the control shown in Table 6 are based on the effect against 18:1-PA added as a substrate.

In comparison of activities of the same enzyme against different substrates, MaPAH1.1 increased both 18:1 and 18:2 by 1.9-fold compared with the control, while MaPAH1.2 increased the amount of 18:1 by 1.1-fold and the amount of 18:2 by 1.3-fold compared with the control. This suggests that MaPAH1.1 exhibits its activity on both 18:1-PA and 18:2-PA equally, but in MaPAH1.2, the activity on 18:2-PA is higher than that on 18:1-PA.

These results suggest that MaPAH1.1 and MaPAH1.2 have PAP activity. In addition, MaPAH1.2 shows higher activity on 18:2-PA than on 18:1-PA, which suggests that MaPAH1.2 shows a higher activity on phosphatidic acid having a fatty acid portion with a higher degree of unsaturation.

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SEQ ID NO: 14: primer
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 <213> ORGANISM: Mortierella alpina

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Gly Lys Leu Ser Ile Leu Arg Pro Gln Glu Lys Val Val Glu Val Thr	
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Val Asn Gly Arg Val Val Asp Phe Pro Met Lys Val Gly Asp Ala Gly	
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Glu Ala Phe Phe Val Phe Glu Thr Glu Gln Asp Val Pro Glu Glu Phe	
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Ala Thr Ser Pro Leu Ala Gly Pro Asn Thr Asp Lys Val Glu Glu Asp	
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Ile Asp Tyr Leu Asp Leu Ala Glu Gly His Ser Thr Val Thr Tyr Pro	
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Pro Asp Asp Ile Val Leu Asp Ala Gly Tyr Val Ser Ala His Ser Gly	
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Val His Ala Phe Met Glu Arg Gln Val Gln Arg Trp Ser Leu Thr Met				195				200									205		
Ser Leu Pro Pro Ser Pro Val Leu Lys Ser Arg Asp Ile Met Glu Asn				210				215									220		
Phe Gln Pro Ile Asp Ser Ala Gly Pro Phe Asp Asn Ser Arg Glu Asp				225				230									235		240
Ser Gly Arg Leu Leu Ala Pro Glu Thr Ile Ala Val Ser Asn Gly Gly				245				250											255
Ser Ser Gly Ser Leu Phe His Pro Lys Glu Gly Met Ile Met Asp Met				260				265											270
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Glu His Asp Val Gly Met Ala Gly Ala Leu Asn Gly Arg His Arg Arg				290				295									300		
Lys Arg Ala Ala Arg Arg Lys Arg Arg Gly Pro Val His Gly Val Asn				305				310									315		320
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Lys Asn Asp Gly Leu Gly Thr Gly Glu Ala Asp His Lys Glu His His				515				520											525
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<210> SEQ ID NO 5

<211> LENGTH: 5034

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Mortierella alpina

<400> SEQUENCE: 5

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<210> SEQ ID NO 6
<211> LENGTH: 3717
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Mortierella alpina
<220> FEATURE:
<221> NAME/KEY: CDS
<222> LOCATION: (1)..(3717)
<223> OTHER INFORMATION:

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cag cag gcc aac ggc gac ctt gca tgc tct ccc ttc cac gtg cgt ttc				144
Gln Gln Ala Asn Gly Asp Leu Ala Cys Ser Pro Phe His Val Arg Phe	35	40	45	
ggc aaa ctc agc gtc ctc cgg ccg cag gag aag gtc gtc gag gtt cgg				192
Gly Lys Leu Ser Val Leu Arg Pro Gln Glu Lys Val Val Glu Val Arg	50	55	60	
gtc aat ggc gaa gtc atc gcc ttc ccc atg aag gtc ggc gac gca gga				240
Val Asn Gly Glu Val Ile Ala Phe Pro Met Lys Val Gly Asp Ala Gly	65	70	75	80
gag gcc ttc ttt gtg ctc gag acc gac gac tat gtg ccg gat gag ttt				288
Glu Ala Phe Phe Val Leu Glu Thr Asp Asp Tyr Val Pro Asp Glu Phe	85	90	95	
gcc aca tcg cct atc gct ggt ccg agt gac gaa gcc gac ctc gcc cct				336
Ala Thr Ser Pro Ile Ala Gly Pro Ser Asp Glu Ala Asp Leu Ala Pro	100	105	110	
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Val Asp Tyr Phe Asp Leu Asn Gly His Pro His Gly Ser Gln Asp Gln	115	120	125	
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Lys Arg Arg Gln His Gln Gln Gln Val Leu Glu Gly Met Ser Gly	130	135	140	
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Gln Tyr Pro Gln Gly Thr Glu Asp Asp Ala Pro Leu Asp Asn Gly Tyr	145	150	155	160
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Val Ser Ala Ala Ser Gly His Gly Ser Ala Phe Glu Glu Ser Leu Lys	165	170	175	
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Asp Asp Ser Asp His Glu Ser Val Phe Ser Ala Thr Ser Pro Gly Ser	180	185	190	
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Ala Glu Arg Ile Ala Ala Asp Ser Asn Thr Lys Asp Thr Ala Leu Asp	195	200	205	
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Leu Pro Gly Ser Phe Gly Pro Thr Val Val Thr Asn Thr Ile Lys Asn	210	215	220	
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Lys Asp Ser Ile Asn Phe Pro Val Asp Ala Ile Phe Pro Thr Val Ala	225	230	235	240
cac gag gaa cag gac atg gct ctg atc aaa gat caa cag ggc tct cga				768
His Glu Glu Gln Asp Met Ala Leu Ile Lys Asp Gln Gln Gly Ser Arg	245	250	255	
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Ser Ser Arg Arg Ser Glu Val Leu Phe Asp Met Thr Gly Tyr Lys	260	265	270	
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Thr Asp Ser Cys Ser Asp Ser Ser Asp Asp Glu Asp Gly Leu Pro Arg	275	280	285	
ggc att cta tcg gat agt gag cgt cac ggt cgt agc acg cgt aag aag				912
Gly Ile Leu Ser Asp Ser Glu Arg His Gly Arg Ser Thr Arg Lys Lys	290	295	300	
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Phe Arg Arg Ser Lys Ser His Leu Ser Met Glu Gln Arg His Gln Leu	305	310	315	320
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Lys	Arg	Ala	Ser	Ile	Pro	Ser	Ala	Trp	Gln	Gly	Arg	Arg	Asn	Arg	Lys	
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aga	gcc	aac	agc	atg	cct	gct	atc	ggc	gaa	cca	gac	ttg	gca	ttt	cct	1152
Arg	Ala	Asn	Ser	Met	Pro	Ala	Ile	Gly	Glu	Pro	Asp	Leu	Ala	Phe	Pro	
	370					375					380					
gcc	tat	gtg	gct	cgc	cga	cct	aac	cat	cgt	cgc	gat	gct	caa	gca	aac	1200
Ala	Tyr	Val	Ala	Arg	Arg	Pro	Asn	His	Arg	Arg	Asp	Ala	Gln	Ala	Asn	
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cag	acg	gat	gtt	gca	atg	gac	gac	aag	ccc	aag	ccc	aag	cgc	act	gct	1248
Gln	Thr	Asp	Val	Ala	Met	Asp	Asp	Lys	Pro	Lys	Pro	Lys	Arg	Thr	Ala	
			405					410						415		
cgg	ccc	agc	gtt	atg	agc	gat	acg	gag	atg	gag	tat	gaa	tcc	aac	aat	1296
Arg	Pro	Ser	Val	Met	Ser	Asp	Thr	Glu	Met	Glu	Tyr	Glu	Ser	Asn	Asn	
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gtc	cct	gca	tct	acc	cag	ggc	aaa	gag	tgg	acc	tgg	gga	tgg	gga	acg	1344
Val	Pro	Ala	Ser	Thr	Gln	Gly	Lys	Glu	Trp	Thr	Trp	Gly	Trp	Gly	Thr	
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Leu	Pro	Val	Lys	Gln	Asp	Asn	Pro	Asp	Glu	Glu	Asp	Glu	Ile	Lys	Glu	
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caa	att	acg	gaa	gaa	aag	gcg	ccc	gaa	gtt	cct	gtg	gag	att	gag	gca	1440
Gln	Ile	Thr	Glu	Glu	Lys	Ala	Pro	Glu	Val	Pro	Val	Glu	Ile	Glu	Ala	
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Lys	Glu	Phe	Gln	Met	Gly	Ser	Thr	Lys	Cys	Arg	Val	Ala	Leu	Ser	Leu	
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Cys	Gly	Glu	Asp	Asp	Phe	Gly	Lys	Asp	Ile	Val	Ala	Ser	His	Lys	Ala	
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Phe	Gln	Arg	Ala	Gln	Leu	Thr	Phe	Glu	Ala	Phe	Ser	Lys	Asp	Pro	Ala	
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Tyr	Ser	Trp	Ser	Asn	Ala	Val	Pro	Gln	Leu	Ala	Ala	Leu	Leu	Phe	Phe	
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Thr	Ala	Ala	Val	Ala	Val	Gly	Ser	Asp	Asp	Glu	Pro	Leu	His	Asn		
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Thr Asp Ile Arg Ser Asn Gly Tyr His Ile Leu Tyr Leu Thr Ser Arg	
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785 790 795 800	
caa aac agt tac cag ctc ccg gat ggc cct gtc atc atg agt cca gac	2448
Gln Asn Ser Tyr Gln Leu Pro Asp Gly Pro Val Ile Met Ser Pro Asp	
805 810 815	
cgt ctg ttc tct gcc ttc cat cgt gag gtg att atc cgg aaa cca gag	2496
Arg Leu Phe Ser Ala Phe His Arg Glu Val Ile Ile Arg Lys Pro Glu	
820 825 830	
gtg ttc aag atg gcg tgt ctg cgt gat gtg aag aag ctg ttt ggg gac	2544
Val Phe Lys Met Ala Cys Leu Arg Asp Val Lys Lys Leu Phe Gly Asp	
835 840 845	
agg aac ccg ttc tat gct gga ttt gga aac cgg atc acg gac gcc ctc	2592
Arg Asn Pro Phe Tyr Ala Gly Phe Gly Asn Arg Ile Thr Asp Ala Leu	
850 855 860	
tcc tac cgc agt gtc aac gtt cca ccc tcc cga atc ttc acc att gac	2640
Ser Tyr Arg Ser Val Asn Val Pro Pro Ser Arg Ile Phe Thr Ile Asp	
865 870 875 880	
tct tat ggt gag gtg aag ttg gag ctg ctc agt gct ttc aag tct tca	2688
Ser Tyr Gly Glu Val Lys Leu Glu Leu Leu Ser Ala Phe Lys Ser Ser	
885 890 895	
tac ttg gct ttg aat gac ctc gtc aat gag atc ttc cca gga caa cga	2736
Tyr Leu Ala Leu Asn Asp Leu Val Asn Glu Ile Phe Pro Gly Gln Arg	
900 905 910	
gtt gca ccc gag ttc aac gac tgg aac ttt tgg aaa tcg gat tta cca	2784
Val Ala Pro Glu Phe Asn Asp Trp Asn Phe Trp Lys Ser Asp Leu Pro	
915 920 925	
cgg att gat ctc cct gat ctc ccc atc ccc aac aat aat tat aca tca	2832
Arg Ile Asp Leu Pro Asp Leu Pro Ile Pro Asn Asn Asn Tyr Thr Ser	
930 935 940	
gga tct tcg aca tcg ctc ctc tca tcc acc act agc gtg gcc aag aag	2880
Gly Ser Ser Thr Ser Leu Leu Ser Ser Thr Ser Val Ala Lys Lys	
945 950 955 960	

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gtg gcg tct ttg acc agc tct tca tcg agc tcg aac ctt ctc cag cca	2928
Val Ala Ser Leu Thr Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Asn Leu Leu Gln Pro	
965 970 975	
acg tcg ccc act agc cct acg gga gat ttc aag aac aag cgc ctg tct	2976
Thr Ser Pro Thr Ser Pro Thr Gly Asp Phe Lys Asn Lys Arg Leu Ser	
980 985 990	
aat gac aga aac acg tat gcg ggc gtc ctt tca gga cgt cag gac aca	3024
Asn Asp Arg Asn Thr Tyr Ala Gly Val Leu Ser Gly Arg Gln Asp Thr	
995 1000 1005	
tgg acc agc gat gat gaa tat cag gat caa cag cag cga ctg atc	3069
Trp Thr Ser Asp Asp Glu Tyr Gln Asp Gln Gln Gln Arg Leu Ile	
1010 1015 1020	
gcg ggt gac tct gcg ccg tca acg cca gga tca gag ttg aag gca	3114
Ala Gly Asp Ser Ala Pro Ser Thr Pro Gly Ser Glu Leu Lys Ala	
1025 1030 1035	
gga cag gag ctg aag gag gat gca agg aag gca cga tct ggc tcg	3159
Gly Gln Glu Leu Lys Glu Asp Ala Arg Lys Ala Arg Ser Gly Ser	
1040 1045 1050	
cca tcg atg ctc tct gct ctt gtt cca tcg cgg tta atc cgc gca	3204
Pro Ser Met Leu Ser Ala Leu Val Pro Ser Arg Leu Ile Arg Ala	
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gtg agg agt ggc agc atc agc agt cag acc aac cct gtg ccc tcg	3249
Val Arg Ser Gly Ser Ile Ser Ser Gln Thr Asn Pro Val Pro Ser	
1070 1075 1080	
tcg atg cgg agt tcg gtt aca ccg cat tcg ccc gag atg aaa ggg	3294
Ser Met Arg Ser Ser Val Thr Pro His Ser Pro Glu Met Lys Gly	
1085 1090 1095	
atc atc ggg tcg ctg ccg tca cca gtg tct tcg ttt gag agc ggt	3339
Ile Ile Gly Ser Leu Pro Ser Pro Val Ser Ser Phe Glu Ser Gly	
1100 1105 1110	
gcg gat gtg gtg cgt cgg atg tcc att ccc tcg cct cca ccg ttg	3384
Ala Asp Val Val Arg Arg Met Ser Ile Pro Ser Pro Pro Pro Leu	
1115 1120 1125	
gag ggg ctg ctc cag acg gat gag gag gtg gct cag gca tcg agc	3429
Glu Gly Leu Leu Gln Thr Asp Glu Glu Val Ala Gln Ala Ser Ser	
1130 1135 1140	
aag gcg ctg gcg ctt cag gga tcg gac aca gca gat ttg agc aga	3474
Lys Ala Leu Ala Leu Gln Gly Ser Asp Thr Ala Asp Leu Ser Arg	
1145 1150 1155	
gag agc agt gtt cag gcc aag agt gat gtg atg gac gac ctt gtg	3519
Glu Ser Ser Val Gln Ala Lys Ser Asp Val Met Asp Asp Leu Val	
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gcg gtc aag gag gaa gag gag gac gag acc gat cag cag cgg ttg	3564
Ala Val Lys Glu Glu Glu Glu Asp Glu Thr Asp Gln Gln Arg Leu	
1175 1180 1185	
ctg gat gca gcg tat gtg gat gag tat gtg gat gag gag gat gag	3609
Leu Asp Ala Ala Tyr Val Asp Glu Tyr Val Asp Glu Glu Asp Glu	
1190 1195 1200	
gag gga tat gat gga tat gac gag cag ggt gag gat gag atg gac	3654
Glu Gly Tyr Asp Gly Tyr Asp Glu Gln Gly Glu Asp Glu Met Asp	
1205 1210 1215	
gag gag gat gag gag gac gag tat ctg gat gag att gag gag act	3699
Glu Glu Asp Glu Glu Asp Glu Tyr Leu Asp Glu Ile Glu Glu Thr	
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ctg gag gag ccg ttc ctg	3717
Leu Glu Glu Pro Phe Leu	
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<211> LENGTH: 1239
<212> TYPE: PRT
<213> ORGANISM: Mortierella alpina

<400> SEQUENCE: 7

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Glu Ile Asn Pro Ala Thr Leu Ser Gly Ala Ile Asp Ile Ile Val Val
 20          25          30

Gln Gln Ala Asn Gly Asp Leu Ala Cys Ser Pro Phe His Val Arg Phe
 35          40          45

Gly Lys Leu Ser Val Leu Arg Pro Gln Glu Lys Val Val Glu Val Arg
 50          55          60

Val Asn Gly Glu Val Ile Ala Phe Pro Met Lys Val Gly Asp Ala Gly
 65          70          75          80

Glu Ala Phe Phe Val Leu Glu Thr Asp Asp Tyr Val Pro Asp Glu Phe
 85          90          95

Ala Thr Ser Pro Ile Ala Gly Pro Ser Asp Glu Ala Asp Leu Ala Pro
100          105          110

Val Asp Tyr Phe Asp Leu Asn Gly His Pro His Gly Ser Gln Asp Gln
115          120          125

Lys Arg Arg Gln His Gln Gln Gln Val Leu Glu Gly Met Ser Gly
130          135          140

Gln Tyr Pro Gln Gly Thr Glu Asp Asp Ala Pro Leu Asp Asn Gly Tyr
145          150          155          160

Val Ser Ala Ala Ser Gly His Gly Ser Ala Phe Glu Glu Ser Leu Lys
165          170          175

Asp Asp Ser Asp His Glu Ser Val Phe Ser Ala Thr Ser Pro Gly Ser
180          185          190

Ala Glu Arg Ile Ala Ala Asp Ser Asn Thr Lys Asp Thr Ala Leu Asp
195          200          205

Leu Pro Gly Ser Phe Gly Pro Thr Val Val Thr Asn Thr Ile Lys Asn
210          215          220

Lys Asp Ser Ile Asn Phe Pro Val Asp Ala Ile Phe Pro Thr Val Ala
225          230          235          240

His Glu Glu Gln Asp Met Ala Leu Ile Lys Asp Gln Gln Gly Ser Arg
245          250          255

Ser Ser Arg Arg Arg Ser Glu Val Leu Phe Asp Met Thr Gly Tyr Lys
260          265          270

Thr Asp Ser Cys Ser Asp Ser Ser Asp Asp Glu Asp Gly Leu Pro Arg
275          280          285

Gly Ile Leu Ser Asp Ser Glu Arg His Gly Arg Ser Thr Arg Lys Lys
290          295          300

Phe Arg Arg Ser Lys Ser His Leu Ser Met Glu Gln Arg His Gln Leu
305          310          315          320

Leu Glu Asp Ile Lys Gln Gly Ala Phe Leu Lys Pro Glu Glu Ser Leu
325          330          335

Ala Asn Thr Gln Ile Glu Arg Gln Thr Ser Arg Ala Ser Arg Lys Thr
340          345          350

Lys Arg Ala Ser Ile Pro Ser Ala Trp Gln Gly Arg Arg Asn Arg Lys
355          360          365

Arg Ala Asn Ser Met Pro Ala Ile Gly Glu Pro Asp Leu Ala Phe Pro
370          375          380

Ala Tyr Val Ala Arg Arg Pro Asn His Arg Arg Asp Ala Gln Ala Asn

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385				390					395					400
Gln Thr Asp Val Ala Met Asp Asp Lys Pro Lys Pro Lys Arg Thr Ala														
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Arg Pro Ser Val Met Ser Asp Thr Glu Met Glu Tyr Glu Ser Asn Asn														
				420					425					430
Val Pro Ala Ser Thr Gln Gly Lys Glu Trp Thr Trp Gly Trp Gly Thr														
				435					440					445
Leu Pro Val Lys Gln Asp Asn Pro Asp Glu Glu Asp Glu Ile Lys Glu														
				450					455					460
Gln Ile Thr Glu Glu Lys Ala Pro Glu Val Pro Val Glu Ile Glu Ala														
				465					470					480
Lys Glu Phe Gln Met Gly Ser Thr Lys Cys Arg Val Ala Leu Ser Leu														
				485					490					495
Cys Gly Glu Asp Asp Phe Gly Lys Asp Ile Val Ala Ser His Lys Ala														
				500					505					510
Phe Gln Arg Ala Gln Leu Thr Phe Glu Ala Phe Ser Lys Asp Pro Ala														
				515					520					525
Ala Ile Leu Ala Asp Lys Arg Leu Val Cys Tyr Met Asp Gly Arg Phe														
				530					535					540
Tyr Ser Trp Ser Asn Ala Val Pro Gln Leu Ala Ala Leu Leu Phe Phe														
				545					550					555
His Gln Pro Leu Ser Asp Ala Ala Ser Ala Leu Asp Leu Lys Asp Gln														
				565					570					575
Lys Ala His Ala Ala Glu Asp Arg Pro Ser Ala Thr Arg Phe Gly Thr														
				580					585					590
Ile Ser Arg Trp Phe Arg Lys Ala Pro Ala Gly Ser Ala Ser Pro Ser														
				595					600					605
Ile Ala Asp Met Ala Ser Ala Ser Ser Thr Thr Leu Ala Gly Gly Glu														
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Thr Ala Ala Val Ala Val Gly Ser Asp Asp Asp Glu Pro Leu His Asn														
				625					630					635
Lys Ala Leu Arg Ser Lys Ser Leu Pro Pro Leu Glu Thr Gly Arg Thr														
				645					650					655
Asp Asp His Ser Gln Ser His Val Ala Val Pro Ala Leu Ser Glu Lys														
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Ala Ala Asp Gly Val Pro Asp Gln Lys Arg Tyr Ala Lys Thr Leu Arg														
				675					680					685
Leu Thr Ser Glu Gln Leu Gln Ser Leu Gly Leu Lys Lys Gly Ala Asn														
				690					695					700
Thr Val Ser Phe Ser Val Thr Ser Ser Tyr Gln Gly Thr Ala Thr Cys														
				705					710					715
Val Ala Lys Ile Phe Leu Trp Asp Tyr Asp Ser Gln Val Val Ile Ser														
				725					730					735
Asp Ile Asp Gly Thr Ile Thr Lys Ser Asp Ala Leu Gly His Ile Phe														
				740					745					750
Ala Met Ala Gly Arg Asp Trp Thr His Leu Gly Val Ala Lys Leu Phe														
				755					760					765
Thr Asp Ile Arg Ser Asn Gly Tyr His Ile Leu Tyr Leu Thr Ser Arg														
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Ala Ile Gly Gln Ala Asp Tyr Thr Arg Lys Tyr Leu Gln Lys Val Glu														
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Gln Asn Ser Tyr Gln Leu Pro Asp Gly Pro Val Ile Met Ser Pro Asp														
				805					810					815

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 Val Phe Lys Met Ala Cys Leu Arg Asp Val Lys Lys Leu Phe Gly Asp
 835 840 845
 Arg Asn Pro Phe Tyr Ala Gly Phe Gly Asn Arg Ile Thr Asp Ala Leu
 850 855 860
 Ser Tyr Arg Ser Val Asn Val Pro Pro Ser Arg Ile Phe Thr Ile Asp
 865 870 875 880
 Ser Tyr Gly Glu Val Lys Leu Glu Leu Leu Ser Ala Phe Lys Ser Ser
 885 890 895
 Tyr Leu Ala Leu Asn Asp Leu Val Asn Glu Ile Phe Pro Gly Gln Arg
 900 905 910
 Val Ala Pro Glu Phe Asn Asp Trp Asn Phe Trp Lys Ser Asp Leu Pro
 915 920 925
 Arg Ile Asp Leu Pro Asp Leu Pro Ile Pro Asn Asn Asn Tyr Thr Ser
 930 935 940
 Gly Ser Ser Thr Ser Leu Leu Ser Ser Thr Thr Ser Val Ala Lys Lys
 945 950 955 960
 Val Ala Ser Leu Thr Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Ser Asn Leu Leu Gln Pro
 965 970 975
 Thr Ser Pro Thr Ser Pro Thr Gly Asp Phe Lys Asn Lys Arg Leu Ser
 980 985 990
 Asn Asp Arg Asn Thr Tyr Ala Gly Val Leu Ser Gly Arg Gln Asp Thr
 995 1000 1005
 Trp Thr Ser Asp Asp Glu Tyr Gln Asp Gln Gln Gln Arg Leu Ile
 1010 1015 1020
 Ala Gly Asp Ser Ala Pro Ser Thr Pro Gly Ser Glu Leu Lys Ala
 1025 1030 1035
 Gly Gln Glu Leu Lys Glu Asp Ala Arg Lys Ala Arg Ser Gly Ser
 1040 1045 1050
 Pro Ser Met Leu Ser Ala Leu Val Pro Ser Arg Leu Ile Arg Ala
 1055 1060 1065
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 1070 1075 1080
 Ser Met Arg Ser Ser Val Thr Pro His Ser Pro Glu Met Lys Gly
 1085 1090 1095
 Ile Ile Gly Ser Leu Pro Ser Pro Val Ser Ser Phe Glu Ser Gly
 1100 1105 1110
 Ala Asp Val Val Arg Arg Met Ser Ile Pro Ser Pro Pro Pro Leu
 1115 1120 1125
 Glu Gly Leu Leu Gln Thr Asp Glu Glu Val Ala Gln Ala Ser Ser
 1130 1135 1140
 Lys Ala Leu Ala Leu Gln Gly Ser Asp Thr Ala Asp Leu Ser Arg
 1145 1150 1155
 Glu Ser Ser Val Gln Ala Lys Ser Asp Val Met Asp Asp Leu Val
 1160 1165 1170
 Ala Val Lys Glu Glu Glu Glu Asp Glu Thr Asp Gln Gln Arg Leu
 1175 1180 1185
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 1190 1195 1200
 Glu Gly Tyr Asp Gly Tyr Asp Glu Gln Gly Glu Asp Glu Met Asp
 1205 1210 1215

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Glu Glu Asp Glu Glu Asp Glu Tyr Leu Asp Glu Ile Glu Glu Thr
 1220 1225 1230

Leu Glu Glu Pro Phe Leu
 1235

<210> SEQ ID NO 8

<211> LENGTH: 3720

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Mortierella alpina

<400> SEQUENCE: 8

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tgctctccct tccacgtgag ttccggcaaa ctcagcgctc tccggccgca ggagaaggtc      180
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<210> SEQ ID NO 9

<211> LENGTH: 3846

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Mortierella alpina

<400> SEQUENCE: 9

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<210> SEQ ID NO 10

<211> LENGTH: 4552

<212> TYPE: DNA

<213> ORGANISM: Mortierella alpina

<400> SEQUENCE: 10

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<210> SEQ ID NO 11
<211> LENGTH: 23
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: primer MAPAH1-1-3F

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<400> SEQUENCE: 11

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cgccaataca ttgacgtttt cag 23

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<210> SEQ ID NO 12
<211> LENGTH: 25
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: primer MaPAH1-1-5R

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<400> SEQUENCE: 12

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agttccagtc attgaactcg ggtgc 25

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<210> SEQ ID NO 13
<211> LENGTH: 26
<212> TYPE: DNA
<213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
<220> FEATURE:
<223> OTHER INFORMATION: primer MaPAH1-2-3F

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<400> SEQUENCE: 13

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gagcccagtt gacctttgag gcattc 26

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<210> SEQ ID NO 14

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<211> LENGTH: 25
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: primer MaPAH1-2-5R

<400> SEQUENCE: 14

cactgagaac gagaccgtgt tggcg 25

<210> SEQ ID NO 15
 <211> LENGTH: 25
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: primer NotI-PAH1-1-F

<400> SEQUENCE: 15

gcggccgcac gcagtcctgt ggaag 25

<210> SEQ ID NO 16
 <211> LENGTH: 24
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: primer MaPAH1-1-10R

<400> SEQUENCE: 16

ttcttgagta gctgctgttg ttcg 24

<210> SEQ ID NO 17
 <211> LENGTH: 28
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: primer KpnI-PAH1-F

<400> SEQUENCE: 17

ggtaccatgc agtacgtagg cagagctc 28

<210> SEQ ID NO 18
 <211> LENGTH: 28
 <212> TYPE: DNA
 <213> ORGANISM: Artificial sequence
 <220> FEATURE:
 <223> OTHER INFORMATION: primer XhoI-PAH1-R

<400> SEQUENCE: 18

ctcgagttaa tcttcgaatt catcttcg 28

<210> SEQ ID NO 19
 <211> LENGTH: 862
 <212> TYPE: PRT
 <213> ORGANISM: *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*

<400> SEQUENCE: 19

Met Gln Tyr Val Gly Arg Ala Leu Gly Ser Val Ser Lys Thr Trp Ser
 1 5 10 15

Ser Ile Asn Pro Ala Thr Leu Ser Gly Ala Ile Asp Val Ile Val Val
 20 25 30

Glu His Pro Asp Gly Arg Leu Ser Cys Ser Pro Phe His Val Arg Phe
 35 40 45

Gly Lys Phe Gln Ile Leu Lys Pro Ser Gln Lys Lys Val Gln Val Phe
 50 55 60

Ile Asn Glu Lys Leu Ser Asn Met Pro Met Lys Leu Ser Asp Ser Gly

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65	70	75	80
Glu Ala Tyr Phe Val Phe Glu Met Gly Asp Gln Val Thr Asp Val Pro	85	90	95
Asp Glu Leu Leu Val Ser Pro Val Met Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Pro Pro	100	105	110
Gln Ser Pro Glu Thr Ser Ile Leu Glu Gly Gly Thr Glu Gly Glu Gly	115	120	125
Glu Gly Glu Asn Glu Asn Lys Lys Lys Glu Lys Lys Val Leu Glu Glu	130	135	140
Pro Asp Phe Leu Asp Ile Asn Asp Thr Gly Asp Ser Gly Ser Lys Asn	145	150	155
Ser Glu Thr Thr Gly Ser Leu Ser Pro Thr Glu Ser Ser Thr Thr Thr	165	170	175
Pro Pro Asp Ser Val Glu Glu Arg Lys Leu Val Glu Gln Arg Thr Lys	180	185	190
Asn Phe Gln Gln Lys Leu Asn Lys Lys Leu Thr Glu Ile His Ile Pro	195	200	205
Ser Lys Leu Asp Asn Asn Gly Asp Leu Leu Leu Asp Thr Glu Gly Tyr	210	215	220
Lys Pro Asn Lys Asn Met Met His Asp Thr Asp Ile Gln Leu Lys Gln	225	230	235
Leu Leu Lys Asp Glu Phe Gly Asn Asp Ser Asp Ile Ser Ser Phe Ile	245	250	255
Lys Glu Asp Lys Asn Gly Asn Ile Lys Ile Val Asn Pro Tyr Glu His	260	265	270
Leu Thr Asp Leu Ser Pro Pro Gly Thr Pro Pro Thr Met Ala Thr Ser	275	280	285
Gly Ser Val Leu Gly Leu Asp Ala Met Glu Ser Gly Ser Thr Leu Asn	290	295	300
Ser Leu Ser Ser Ser Pro Ser Gly Ser Asp Thr Glu Asp Glu Thr Ser	305	310	315
Phe Ser Lys Glu Gln Ser Ser Lys Ser Glu Lys Thr Ser Lys Lys Gly	325	330	335
Thr Ala Gly Ser Gly Glu Thr Glu Lys Arg Tyr Ile Arg Thr Ile Arg	340	345	350
Leu Thr Asn Asp Gln Leu Lys Cys Leu Asn Leu Thr Tyr Gly Glu Asn	355	360	365
Asp Leu Lys Phe Ser Val Asp His Gly Lys Ala Ile Val Thr Ser Lys	370	375	380
Leu Phe Val Trp Arg Trp Asp Val Pro Ile Val Ile Ser Asp Ile Asp	385	390	395
Gly Thr Ile Thr Lys Ser Asp Ala Leu Gly His Val Leu Ala Met Ile	405	410	415
Gly Lys Asp Trp Thr His Leu Gly Val Ala Lys Leu Phe Ser Glu Ile	420	425	430
Ser Arg Asn Gly Tyr Asn Ile Leu Tyr Leu Thr Ala Arg Ser Ala Gly	435	440	445
Gln Ala Asp Ser Thr Arg Ser Tyr Leu Arg Ser Ile Glu Gln Asn Gly	450	455	460
Ser Lys Leu Pro Asn Gly Pro Val Ile Leu Ser Pro Asp Arg Thr Met	465	470	475
Ala Ala Leu Arg Arg Glu Val Ile Leu Lys Lys Pro Glu Val Phe Lys	485	490	495

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Ile Ala Cys Leu Asn Asp Ile Arg Ser Leu Tyr Phe Glu Asp Ser Asp
      500                      505                      510

Asn Glu Val Asp Thr Glu Glu Lys Ser Thr Pro Phe Phe Ala Gly Phe
      515                      520                      525

Gly Asn Arg Ile Thr Asp Ala Leu Ser Tyr Arg Thr Val Gly Ile Pro
      530                      535                      540

Ser Ser Arg Ile Phe Thr Ile Asn Thr Glu Gly Glu Val His Met Glu
545                      550                      555                      560

Leu Leu Glu Leu Ala Gly Tyr Arg Ser Ser Tyr Ile His Ile Asn Glu
      565                      570                      575

Leu Val Asp His Phe Phe Pro Pro Val Ser Leu Asp Ser Val Asp Leu
      580                      585                      590

Arg Thr Asn Thr Ser Met Val Pro Gly Ser Pro Pro Asn Arg Thr Leu
      595                      600                      605

Asp Asn Phe Asp Ser Glu Ile Thr Ser Gly Arg Lys Thr Leu Phe Arg
      610                      615                      620

Gly Asn Gln Glu Glu Lys Phe Thr Asp Val Asn Phe Trp Arg Asp Pro
625                      630                      635                      640

Leu Val Asp Ile Asp Asn Leu Ser Asp Ile Ser Asn Asp Asp Ser Asp
      645                      650                      655

Asn Ile Asp Glu Asp Thr Asp Val Ser Gln Gln Ser Asn Ile Ser Arg
      660                      665                      670

Asn Arg Ala Asn Ser Val Lys Thr Ala Lys Val Thr Lys Ala Pro Gln
      675                      680                      685

Arg Asn Val Ser Gly Ser Thr Asn Asn Asn Glu Val Leu Ala Ala Ser
      690                      695                      700

Ser Asp Val Glu Asn Ala Ser Asp Leu Val Ser Ser His Ser Ser Ser
705                      710                      715                      720

Gly Ser Thr Pro Asn Lys Ser Thr Met Ser Lys Gly Asp Ile Gly Lys
      725                      730                      735

Gln Ile Tyr Leu Glu Leu Gly Ser Pro Leu Ala Ser Pro Lys Leu Arg
      740                      745                      750

Tyr Leu Asp Asp Met Asp Asp Glu Asp Ser Asn Tyr Asn Arg Thr Lys
      755                      760                      765

Ser Arg Arg Ala Ser Ser Ala Ala Ala Thr Ser Ile Asp Lys Glu Phe
      770                      775                      780

Lys Lys Leu Ser Val Ser Lys Ala Gly Ala Pro Thr Arg Ile Val Ser
785                      790                      795                      800

Lys Ile Asn Val Ser Asn Asp Val His Ser Leu Gly Asn Ser Asp Thr
      805                      810                      815

Glu Ser Arg Arg Glu Gln Ser Val Asn Glu Thr Gly Arg Asn Gln Leu
      820                      825                      830

Pro His Asn Ser Met Asp Asp Lys Asp Leu Asp Ser Arg Val Ser Asp
      835                      840                      845

Glu Phe Asp Asp Asp Glu Phe Asp Glu Asp Glu Phe Glu Asp
      850                      855                      860

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<210> SEQ ID NO 20

<211> LENGTH: 891

<212> TYPE: PRT

<213> ORGANISM: Mus musculus

<400> SEQUENCE: 20

Met Asn Tyr Val Gly Gln Leu Ala Gly Gln Val Phe Val Thr Val Lys

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1	5	10	15
Glu Leu Tyr Lys Gly Leu Asn Pro Ala Thr Leu Ser Gly Cys Ile Asp	20	25	30
Ile Ile Val Ile Arg Gln Pro Asn Gly Ser Leu Gln Cys Ser Pro Phe	35	40	45
His Val Arg Phe Gly Lys Met Gly Val Leu Arg Ser Arg Glu Lys Val	50	55	60
Val Asp Ile Glu Ile Asn Gly Glu Ser Val Asp Leu His Met Lys Leu	65	70	75
Gly Asp Asn Gly Glu Ala Phe Phe Val Gln Glu Thr Asp Asn Asp Gln	85	90	95
Glu Ile Ile Pro Met Tyr Leu Ala Thr Ser Pro Ile Leu Ser Glu Gly	100	105	110
Ala Ala Arg Met Glu Ser Gln Leu Lys Arg Asn Ser Val Asp Arg Ile	115	120	125
Arg Cys Leu Asp Pro Thr Thr Ala Ala Gln Gly Leu Pro Pro Ser Asp	130	135	140
Thr Pro Ser Thr Gly Ser Leu Gly Lys Lys Arg Arg Lys Arg Arg Arg	145	150	155
Lys Ala Gln Leu Asp Asn Leu Lys Arg Asp Asp Asn Val Asn Ser Ser	165	170	175
Glu Asp Glu Asp Met Phe Pro Ile Glu Met Ser Ser Asp Glu Asp Thr	180	185	190
Ala Pro Met Asp Gly Ser Arg Thr Leu Pro Asn Asp Val Pro Pro Phe	195	200	205
Gln Asp Asp Ile Pro Lys Glu Asn Phe Pro Ser Ile Ser Thr His Pro	210	215	220
Gln Ser Ala Ser Tyr Pro Ser Ser Asp Arg Glu Trp Ser Pro Ser Pro	225	230	235
Ser Pro Ser Gly Ser Arg Pro Ser Thr Pro Lys Ser Asp Ser Glu Leu	245	250	255
Val Ser Lys Ser Ala Asp Arg Leu Thr Pro Lys Asn Asn Leu Glu Met	260	265	270
Leu Trp Leu Trp Gly Glu Leu Pro Gln Ala Ala Lys Ser Ser Ser Pro	275	280	285
His Lys Met Lys Glu Ser Ser Pro Leu Gly Ser Arg Lys Thr Pro Asp	290	295	300
Lys Met Asn Phe Gln Ala Ile His Ser Glu Ser Ser Asp Thr Phe Ser	305	310	315
Asp Gln Ser Pro Thr Met Ala Arg Gly Leu Leu Ile His Gln Ser Lys	325	330	335
Ala Gln Thr Glu Met Gln Phe Val Asn Glu Glu Asp Leu Glu Ser Leu	340	345	350
Gly Ala Ala Ala Pro Pro Ser Pro Val Ala Glu Glu Leu Lys Ala Pro	355	360	365
Tyr Pro Asn Thr Ala Gln Ser Ser Ser Lys Thr Asp Ser Pro Ser Arg	370	375	380
Lys Lys Asp Lys Arg Ser Arg His Leu Gly Ala Asp Gly Val Tyr Leu	385	390	395
Asp Asp Leu Thr Asp Met Asp Pro Glu Val Ala Ala Leu Tyr Phe Pro	405	410	415
Lys Asn Gly Asp Pro Gly Gly Leu Pro Lys Gln Ala Ser Asp Asn Val	420	425	430

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Ala Arg Ser Ala Asn Gln Ser Pro Gln Ser Val Gly Gly Ser Gly Ile		
435	440	445
Asp Ser Gly Val Glu Ser Thr Ser Asp Ser Leu Arg Asp Leu Pro Ser		
450	455	460
Ile Ala Ile Ser Leu Cys Gly Gly Leu Ser Asp His Arg Glu Ile Thr		
465	470	475 480
Lys Asp Ala Phe Leu Glu Gln Ala Val Ser Tyr Gln Gln Phe Ala Asp		
485	490	495
Asn Pro Ala Ile Ile Asp Asp Pro Asn Leu Val Val Lys Val Gly Asn		
500	505	510
Lys Tyr Tyr Asn Trp Thr Thr Ala Ala Pro Leu Leu Leu Ala Met Gln		
515	520	525
Ala Phe Gln Lys Pro Leu Pro Lys Ala Thr Val Glu Ser Ile Met Arg		
530	535	540
Asp Lys Met Pro Lys Lys Gly Gly Arg Trp Trp Phe Ser Trp Arg Gly		
545	550	555 560
Arg Asn Ala Thr Ile Lys Glu Glu Ser Lys Pro Glu Gln Cys Leu Thr		
565	570	575
Gly Lys Gly His Asn Thr Gly Glu Gln Pro Ala Gln Leu Gly Leu Ala		
580	585	590
Thr Arg Ile Lys His Glu Ser Ser Ser Ser Asp Glu Glu His Ala Ala		
595	600	605
Ala Lys Pro Ser Gly Ser Ser His Leu Ser Leu Leu Ser Asn Val Ser		
610	615	620
Tyr Lys Lys Thr Leu Arg Leu Thr Ser Glu Gln Leu Lys Ser Leu Lys		
625	630	635 640
Leu Lys Asn Gly Pro Asn Asp Val Val Phe Ser Val Thr Thr Gln Tyr		
645	650	655
Gln Gly Thr Cys Arg Cys Glu Gly Thr Ile Tyr Leu Trp Asn Trp Asp		
660	665	670
Asp Lys Val Ile Ile Ser Asp Ile Asp Gly Thr Ile Thr Arg Ser Asp		
675	680	685
Thr Leu Gly His Ile Leu Pro Thr Leu Gly Lys Asp Trp Thr His Gln		
690	695	700
Gly Ile Ala Lys Leu Tyr His Lys Val Ser Gln Asn Gly Tyr Lys Phe		
705	710	715 720
Leu Tyr Cys Ser Ala Arg Ala Ile Gly Met Ala Asp Met Thr Arg Gly		
725	730	735
Tyr Leu His Trp Val Asn Glu Arg Gly Thr Val Leu Pro Gln Gly Pro		
740	745	750
Leu Leu Leu Ser Pro Ser Ser Leu Phe Ser Ala Leu His Arg Glu Val		
755	760	765
Ile Glu Lys Lys Pro Glu Lys Phe Lys Val Gln Cys Leu Thr Asp Ile		
770	775	780
Lys Asn Leu Phe Phe Pro Asn Thr Glu Pro Phe Tyr Ala Ala Phe Gly		
785	790	795 800
Asn Arg Pro Ala Asp Val Tyr Ser Tyr Lys Gln Val Gly Val Ser Leu		
805	810	815
Asn Arg Ile Phe Thr Val Asn Pro Lys Gly Glu Leu Val Gln Glu His		
820	825	830
Ala Lys Thr Asn Ile Ser Ser Tyr Val Arg Leu Cys Glu Val Val Asp		
835	840	845

-continued

His	Val	Phe	Pro	Leu	Leu	Lys	Arg	Ser	His	Ser	Cys	Asp	Phe	Pro	Cys
850						855					860				
Ser	Asp	Thr	Phe	Ser	Asn	Phe	Thr	Phe	Trp	Arg	Glu	Pro	Leu	Pro	Pro
865					870					875					880
Phe	Glu	Asn	Gln	Asp	Met	His	Ser	Ala	Ser	Ala					
				885					890						

The invention claimed is:

1. A cDNA or recombinant vector comprising:

(a) a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein that consists of an amino acid sequence having deletion, substitution, or addition of 1-50 amino acids in the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 and has a phosphatidic acid phosphatase activity; or

(b) a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein that consists of an amino acid sequence having an identity of 95% or more with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 and has a phosphatidic acid phosphatase activity, wherein 100 amino acids at the N-terminus and the DXDX(T/V) catalytic site motif in the protein are identical to SEQ ID NO: 2.

2. A cDNA or recombinant vector comprising:

(a) a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein that consists of an amino acid sequence having deletion, substitution, or addition of 1-50 amino acids in the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 and has an activity that enhances generation of diacylglycerol (DG) and/or triglyceride (TG) from phosphatidic acid (PA) in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain; or

(b) a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein that consists of an amino acid sequence having an identity of 95% or

more with the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2 and has an activity that enhances generation of DG and/or TG from PA in a PAH1-deficient yeast strain,

wherein 100 amino acids at the N-terminus and the DXDX(T/V) catalytic site motif in the protein are identical to SEQ ID NO: 2.

3. A cDNA or recombinant vector comprising a nucleic acid sequence according to any one of (a) to (d) below:

(a) the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 1;

(b) a nucleotide sequence encoding a protein consisting of the amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 2;

(c) the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 4; and

(d) the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 5.

4. An isolated transformant transformed with the recombinant vector according to claim 1.

5. A method for producing a lipid composition, comprising:

culturing the transformant according to claim 4; and collecting a lipid from the culture,

wherein the lipid comprises diacylglycerol (DG) and/or triglyceride (TG).

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